# SCHEDULE T - PREMIUMS AND ANNUITY CONSIDERATIONS

## ALLOCATED BY STATES AND TERRITORIES

This schedule is intended to exhibit the amount of premium and annuity considerations, and deposit-type contracts allocated to each state. For Life Companies only, this Schedule also provides: (a) the starting point for the calculation of state premium taxes, and (b) the starting point for the calculation of premium-based, state guaranty association assessments. (The basis for such assessments is developed in the Life, Health & Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit, not in Schedule T.) See the instructions to the Life, Health & Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit and Adjustments to the Life, Health, & Annuity Guaranty Association Model Act Assessment Base Reconciliation Exhibit for allocated and unallocated annuities reported in Columns 2.2 and 7.

Report premiums and annuity considerations for life and health contracts and deposit-type contracts a direct business. Exclude contract proceeds left with the reporting entity, such as amounts for supplemental contracts dividend or refund accumulations and other similar items. Dividends or refunds on contracts that are used to pay relewal be and accident and health insurance premiums or annuity considerations should be included in the amounts allocated to the states and territories in Columns 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Refer to SSAP No. 50—Classifications of Insurance or Managed Care Contracts for life. cordent and health and deposittype contract definitions, SSAP No. 51R—Life Contracts and SSAP No. 52—Deposit—type Contracts for accounting guidance.

#### Column 1 - Active Status

Use the following codes to identify the reporting atme's samus for each state or territory reported in the schedule as of the end of the reporting period. Enter a code that applies to the reporting entity's status in the state or territory. Each line must, we are entry in order to subtotal Footnote (a).

L - Licensed or Chartered (License Insurance Carrier and Domiciled Risk Retention Groups

ref rred so, e states as admitted.)

R - Registered Non-a mid Risk Retention Groups)

E - Eligible (Rep. ling Entities eligible or approved to write Surplus Lines in the

state. In some states referred to as nonadmitted.)

Q — Qualified — Qualified or Accredited Reinsurer)

N – None of the above (Not allowed to write business in the state or none of the above codes

apply)

# Column 2 - Life Contracts - Life Inc. rance Premiums

Report premates a received for life insurance and for all supplemental benefits attached to life insurance contracts.

# Column 3 — Life Co., racts - Annuity Considerations

I sport. Located annuity considerations received for contracts that incorporate any mortality or in bidi risk.

## Column 4 dent and Health Insurance Premiums Including Policy, Membership and Other Fees

Accident and health insurance premiums may be reported either on a cash basis or on a written basis. In the latter case, cash basis ledger amounts must be adjusted by due and unpaid premium amounts for each state and territory to which they are allocated.

Include: All Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Coverage, whether sold on a stand-alone

basis or through a Medicare Advantage product and whether sold directly to an

individual or through a group.

Column 4 should balance with either Exhibit 1, Part 1, Lines 6.4, 10.4, 16.4, Columns 8, 9 and 10 or Schedule H, Part 1, Line 1, Column 1.

## Column 5 - Other Considerations

Include: Unallocated annuity considerations and other unallocated deposits which

incorporate any mortality or morbidity risk and are not reported in Columns 2, 3

or 4.

## Column 7 - Deposit-Type Contract Funds

Report deposits and other amounts received for contracts without any mortality or morbidity risk.

Include: Deposits for Guaranteed Investment Contracts and Immedite Anna ties without

life contingencies reported in the Deposit-type Contract Exhic

# \*\* Column 8 will be electronic only \*\*

# Column 8 - Branch Operations Indicator

Include the indicator "B" if any direct premium in the alien prisdiction is written via branch operations. If the premium in the jurisdiction represents be a branch operations and other direct business (e.g., the policyholder or group member residence thang the that jurisdiction), then indicate "B." If there are no branch operations in the jurisdiction than cave blank. The definition of "branch operations" is the definition used by the reporting entity's state of domicile.

# Definitions for the following section Lines 1 - 58 Allocation by state risdic. on

### Resident

A member who occupies a dwelling within a state with a lications that the state is their primary domicile by payment of taxes, voting registration, and other indicators.

## Residence

The domicile location of a member as shown by his or her determination as a resident. In the context of Schedule T, the residence of the policyowner or group in the would equate to the location that the member uses for official documents; information maintained by an empty yer as the home address of the employee would be accepted as a member's residence for allocation proposes.

## Situs of the Contract

The jurisdiction in which the contract is issued or delivered as stated in the contract.

## Rule of 500

For individual and, roup life insurance shall be defined as a premium allocation method for group policies that 1) permits a repering could to allocate premiums and other considerations from a group policy covering fewer than 500 members of the site or territory in which the majority of covered members reside or to the situs of the contract; 2) requires a coording entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from a non-employer group policy covering 50, or more members to the state or territory where each member resides; and 3) requires a reporting entity to the state of the state of territory where group policy covering 500 or more members to the state of territory where each member resides or is employed.

For individual and group health insurance shall be defined as a premium allocation method for group policies that 1) permits a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from a non-employer group policy covering fewer than 500 members to the jurisdiction in which the majority of covered members reside or to the situs of the contract; 2) permits a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from an employer group policy covering fewer than 500 members to the jurisdiction in which the majority of covered members reside or are employed or to the situs of the contract; 3) requires a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from a non-employer group policy covering 500 or more members to the jurisdiction where each member resides; and 4) requires a reporting entity to allocate premiums and other considerations from an employer group policy covering 500 or more members to the jurisdiction where each member resides or is employed.

#### Members

A person, employee, retiree, etc., that qualifies for and is covered under a group insurance policy. No consideration should be given to a member's dependents for counting the number of members in a group or in allocating premium and other considerations to the various state and territories.

### Lines 1 – 58 Allocation by states and territories for individual and group life insurance

The instructions are minimum allocation standards. More detailed methods of allocation are acceptable, as long as they still encompass the minimum allocation instructions. Methods of allocation that better report the actual risk location by state are encouraged.

For individual policies, allocate and report premium and other considerations to a state of print by based on the residence of the policyowner, insured or payer. Use of policyowner, insured or payer residence is ould be established by company policy and must be consistently applied to all individual policies and reporting periods.

For group policies not provided by an employer, allocate and report premium and the considerations to a state or territory based on the residence of each group member. A group policy covering that than 500 members may allocate all group premiums to the state or territory where the greatest number of the property reside or to the situs of the contract (Rule of 500).

For group policies provided by an employer, allocate and report provided by an employer covering fewer than 500 members, the premium may be allocated to the state or territory based on the residence or employment location of the greatest number of covered maybers are to the situs of the contract (Rule of 500).

For group insurance sold through associations or trusts. Hocan and report premium and other considerations on a basis similar to group policies. Apply the Rule of 500 to the association or trust policy first. An association or trust policy covering fewer than 500 members may allocate all remiums to the state or territory where the greatest number of members reside or work or to the first of the command. Regardless of the number of groups or employers under the association or trust policy, if the association or rust policy has more than 500 covered members, apply the Rule of 500 at the level of each group and en bloyer in determining the allocation of the premium. The determination of state and territory allocation of each group or employer should be added to the determination of state and territory allocation of each group or employer a under the association or trust policy to come up with the total allocation of premium. Do not report all association or trust business in one state or territory unless all covered members of the association or trust side in one state, in fact or by operation of the Rule of 500. If the group is a collection of employers, do not control of premiums in one state or territory unless all of the covered employees reside or work in one state), in fact or a operation of the Rule of 500.

Example of an association policy that covers a group of employers: If the association policy covers more than 500 members, e. h employer would be reviewed to determine if coverage is provided through the association folicy for more than 500 members. If an employer has fewer than 500 covered members, the premium for at employer may be reported in one state or territory based on the residence or work location of the min. employees or to the situs of the contract. If an employer covers more than 500 members through the association policy, the premium would be reported based on the residence or employment which of such member. The determination for each employer would be added to the determinations for all to other employers that provide coverage to employees through the association policy.

Report of entities must have procedures to capture and maintain changes in a member's residence and/or employment location and/or policyowner location when notified through renewals or other procedures and must use the changes to allocate premium and other considerations. It is not necessary to anticipate unreported changes in allocation at any specific reporting date.

For all group policies, the premium and other considerations associated with a member should be the basis of determining the amount of premium to report in a jurisdiction. If information is not available to associate a specific premium to each member, an allocation can be made based on the number of covered persons in a state or territory compared to the total number of the group's covered members and apply that ratio to the total group premium and other considerations.

## Lines 1 – 58 Allocation by jurisdictions for individual and group health insurance

The instructions are minimum allocation standards. More detailed methods of allocation are acceptable, as long as they still encompass the minimum allocation instructions. Methods of allocation that better reflect the actual risk location by jurisdiction are encouraged. The method should be established by company policy and must be consistently applied to all policies within each type and for all reporting periods.

For individual policies, allocate and report premium and other considerations to the jurisdiction based on the residence of the policyowner, insured or payer or on the situs of the contract.

For group policies not provided by an employer, allocate and report premiums and other constructions to the jurisdiction based on the Rule of 500, or on the situs of the contract.

For group policies provided by an employer, allocate and report premiums and oner considerations to the jurisdiction based on the Rule of 500, location of employer or on the situs of the contract

If using the Rule of 500 for group insurance sold through an association or trust, a folloting instructions apply:

Apply the Rule of 500 to the association or trust policy first. If the association or trust policy has more than 500 covered members, apply the Rule of 500 at the level of each group of employer in determining the allocation of the premium. The determination of jurisdiction of each group or employer should be added to the determination of jurisdiction allocation of each group or employer under the association or trust policy to come up with the total allocation of premium. To not report all association or trust business in one state unless all covered members of the association of trust, eside in one state, in fact or by operation of the Rule of 500. If the group is a collection of employers, or not report all premiums in one jurisdiction unless all of the covered employees reside or wor. To one state, in fact or by operation of the Rule of 500.

Example of an association policy that covers a group of employers: If the association policy covers more than 500 members, each copy yer would be reviewed to determine if coverage is provided through the association, clicy for more than 500 members. If an employer has less than 500 covered members, the precious for that employer may be reported in one state based on the Rule of 500. If an employer covers more than 500 members through the association policy, the premiums would be reported based on the residence or employment location of each member. The determination for each employers would be added to the determinations for all the other employers that provide coverage to employees through the association policy.

Where applicable, reporting entities out have procedures to capture and maintain changes in allocation when notified through renewals or over procedures and must use the changes to adjust the allocation of premiums and other considerations in subscript ancial statements. It is not necessary to anticipate unreported changes in allocation at any specific ports. dec.

If allocating precious to mumple jurisdictions under group policies, the premiums and other considerations associated with a rice per should be the basis of determining the amount of premium to report in a jurisdiction. If information is not evaluable to associate a specific premium to each member, an allocation can be made based on the number of covered persons in a jurisdiction compared to the total number of the group's covered members and apply that ratio to the total group premiums and other considerations.

The allocation at body tablished by the reporting entity in compliance with these instructions and the instructions of the domiciliary stars should be consistently applied to all policies and reporting periods.

The data reported \( \text{M} \) Schedule T of the annual statement may or may not be used for the calculation of the amount of premium tax due to a state/jurisdiction. Individual states/jurisdictions may require a separate schedule to support premium tax calculations.

NOTE: Existing state laws and regulations need to be considered when applying these instructions.

# Line 58 - Aggregate Other Alien

Enter the total of the write-ins listed in schedule "Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 58 for Other Alien." All U.S. business must be allocated by state regardless of license status.

# Line 90 – Reporting Entity Contributions for Employee Benefit Plans

Report the reporting entity's share of costs for employee benefit plans. Exclude any premiums paid by employees; these should be allocated to the states as above.

## Line 91 – Dividends or Refunds Applied to Purchase Paid-Up Additions and Annuities

Report dividends or refunds and benefit payments applied to purchase additional a counts of paid-up insurance or annuities. Dividends or refunds and benefit payments, i stialty left on deposit to accumulate at interest, but later used to provide paid-up additions or annuit is or to thorten endowment or premium-paying period, should not be included here, but should be actual in Columns 2 and 3 and distributed by states for those states which allowed the dividends or affunds to be deducted in calculating premium taxes. For other states, separate totals similar to the refor dividends or refunds so applied may be shown.

# Line 92 — Dividends or Refunds Applied to Shorten Endowment or Parisin. Lying Period

Entries should be calculated on the same basis as for the 91 Dividends or refunds applied to pay renewal premiums and consideration for annuities in 4 and be included in Columns 2 and 3 and distributed by states. Any reinsurance amounts of ould be excluded (included in Line 96 or Line 98 below).

# Premiums or Annuity Considerations Waited Under Disability or Other Contract Provisions

Premiums or annuity considerations raived prider disability or other contract provisions should be shown here in one sum and no me. "Jed", the distribution by states.

## Line 94 – Aggregate Other Amounts N.: Allocab e By State

Enter the total of the write-ins liste. in schedule "Details of Write-ins Aggregated at Line 94 for Other Amounts Not Allocable By State."

Reinsurance amounts a vula be excluded.

### Line 95 - Totals (Dire Bus no

Total of Lines 59 twough 94.

## Line 96 - Plus Peins rance Assumed

I smium for reinsurance assumed, including any premium considerations waived under disability comment provisions or reinsurance assumed, and any dividends applied to purchase paid-up additions or horten the premium-paying period on reinsurance assumed.

The reporting entity's share of reinsurance for the Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan and the Servicemen's Group Life Insurance Plan may be included here or may be included in the amounts for the individual states if such a breakdown is available, or in Line 58.

## Line 97 – Totals (All Business)

Total of Lines 95 and 96.

#### Line 98 - Less Reinsurance Ceded

Premiums paid for reinsurance ceded, including any premium considerations waived under disability contract provisions on reinsurance ceded, and any dividends applied to purchase paid-up additions or to shorten the premium-paying period on reinsurance ceded.

## Line 99 – Totals (All Business) Less Reinsurance Ceded

Line 97 minus Line 98.

The sum of Columns 2 and 3 should agree with Exhibit 1, Lines 6.4 plus 10.4 plus co. Column 1 less Columns 8, 9, 10 and 11.

# Details of Write-ins Aggregated on Line 58 for Other Alien

List separately each alien jurisdiction for which there is no pre-printed in. on thedule T

If the premium from an alien jurisdiction is due to relocation of or rent, alies/holders, the amount may be aggregated and reported as "Other Alien." Premiums from jurn tictions in which there is active writing must be reported by jurisdiction and include premium. On relocated policyholders residing in the respective jurisdiction.

Identify each alien jurisdiction by using a <a href="three-cnaract">three-cnaract</a> (ISC Alpha 3) country code followed by the name of the country (e.g., DEU Germany). For permit in that can be aggregated and reported as "Other Alien" as stated in the previous paragraph use "a Z" for the country code and "Other Alien" for the country name. A comprehensive list, of country codes is available in the appendix of these instructions.

Include summary of remaining wite-in 10 to 58 from the Overflow page on the separate line indicated.

# Details of Write-ins Aggregated on Line 94 for Or or Amour's Not Allocable By State

List separately items which have been credited to the premium account that are properly not allocable to a specific state or states, and which do not fit the descriptions on Lines 90 to 93. Descriptions must be sufficient to clearly visclose the nature of the items listed. Descriptions such as "Miscellaneous" are not permitted.

Include su iman of rer aining write-ins for Line 94 from the Overflow page on the separate line indicated.

### Explanation of basis of all tration by states, etc., of premiums and annuity considerations

Provide a detailed explanation of the by-state and by-territory allocation of premium and other considerations used by the reporting entire. The explanation should be detailed enough to determine compliance with state laws and regulations.

#### Footnote (all

Provide e total of each active status code in Column 1. The sum of all the counts of all active status codes should equal 57.

## SCHEDULE T - PART 2

# INTERSTATE COMPACT -EXHIBIT OF PREMIUMS WRITTEN ALLOCATED BY STATES AND TERRITORIES

This exhibit is to be completed by all reporting entities. The purpose of the Interstate Compact is to promote and protect the interest of consumers of individual and group annuity, life insurance, disability income and long-term care insurance products through establishing a central clearinghouse to receive and provide prompt review of insurance products covered under the Compact pursuant to adopted uniform product standards. The Interstate Compact uses premium volume information statutorily reported to the NAIC for several purposes including the composition of the Compact Commission Management Committee. Data to be reported on this schedule should include all premiums for that line of business, not just for those policies that apply to the Compact.

Report direct business only.

Report premiums based on the instructions for allocating premiums between lines of a sine, and jurisdictions for Schedule T.

#### Column 1 - Life Insurance

Life insurance is insurance primarily for the purpose of contage auman lives, including incidental benefits. The primary purpose of life insurance is to provide financial assistance to a beneficiary at the insured's death.

## Column 2 — Annuities

An annuity is a contract the primary purpose of which is to obligate a reporting entity to make periodic payments, including incidental benefits. An annuity contract is an arrangement whereby an annuitant is guaranteed to receive a series of stigulat the note its commencing either immediately or at some future date.

Report only annuities with a ortality at Vor morbidity risk.

# Column 3 - Disability Income

Disability income insurence is insurance primarily for the purpose of coverage that provides payments when an insured is disabled or unable to work because of illness, disease or injury, including incidental benefits. Policies may provide monthly benefits for loss of income from disability, either on a short-term of a long-term basis.

#### Column 4 - Long-Term Car

Long are insurance is insurance primarily for the purpose of providing coverage when the insured is purple to perform specified activities of daily living or related functions, or have a cognitive impairment, including incidental benefits. Long-term care contracts represent any contract or policy in let providing coverage for not less than 12 consecutive months for each covered person for one or more necessary diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance or personal care so tices, provided in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital. Under long-term care contracts, the insured event is generally the inability of the contract holder to perform certain activities of daily living.

# Column 5 - Deposit-Type Contracts

A deposit-type contract is one that does not subject the reporting entity to any risks arising from policyholder mortality or morbidity. A mortality or morbidity risk is present if, under the terms of the contract, the reporting entity is required to make payments or forego required premiums contingent upon the death or disability (in the case of life and disability insurance contracts) or the continued survival (in the case of annuity contracts) of a specific individual or group of individuals. As such, deposit-type contracts are more comparable to financial or investment instruments, rather than insurance contracts.

Refer to SSAP No. 50—Classifications of Insurance or Managed Care Contracts one SSAP No. 52— Deposit-Type Contracts for accounting guidance.

# Line 58 - Aggregate Other Alien

Enter the total of all alien business in the appropriate columns. Details by your are not required.

#### Life and Fraternal

#### Line 59 - Totals

Column 1 amount should equal Schedule T, Line 59, 1 mn 2:

Column 2 amount should equal Schedule T, Line 59. Column

Column 5 amount should equal Schedule T, Line 12. Column 7

Not for Distribution

# SCHEDULE Y – INFORMATION CONCERNING ACTIVITIES OF INSURER MEMBERS OF A HOLDING COMPANY GROUP

# PART 1 - ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

The term "holding company group" includes members of a holding company system and controlled groups.

All insurer and reporting entity members of a holding company group shall prepare a common schedule for inclusion in each of the individual annual statements. If the company is required to file a registration statement under the provisions of the domiciliary state's Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act, then Schedule Y, Part 1, Organizational Chart must be included in the annual statement. See SSAP No. 25—Affiliates and Other Related Parties for further in on. vion.

NOTE: If the reporting entity completes this schedule, it should have answered "YES" to General Interrogatories, Part 1, Question 1.1.

Attach a chart or listing presenting the identities of and interrelationships between the part to a chart included insurers and reporting entities; and other affiliates, identifying all insurers and reporting entities as such and list to the Federal Employer's Identification Number for each. The NAIC company code and two-character state abbreviation. The state of domicile should be included for all domestic insurers. The relationships of the holding company group—the ultimate controlling person (if such person is outside the reported holding company) should be shown. Only the e-companies that were a member of a holding company group at the end of the reporting period should be shown on Self-tible—that 1, Organizational Chart.

Where interrelationships are a 50%/50% ownership, footnote any voting rights preto incest natione of the entities may have.

However, any person(s) (that includes natural person) deemed to be as altimate controlling person, must be included in the organizational chart. The Social Security number for individual persons should not be included on this schedule.



## SCHEDULE Y

# PART 1A – DETAIL OF INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEM

All insurer and reporting entity members of the holding company system shall prepare a schedule for inclusion in each of the individual annual statements that is common for the group with the exception of Column 10, Relationship to Reporting Entity.

NOTE: If the reporting entity completes this schedule, it should have answered "YES" to General Interrogatories, Part 1,

Question 1.1.

Column 1 - Group Code

If not applicable for the entity in Column 8, leave blank.

Column 2 - Group Name

If not applicable for the entity in Column 8, leave blank.

Column 3 - NAIC Company Code

If not applicable, the NAIC Company Code field show ' e zero filled.

Column 4 - ID Number

Enter one of the following as appropriate of the untity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule F (Property and Title) or Schedule S. Life raternal and Health) General Instructions for more information on these identification; ambers.

Federal Employer Identification Number	(FEIN)	
Alien Insurer Identification volume	(AIIN)	٠
Certified Reinsurer Ide affication Tumber	(CRIN)	٠

\* AIINs or CRINs are on the first are intensived if the entity in Column 8 is a reinsurer that has had an AIIN or CRIN number assigned or should have one assigned due to transactions being reported on Schedule F (P operty and Title) or Schedule S (Life\Fraternal and Health) of another entity regardless of whither the entity in Column 8 is part of reporting entity's group.

If not apple able or the citity in Column 8, leave blank.

Column 5 - Federal RSSD

RSSI, the primary identifier for the Federal Reserve's National Information Center (NIC) of the entity in C. by an 8, if applicable.

Column 6 - A Column 6

tral Index Key (CIK) (for example the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) or any other exchange) of the entity in Column 8, if applicable.

Only provide the CIK issued for a publicly traded entity in Column 8. Do not provide a CIK issued for a variable insurance product written by the entity in Column 8.

If the name of a securities exchange is provided for Column 7, then a CIK should be provided for Column 6.

# Column 7 – Name of Securities Exchange if Publicly Traded (U.S. or International)

If the entity in Column 8 is publicly traded either in the U.S. or internationally, list the name of the securities exchange (e.g., New York Stock Exchange).

For companies traded on more than one exchange, show the U.S. exchange if traded both in the U.S. and internationally; otherwise show the primary exchange.

The listing of most stock exchanges can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or at the following Web address:

www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

If a CIK is provided for Column 6, then the name of a securities exchange should be provided for Column 7.

## Column 8 - Name of Parent, Subsidiaries or Affiliates

Names of all insurers and parent, subsidiaries or affiliates, insurance and non-insurance, in the insurance holding company system.

# Each company within the group may be listed more an one if control is not 100%.

For example, if Company A is 50% controlled by a unpany B and 50% controlled by Company C, Company A would be listed twice with detail about Company B's control in Columns 10 through 14 and 16 on the first line and detail about Contp. by C's control in Columns 10 through 14 and 16 on the second line.

# Column 9 - Domiciliary Location

Report the two-character U.S. posts, code observiation for the domiciliary jurisdiction for U.S. states, territories and possessions of comprehensive listing of three-character (ISO Alpha 3) abbreviations for foreign countries is available on the appropriate of these instructions.

# Column 10 - Relationship to Reporting Entity

Use the most applicable of the following codes to describe the relationship of the entity in Column 8 to the reporting entity for thick the filing is made.

## Relationship ode.

UDP Upstream Direct Parent

IP = Upstream Indirect Parent

DS = Downstream Subsidiary

D = Insurance Affiliate

NA = Non-Insurance Affiliate

OTH = Other (explain relationship in the footnote line)

RE = Reporting Entity

LAH/Fraternal 2019

# Column 11 - Directly Controlled by (Name of Entity/Person)

Name of the person/entity that directly controls the entity listed in Column 8.

As defined in the *Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act* (#440), the term "control" (including the terms "controlling," "controlled by" and "under common control with") means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or corporate office held by the person. Control shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, a holds proxies representing, ten percent (10%) or more of the voting securities of any other person. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing made in the manner provided by Section 4K that control does not exist in fact. The commissioner may determine, after furnishing all persons in interest notice and opportunity to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support the determination that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effect.

Refer to SSAP No. 25—Affiliates and Other Related Parties.

# Column 12 - Type of Control (Ownership, Board, Management, Attorney-in Fact, It cluence)

Type of control the entity in Column 11 has over the entity in C. lumn 8.

- Ownership
- Board of Directors
- Management
- Attorney In-Fact
- Influence
- Other

# Column 13 - If Control is Ownership, Pr. ide Percel age

If the control the entity in Column 1 has over the entity in Column 8 is ownership, then provide the percentage of ownership. If control is not ownership, report zero. (Format such that 100.0% is shown as 100.0.)

# Column 14 - Ultimate Controlling Entry(ies)/Person(s)

Name of the t. imate Controlling Entity(ies)/Person(s).

As a ned in the *Insurance Holding Company System Model Regulation* (#450), the "ultimate controlling person" is defined as that person which is not controlled by any other person.

# Column 15 - lan SC Filing Required? (Y/N)

swer yes (Y) or no (N) if a SCA (Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated) SUB 1 (initial) or SUB 2 (amoual) filing with the NAIC is required per SSAP No. 97—Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities for the entity in Column 8

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# Column 16 - \*

Using the footnote lines at the bottom of the schedule, provide any footnotes or explanations of intercompany relationships. Insert the footnote line number in Column 16.

Where interrelationships are a 50%/50% ownership, footnote any voting rights preferences that one of the entities may have.

# \*\* Column 17 will be electronic only. \*\*

# Column 17 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned a la designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

## SCHEDULE Y

## PART 2 – SUMMARY OF INSURER'S TRANSACTIONS WITH ANY AFFILIATES

This schedule was designed to provide an overview of transactions among insurance holding company system members. It is intended to demonstrate the scope and direction of major fund and/or surplus flows throughout the system. This schedule should be prepared on an accrual basis.

All insurer and reporting entity members of the holding company system shall prepare a common schedule for inclusion in each of the individual annual statements.

NOTE: If the reporting entity completes this schedule, it should have answered "YES" to General 1 errogat ries, Part 1, Question 1.1.

Include transactions between insurers; and between insurers and non-insurers within the holding compility system. Exclude transactions between non-insurers that do not involve an affiliated insurer. Include all source for dividends, capital contributions and reinsurance recoverable (payable), Columns 4, 5 and 13, respectively, and transactions involving one-half of one percent or more of the largest insurer's admitted assets as of December 31. Exclude transactions of a non-insurer with an affiliated insurance company that are of a routine nature (e.g., the purchase of insurance coverage).

Transactions among holding company system members should only be reported by the contion of the year in which each company to the transaction was a member of the holding company system. It is example, if a member of a holding company system is sold to a party who is not a member of the system on June 30, transactions that occur prior to June 30 between that company and members of the holding company system should be included on Schedule Y, Part 2, Summary of Insurer's Transactions With Any Affiliates. Those transactions that occur on or after June 10 should be reported on Schedule Y, Part 2 of the holding company system that acquired the insurer.

Report the aggregate amount of transactions for the reporting p nod within each category for both the payor and recipient of each transaction. If the insurer is both a payor and a recipient of country in any category, the net of these amounts should be reported on one line. Amounts of transactions that result in a increme in surplus should be shown as positive figures; and, transactions that result in a decrease in surplus should be enclosed in parentheses as negative figures. The total of each column is expected to be zero.

Refer to SSAP No. 25-Affiliates and Other Related F., view or accounting guidance.

If the nature of the transactions reported in Schedule Y, Part 2 requires explanation, report such in an explanatory note immediately following Schedule Y, Part 2,

# Column 2 - ID Number

Enter one of the following as appropriate for the entity being reported on the schedule. See the Schedule F (Property and Title) or Schedule S (Life\Fraternal and Health) General Instructions for more a formation on these identification numbers.

Fee ral Employer Identification Number (F	EIN)
Alic Insurer Identification Number (A	IIN) *
tified Reinsurer Identification Number (C	RIN) *

\* AIIN or CRIN numbers are only reported if the entity in Column 3 is a reinsurer that has had an AIIN or CRIN number assigned or should have one assigned due to transactions being reported on Schedule F (Property and Title) or Schedule S (Life\Fraternal and Health) of another entity regardless of whether the entity in Column 3 is part of reporting entity's group or not.

If not applicable for the entity in Column 3, leave blank.

Column 3 – Names of Insurers and Parent, Subsidiaries or Affiliates

Each company will be represented by a single line containing the net amount of all transactions.

Column 5 - Capital Contributions

Include: Surplus notes.

Column 7 - Income/(Disbursements) Incurred in Connection with Guarantees or Undertakings for the Benefit of

any Affiliate(s)

Exclude: Contingent liabilities. Contingent liabilities should be discussed in the Notes to

the Financial Statements.

Column 8 - Management Agreements and Service Contracts

Include: All revenues/expenditures under managemen reem, its, service contracts, etc.

Contracts for services provided by the insurer or purchased by the insurer from

other affiliates.

All income tax amounts resulting om in recompany tax-sharing arrangements.

All compensation under as ee. ents with affiliated brokers and reinsurance

intermediaries.

Exclude: Any amounts reportable us ler Column 9.

Column 9 — Income/(Disbursements) Incurred Under Column nce Agreements

Include: Experience in ing a funds.

Exclude: Poolin agreeme t amounts.

List the pooling percentage and to name of each insurer in each pool in an explanatory note in the space following Scheduc Y, Part 2.

1

Column 10 – \* Column

Place an " on the column to indicate insurers that participate in a pooling agreement with affiliated

insurers.

Column 11 - Any (In er Material Activity not in the Ordinary Course of the Insurer's Business

clude. Intercompany loans, to the extent that these loans are not repaid at year-end.

Exe...e: Those transactions that are of a routine nature (e.g., the purchase of insurance

coverage and cost allocation transactions that are based upon Generally

Accepted Accounting Principles).

# Column 13 - Reinsurance Recoverable/(Payable) on Losses and/or Reserve Credit Taken/(Liability)

The purpose of this column is to show the net effect on surplus of reinsurance transactions with affiliates, and should represent the net (ceded less assumed) of the following amounts from Schedule F (P&C, Title) or Schedule S (Life, Health and other reporting entity), as appropriate:

#### Property/Casualty – Schedule F. Parts 1 and 3, affiliated amounts only

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on Paid Losses -

Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 3, Column 43 and Schedule F, r et 1, Column 6 multiplied by 1000 (Affiliates Only).

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on Unpaid Losses -

Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 3, Columns 9 through 12 a Schedule F, Part 1, Column 7 multiplied by 1000 (Affiliates Only).

Unearned Premiums —

Should agree with net of Schedule F, Part 3, Cob. 13 siplied by 1000 plus Schedule F, Part 1, Column 11 multiplied by 1000 (Affilm Only).

## Title - Schedule F, Parts 1 and 2, affiliated amorats only

Reinsurance Recoverable (Payable) on I Los s -

Should agree with net of Schedule F. Par. 1, Column 7 and Schedule F, Part 2, Column 8 (Affiliates only).

Reinsurance Recoverable a ay. le) o Unpaid Losses -

Should agree with at of Self dule F, Part 1, Column 8 and Schedule F, Part 2, Column 9 (Affiliates only).

# Life\Fraternal and P alth - Schedule S, Part 1, Section 1; Part 1, Section 2; Part 2; Part 3, Section 1 and Part 3, Section 2; affiliated amounts only

Reinst ance Recove able (Payable) on Paid and Unpaid Losses -

Should orce with Schedule S, Part 2, Columns 6 and 7 minus the sum of Schedule S, Part 1, Section 1, Column 11 and Schedule S, Part 1, Section 2, Column 11 (Affiliates only).

Peser Credit Taken (Liability) -

should agree with Schedule S, Part 3, Section 1, Column 9 minus Schedule S, Part 1, Section 1, Column 9 (Affiliates only).

Unearned Premiums —

Should agree with Schedule S, Part 3, Section 2, Column 9 minus Schedule S, Part 1, Section 2, Column 9 (Affiliates only).

Reserve Credit Taken (Liability) Other Than for Uneamed Premiums -

Should agree with Schedule S, Part 3, Section 2, Column 10 minus Schedule S, Part 1, Section 2, Column 10 (Affiliates only).



# INVESTMENT SCHEDULES GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

(Applies to all investment schedules)

The following definitions apply to the investment schedules.

SAP Book Value (Defined in Glossary of Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual):

Original Cost, including capitalized acquisition costs and accumulated depreciation, unamortized premium and discount, deferred origination and commitment fees, direct write-downs, and increase/decrease by adjustment.

SAP Carrying Value (Defined in Glossary of Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual):

The SAP Book Value plus accrued interest and reduced by any valuation alls wance (IF APPLICABLE) and any nonadmitted adjustment applied to the individual investment. Carning V lue is used in the determination of impairment.

## Adjusted Carrying Value:

Carrying Value amount adjusted to remove any accrued interest and to add back any of the following amounts: individual nonadmitted amounts, individual value as ances (IF APPLICABLE), and aggregate valuation allowance (IF APPLICABLE). In fact, to a sequivalent to the definition of SAP Book Value (not to be confused with the old "Book Value" reported in the annual statement blanks for data years 2000 and prior).

## Recorded Investment:

The SAP Book Value (Adjusted Carrying Val. e) plus accrued interest.

The information included in the investment schedules shall be bealen down to the level of detail as required when all columns and rows are considered together unless of level of adversed in specific instructions. For example, on Schedule D Part 4, a reporting entity is required to list the CU 1P book a finisted carrying value, among other things. The reporting entity would only be required to break this information of the new level of detail if the information was inaccurate if reported in the aggregate. Thus, the reporting entity would not a required to break the information down by lot (information for each individual purchase) and could utilize the information for book/adjusted carrying value using an average cost basis, or some other method, provided the underlying data a ported in that cell was calculated in accordance with the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual. However, reporting at titles are not precluded from reporting the information at a more detailed level (by lot) if not opposed by their do near a commissioner.

"To Be Announced" securities (common transferred to as TBAs) are to be reported in Schedule D unless the structure of the security more closely resembles a dementive, as defined within SSAP No. 86—Derivatives, in which case the security should be reported on Schedule ΩB. The exact pracement of TBAs in the investment schedules depends upon how a company uses TBA.

For Rabbi Trusts, refer SSA. No. 104R—Share-Based Payments for accounting guidance.

For the Foreign Code columns in Schedules D and DA, the following codes should be used:

"A" For Canadian securities issued in Canada and denominated in U.S. dollars.

"B" For those securities that meet the definition of foreign provided in the Supplement Investment Risk Interrogatories and pay in a currency OTHER THAN U.S. dollars.

"C" For foreign securities issued in the U.S. and denominated in U.S. dollars.

"D" For those securities that meet the definition of a foreign as provided in the Supplement Investment Risk Interrogatories and denominated in U.S. dollars (e.g., Yankee Bonds or Eurodollar bonds).

Leave blank for those securities that do not meet the criteria for the use of "A", "B", "C" or "D

Derivatives (Schedule DB); repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements (Schedule DA); and see vittle borrowing and securities lending transactions (Schedule DL) shall be shown gross when reported in the invistment schedules. If these transactions are permitted to be reported net in accordance with SSAP No. 64—Offsettic a and Nothing of Assets and Liabilities, the investment schedule shall continue to provide detail of all transactions (g. s), with the net amount from the valid right to offset reflected in the financial statements (pages 2 and 3 of the statutory financial statements). Disclosures for items reported net when a valid right to offset exists including the gross amount, the mount offset and the net amount reported in the financial statements are required per SSAP No. 64—Offsetting and Nothing of the sets and Liabilities.

For the columns that disclose information regarding investments that are of under the exclusive control of the reporting entity, and also including assets loaned to others, the following codes should be used:

LS - Loaned or leased to others

RA - Subject to repurchase agreement

RR – Subject to reverse repurchase agreement

DR – Subject to dollar repurchase agreement

DRR – Subject to dollar reverse represe agreement

C – Pledged as collateral – er duding colliteral pledged to FHLB

CF – Pledged as collateral to FHL. (including assets backing funding agreements)

DB – Pledged under an optin agreement

DBP – Pledged under an optil agreement involving "asset transfers with put options"

R – Letter stock or otherwise restricted as to sale – excluding FHLB capital stock

(Note: A vate placements are not to be included unless specific restrictions as to sale, re included as part of the security agreement.)

RF - FI capital stock

SD - Pledger, in deposit with state or other regulatory body

M — Not ut fer the exclusive control of the reporting entity for multiple reasons

SS - S. sale of a security

O ther

The following is the description of the General and Specific Classifications used for reporting the detail lines for bonds and stocks.

## General Classifications Bonds Only:

Refer to SSAP No. 26R—Bonds, SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities and SSAP No. 97—Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities for additional guidance.

### U.S. Government:

U.S. Government shall be defined as U.S. Government Obligations as defined per the *Purp ses and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office* Part Two, Section 4:

# (i) Filing Exemption for Direct Claims on, or Backed Full Faith and Cred of the United States

"U.S. Government Obligations" means all direct claims (including secur. ins., and leases) on, and the portions of claims that are directly and unconditionally arranted by the United States Government or its agencies.

"U.S. Government agency" means an instrumentality of the e.S. Government the debt obligations of which are fully guaranteed as to the timely payment of printipal a Minterest by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. This category includes in a Minter claims on, and the portions of claims that are directly and unconditionally guaranteed w, the United States Government agencies listed below, claims collateralized by securities is a fair guaranteed by the U.S. government agencies listed below for which a positive margin of collaboration and a daily basis, fully taking into account any change in the insurance companies appoint to the obligor or counterparty under a claim in relation to the market value of the collateral had in support of that claim.

## All Other Governments:

This includes bond investments issued by no. U.s. governments, including bonds of political subdivisions and special revenue. This includes boy a issued by utilities owned by non-U.S. governments and bonds fully guaranteed by non-U.S. governments.

# U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Caranteed):

General obligations of these entires (NAIC members), as well as bonds issued by utility companies owned by these entities. NAIC members is composed of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, Northern M. (ann. Islands) Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

#### U.S. Political Subdivisions of Sta. Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed):

General obligations of cities, counties, townships, etc., as well as bonds issued by utility companies owned by these entities

# U.S. Special Reve up an Special Assessment Obligations and All Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Covernments and Their Political Subdivisions:

ose U.S. government issues not listed in Part Six, Section 2(e) of the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NA. Unvestment Analysis Office*, yet included in Part Two, Section 4(e)(ii). This category also includes bonds that are issued by states, territories, possessions and other political subdivisions that are issued for a specific financing project rather than as general obligation bonds. Also include mortgage reference securities that are within the scope of *SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities*.

## Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated):

This category includes all non-governmental issues that do not qualify for some other category in Schedule D, Part 1, including privatized (non-government ownership) utility companies. Include Public Utilities.

#### SVO Identified Funds:

This category includes all Bond Mutual Funds as listed in Part Six, Section 2(h) of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office and Exchange Traded Funds listed in Part Six, Section 2(i) of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office.\_\_

#### Bank Loans

See SSAP No. 26R—Bonds for guidance.

## Hybrid Securities:

Securities whose proceeds are accorded some degree of equity treatment by the primary recognized statistical rating organizations and/or which are recognized as a gulatory capital by the issuer's primary regulatory authority. Hybrid securities are designed with characteristics of debt and of equity and are intended to provide protection to the issuer's senior note holders had be curities products are sometimes referred to as capital securities. Examples of hybrid securities is fluide trust Preferreds, Yankee Tier 1s (with and without coupon step-ups) and debt-equity hybrids (with and without randatory triggers).

This specifically excludes surplus notes, which are report 1 in St. idule BA; subordinated debt issues, which have no coupon deferral features; and "Traditional" potential tooks, which are reported in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1. With respect to preferred stock, traditional potential potential, but are not limited to a) U.S. issuers that do not allow tax deductibility for dividences; and of those issued as preferred stock of the entity or an operating subsidiary, not through a trust or a special capture vehicle.

## Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates:

Defined by SSAP No. 97-Investment, 'n Subsic 2ry, Controlled and Affiliated Entities.

## General Classifications Preferred Stock On v:

Refer to SSAP No. 32-Preferred Stock, no. 4P. Jo. 97-Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities.

# Industrial and Miscellaneous reparts to 1:

All unaffiliated preferred stocks. Include Public Utilities, Banks, Trusts and Insurance Companies. This category include Exchange Traded Funds listed in Part Six, Section 2 of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investor of Analysis Office.

# Parent, Subs. 'iaric and A filiates:

Good b. SSAP No. 97—Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities.

# General Classifications Common Stock Only:

Refer to SSAP No. 30R—Unaffiliated Common Stock and SSAP No. 97—Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities.

# Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated):

All unaffiliated common stocks that are not mutual funds or money market mutual funds. Include Public Utilities, Banks, Trusts and Insurance Companies.

## Mutual Funds:

All investments in shares of funds regulated as mutual funds by the U.S. Securities and Exc. onge Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940. This definition does not include unit in estme 'ts trusts, closed-end funds or hedge funds.

Foreign (non-SEC registered) open-end investment funds governed an outhouted in accordance with regulations established by the applicable foreign jurisdiction. Other foreign jurisdiction, of the foreign jurisdiction of the control of the control

## Unit Investment Trusts:

All investments in shares of funds regulated as unit investment trusts by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

## Closed-End Funds:

All investments in shares of funds regulated as closs end funds by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

#### Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates:

Defined by SSAP No. 97—Investmer's in Subsulary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities.

# General Classifications Cash Equivalents Oly:

Refer to SSAP No. 2R— Cash, Cash Eq. was 's, wafts and Short-Term Investments.

## Money Market Mutual Funds

All investment is shares of sunds regulated as money market mutual funds by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

# Specific Classifications:

# Issuer Obligations:

All bonds not backed by other loans and other assets. Those securities subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 26R—Bonds.

# Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities:

Those securities directly or indirectly secured by liens on one- to four-family residential properties and subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities. Includes prime, Alt-A mortgages, as well as home equity loans and home equity lines of credit.

# Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities:

## Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities:

Those securities subject to the guidance in SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Locked and Structured Securities not included in the definition of Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities or communicial Mortgage-Backed Securities.



# STOCK EXCHANGE LIST

This is not a comprehensive list of stock exchanges. If a stock exchange is not listed, refer to www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml. If a stock exchange is not found in one of the sources above, use a description or abbreviation that accurately identifies the exchange.

Abidjan Stock Exchange	CI	Japanese Securities Dealers Association (JASDAQ)	Q
AEX Options and Futures Exchange	E	Johannesburg Stock Exchange	ĭ
AEX Stock Exchange	AS	Kabu.com PTS	KAB
Alpha Trading Sytems	AL	Karachi Stock Exchange	KA
American Stock Exchange	A	Kazakhstan Stock Exchange	KZ
Amman Stock Exchange	AM	Korea Stock Exchange	KS
Australian Stock Exchange	AX	Korean Futures Exchange	KFE
Bahrain Stock Exchange	BH	KOSDAQ (Korea)	KQ
Barcelona Stock Exchange - CATS Feed	MC	Kuala Lumpur Stock D. bange	KL
Barcelona Stock Exchange - Floor Trading	BC	Kuwait Stock Exchange	KW
Beirut Stock Exchange	BY	Kyoto Stock Exchange	KY
Belfox	ь	Lagos Stock Exchange	LG
Berlin Stock Exchange	BE	Latin American de chemical de contra la contra	LA
Berne Stock Exchange	BN	Le Nouv. Marci	LN
Bilbao Stock Exchange	BL	Lima stock vehar e	LM
BlockBook ATS	BBK	Lishov S. vk E. mange (Portugal)	LS
Bombay Stock Exchange	BO	London Stock Exchange	L
Boston Stock Exchange	В	saka *tock Exchange	LZ.
Botswana Share Market	BT	Lu. mbourg Stock Exchange	LU
Bremen Stock Exchange	BM /	Madra. stock Exchange	MD
Brussels Stock Exchange	BR.	na id Stock Exchange - Floor Trading	MA
Cairo and Alexandria Stock Exchange	CA	Me la Stock Exchange	MT
Calcutta Stock Exchange		Mauritius Stock Exchange	MZ
Canadian Ventures Exchange	V	Medellin Stock Excahnge	ML.
Channel Islands	CH ]	Mexican Stock Exchange	MX
Chicago Board Options Exchange	W	Milan Stock Exchange	MI
Chicago Stock Exchange	$V_{n-1}V$	MONEP Paris Stock Options	p
Chile Electronic Exchange	CE	Montreal Exchange	M
CHI-X Exchange	INS	Moscow Inter Bank Currency Exchange	MM
Cincinnati Stock Exchange	C	Moscow Stock Exchange	MO
Colombo Stock Exchange	CM	Munich Stock Exchange	MU
Copenhagen Stock Exchange	CO	Muscat Stock Exchange	OM
Dehli Stock Exchange	DL	Nagoya Stock Exchange	NG
Doha Securities Market	QA	Nairobi Stock Exchange	NR
Dubai Financial Market	DU	Namibia Stock Exchange	NM
Dubai International Financial Exchange	DI	NASDAQ	OQ
Dusseldorf Stock Exchange	D	NASDAQ Dealers - Bulletin Board	OB
Electronic Stock veha ve of enezuela	EB	NASDAQ Japan	OJ
Frankfurt Stock Exc., nge	F	National Stock Exchange of India	NS
Fukuoka St. Chahan	FU	NewEx (Austria)	NW
Ghana Stock L change	GH	New York Stock Exchange	N
Hamburg Stock L. shange	H	New Zealand Stock Exchange	NZ
Hanover Stock Exchange	HA	NYSE Match Point	MP
Helsinki Stock Exchange	HE	Occidente Stock Exchange	OD
Hong Kong Stock Exchange	HK	Osaka Stock Exchange	os
Iceland Stock Exchange	IC	Oslo Stock Exchange	OL
Interbolsa (Portugal)	IN	Pacific Stock Exchange	P
International Securities Exchange (ISE)	Y	Paris Stock Exchange	PA
Irish Stock Exchange	I	Philadelphia Stock Exchange	PH
Istanbul Stock Exchange	IS	Philadelphia Stock Exchange Options	X
Jakarta Stock Exchange	JK	Phillipine Stock Exchange	PS

Pink Sheets (National Quotation Bureau)	PNK	Sydney Futures Exchange	SFE
Prague Stock Exchange	PR	Taiwan OTC Securities Exchange	TWO
Pure Trading	PT	Taiwan Stock Exchange	TW
RASDAQ (Romania)	RQ	Tallinn Stock Exchange	TL
Riga Stock Exchange	RI	Tel Aviv Stock Exchange	TA
Rio de Janeiro OTC Stock Exchange (SOMA)	SO	Thailand Stock Exchange	BK
Russian Trading System	RTS	Third Market	TH
Santiago Stock Exchange	SN	Tokyo Commodity Exchange	TCE
Sao Paulo Stock Exchange	SA	Tokyo Financial Futures Exchange	TFF
Sapporo Stock Exchange	SP	Tokyo Stock Exchange	T
Saudi Stock Exchange	SE	Toronto Options Exchange	K
SBI Japannext	JNX	Toronto Stock Exchange	TO
SBI Stock Exchange (Sweden)	SBI	Tradepoint Stock Exchange	TP
Shanghai Stock Exchange	SS	Tunis Stock Exchange	TN
Shenzhen Stock Exchange	SZ	Turqoise	TQ
Singapore Exchange - Derivatives	SIM	Ukraine PFTS	PFT
Singapore Stock Exchange	SI	Valencia Stock Exchar	VA
St. Petersburg Stock Exchange	PE	Vienna Stock Exchange	VI
Stockholm Stock Exchange	ST	Vilnus Stock Exchange	VL
Stuttgart Stock Exchange	SG	virt-x	VX
Surabaya Stock Exchange	SU	Xetra	DE
SWX Quotematch AG	QMH.	Zagreb S. v Exch age	ZA
SWX Swiss Exchange	S	Zimbabwe S. ck F. change	ZI

## SUMMARY INVESTMENT SCHEDULE

This schedule was developed to assist regulators in identifying and analyzing the risks inherent in a portfolio of securities as well as identifying the differences in valuation and admission between those practices prescribed or permitted by the state of domicile and those set forth in the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual. This schedule includes only those assets from the general account. The line captions were developed with the intention of grouping securities with common risk characteristics together. These groupings were determined based upon a review of schedules within the NAIC Annual Statement and the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income for A Bank With Domestic and Foreign Offices (FFIEC 031, also known as the "Call Report").

Column 1 - Gross Investment Holdings - Amount

This column represents the value reported on the Investment Schedules. The amounts reported in this column should tie to Column I of the Asset Page.

Column 2 — Gross Investment Holdings — Percentage

Amount represents the percentage of the individual Column 1 like item to the Total Invested Assets amount presented in Column 1, Line 13.

Column 3 - Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement - Amount

This column represents the admitted value of an asset determine by applying the valuation procedures and admission criteria prescribed or permitted by the same or formicile (i.e., the basis of admitted assets reported in the Annual Statement). A variation between the amounts in Column 1 and Column 3 would indicate that a reporting entity valued or admitted a sasset differently under its state law than it would have under the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual. An example includes a case where an entity was required to nonadmit an assert under its state investment law but was not required to nonadmit under the NAIC Account. An account to a raticles and Procedures Manual because there are no investment limits within the Manual mother cample includes a case where an entity was not able to admit an asset under the NAIC arc unit. Practices and Procedures Manual (i.e., it did not meet the requirements of SSAP No. Assets and Nonadmitted Assets) but was able to admit the asset under the basket clause within the state by estiment law. This Column should tie to Column 3 of the Asset page.

Column 4 - Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement - Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral
Amount

This column represent. Schedule DL, Part 1 (Page 2, Line 10) reflected in their respective investment categories

Line 13, Total neested Assets should equal Column 3, Line 11, Securities Lending.

Column 5 - Admir Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement - Total Amount

For Line 1 through 10, Column 5 should equal Column 3 plus Column 4.

For Line 13, Column 5 should equal Column 3, Line 13 plus Column 4, Line 13 minus Column 3,

Column 6 Admitted Assets as Reported in the Annual Statement - Percentage

Amount represents the percentage of the individual Column 5 line item to the Total Invested Assets amount presented in Column 5, Line 13.

Line 1.01 - U.S. Governments

Include: The value of all U.S Government securities as defined per the Purposes and

Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office Part Two, Section 4.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 1, Line 0599999.

Line 1.02 — All other Governments

Include: The value of all investments issued by non-U.S. governments, including bonds

of political subdivisions and special revenue. This includes ands issued by utilities owned by non-U.S. governments and bonds full, guaranted by non-

U.S. governments

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 1, Line 1099999.

Line 1.03 – U.S. States, Territories and Possessions, etc. Guaranteed

Include: The value of general obligations of these en vies (NAIC members), as well as

bonds issued by utility companies owner by the centities.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 1, Line 7 9 999.

Line 1.04 – U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Policies at States, Guaranteed

Include: The value of general bigators of cities, counties, townships, etc., as well as

bonds issued by utility co. panies owned by these entities

Column 1 should equal the Schedul D, 11 to 2499999.

Line 1.05 – U.S. Special Revenue & Special Special Special Revenue & Special Reve

Include: The value of the le U.S. government issues not listed in Part Six, Section 2(e) of

the Purpe es de Procedures manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office, yet included in Part Two, Section 4(c)(ii). This category also includes bonds that the issued by states, territories, possessions and other political subdivisions that are issued for a specific financing project rather than as general obligation

nd.

Column 1 st 11d c 12d ne Schedule D, Part 1, Line 3199999.

Line 1.06 — Industrial and Miscellaneous

Include: The value of all non-governmental issues that do not qualify for some other

bond category, including privatized (non-government ownership) utility

companies. Include Public Utilities.

umn 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 1, Line 3899999.

Line 1.07 - Hybrid Securities

Include: The value of securities whose proceeds are accorded some degree of equity

treatment by one or more of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations and/or which are recognized as regulatory capital by the issuer's

primary regulatory authority.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 1, Line 4899999.

Line 1.08 - Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates

Include The value of all affiliated debt securities as defined under SSAP No. 97 -

Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 1, Line 5599999.

Line 1.09 — SVO Identified Funds

Include The value of all Bond Mutual Funds as listed in Part Six, Section 2(h) of the

Purposes and Procedures manual of the NAIC Investment and usis Office and Exchange Traded Funds listed in Part Six, Section 2(i) if the Apposes and

Procedures manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 1, Line 6099999.

Line 1.10 - Unaffiliated Bank Loans

Include The value of all Unaffiliated Bank Loan, that are within the scope of

SSAP No. 26R—Bonds.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 1, Line 6, 9 999.

Line 1.11 - TotalLong-Term Bonds

Sum of Lines 1.1 to 1.10.

The amount reported in Column 1 shor at equal me amount reported in Line 1, Column 1, Page 2, Assets.

The amount reported in Colour 1, should equal the amount reported in Line 1, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 2.01 - Preferred Stocks - Industrial and Missellaneous (Unaffiliated)

Include: The value of all unaffiliated preferred stocks.

Column 1 should qua he schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Lines 8499999 plus 8599999.

Line 2.02 - Preferred St. ks - word, Subsidiaries and Affiliates

Includes The value of all preferred stock securities as defined under SSAP No. 97 -

Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities

(Slump, should equal the Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Lines 8699999 plus 8799999.

Line 2.03 - Total referred Stocks

Sum of Lines 2.01 to 2.02

The amount reported in Column 1 should equal the amount reported in Line 2.1, Column 1, Page 2,

The amount reported in Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 2.1, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 3.01 - Common Stocks - Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Publicly Traded

Include: The value of all investments in the common stock of unaffiliated entities.

Publicly traded common stock includes but is not limited to equity securities traded on a public exchange, master limited partnerships trading as common stock and American deposit receipts only if the security is traded on the New York, American, or NASDAQ exchanges, and publicly traded common stock

warrants.

Exclude Mutual funds that should be reported on Line 3.05.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Line 9099999.

Line 3.02 – Common Stocks – Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Other

Include: The value of all industrial and miscellaneous communitorial unaffiliated

entities not reported in Line 3.1. Includes but not line ted to:

(1) Equity securities not traded on a public ex-bange (e.g., private equities).

(2) Master limited partnership companies a not traded on the New York, American, or NASDAQ existinges.

Exclude Mutual funds that should be too led on Line 3.05.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part. Sect. 2, Line 9199999.

Line 3.03 — Common Stocks - Parent, Subsidiary and Artifliates Aublicly Traded

Include: The value of an investments in the common stock of a ffiliated entities. Publicly

traded count in stock includes but is not limited to equity securities traded on a public exchange master limited partnerships trading as common stock and American deposit receipts only if the security is traded on the New York, American or NASDAQ exchanges, and publicly traded common stock warrants.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Line 9299999.

Line 3.04 – Common Stocks Par. 1, S. bsidiary and Affiliates Other

Include: The value of all unaffiliated entities not reported in Line 3.03.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Line 9399999.

Line 3.05 - Common oaks - Mutual Funds

Clude: The value of all investments in shares of funds regulated as mutual funds by the

Securities and Exchange Commission reported on Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Line 9499999.

Line 3.06 — Common Stocks – Unit Investment Trusts

Include: The value of all investments in shares of funds regulated as unit investment

trusts by the Securities and Exchange Commission reported on Schedule D,

Part 2, Section 2.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Line 9599999.

Line 3.07 - Common Stocks - Closed-End Funds

Include: The value of all investments in shares of funds regulated as closed-end funds by

the Securities and Exchange Commission reported on Schedule D, Part 2,

Section 2.

Column 1 should equal the Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2, Line 9699999.

Line 3.08 - Total Common Stocks

Sum of Lines 3.01 to 3.07

The amount reported in Column 1 should equal the amount reported in Line 2.2, Yolumn 1, Page 2, Assets.

The amount reported in Column 3 should equal the amount reported a Line 22., Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 4.01 — Mortgage Loans – Farm Mortgages

Include: The value of loans secured by farm one provements thereon, as evidenced

by mortgages or other liens. In a land a cludes all land known to be used or usable for agricultural purposes, such as crop and livestock production. Farmland includes grazing a pattern and, whether tillable or not and whether wooded or not. Include lot as second by farmland that are guaranteed by the Farmers. Home Administration (FmHA) or by the Small Business Administration (SBA) are that are extended, serviced, and collected by any

party other than Fr and or SD. c.

Column 1 should equal to the sum of Lines 010, 999,0999999, 1799999, and 2599999 on Schedule B.
Part 1.

Line 4.02 - Mortgage Loans - Residents, Mortgag s

Include: The value c loans secured by real estate as evidenced by mortgages (FHA,

nHA, VA, or conventional) or other liens on nonfarm property containing one to four dwelling units (including vacation homes) or more than four dwelling its feach is separated from other units by dividing walls that extend from grand to roof (e.g., row houses, townhouses, or the like), mobile homes where state laws define the purchase or holding of a mobile home as the purchase or holding of real property and where (b) the loan to purchase the mobile home is secured by that mobile home as evidenced by a mortgage or other instrument on real property, individual condominium dwelling units and loans secured by an interest in individual cooperative housing units, even if in a building with five or more dwelling units, and housekeeping dwellings with commercial units combined where use is primarily residential and where only one to four family

dwelling units are involved.

Column 1 should equal to the sum of Lines 0299999, 0399999, 1099999, 1199999, 1899999, 1999999, 2699999, And 2799999 on Schedule B, Part 1.

Line 4.03 – Mortgage Loans – Commercial Mortgages

Include: The value of loans secured by real estate as evidenced by mortgages or other

liens on business and industrial properties, hotels, motels, churches, hospitals, educational and charitable institutions, dormitories, clubs, lodges, association buildings, "homes" for aged persons and orphans, golf courses, recreational

facilities, and similar properties.

Column 1 should equal to the sum of Lines 0499999, 0599999, 1299999, 1399999, 20999999, 2199999, 2899999, and 2999999 on Schedule B, Part 1.

Line 4.04 - Mortgage Loans - Mezzanine Real Estate Loans

Include Mezzanine real estate loans as defined in SSAP No. 3-N. szonine Real Estate

Loans)

Column 1 should equal to the sum of Lines 0699999, 14999999, 229 99, a. 13099999 on Schedule B, Part 1.

Line 4.05 - Total Mortgage Loans

Sum of Lines 4.01 to 4.04

The amount reported in Column 1 should equal to amount reported in Line 3.1 plus Line 3.2, Column 1, Page 2, Assets.

The amount reported in Column 3 should eq. 1 the amount reported in Line 3.1 plus Line 3.2, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 5 — Real Estate

Include: Prope. is occup ed by the company. (Line 5.01)

Properties here for the production of income. (Line 5.02)

Preperties held for sale. (Line 5.03)

Line 5.01, John h 1 should equal the amount reported in Line 4.1, Column 1, Page 2, Assets.

Line 5.01, Column 3, should equal the amount reported in Line 4.1, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 🚬 Column 1 should equal the amount reported in Line 4.2, Column 1, Page 2, Assets.

I ne 5.0 Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 4.2, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 3, Column 1 should equal the amount reported in Line 4.3, Column 1, Page 2, Assets.

Line 5.03, Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 4.3, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 6.01 - Cash

Include: The value of cash (Schedule E, Part 1)

Line 6.02 - Cash Equivalents

Include: The value of cash equivalents (Schedule E, Part 2 including money market

mutualfunds)

Line 6.03 - Short Term Investments

Include: The value of short-term investments (Schedule DA, Part 19

Line 6.04 – Cash, Cash Equivalents, and short-term investments

Sum of Lines 6.01 to 6.03

Column 1 should equal the amount reported in Line 5, Column 1, Tage Assets

Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 5, Column Page 2, Assets

Line 7 - Contract Loans

Include: The value of all contract loans.

Column 1 should equal the amount reported. Line Column 1, Page 2, Assets.

Column 3 should equal the amount report of in Line of Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 8 - Derivatives

Include: The alue of de, varives.

Column 1 should equal the amount provided in Line 7, Column 1, Page 2, Assets.

Column 3 should equat he amount reported in Line 7, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 9 - Other Invested Assets

Include: The value of securities listed on the Schedule BA

Column 1 should equal the amount reported in Line 8, Column 1, Page 2, Assets

Column 3 hand equal the amount reported in Line 8, Column 3, Page 2, Assets

Jude: The value of receivable for securities.

Column 1 should equal the amount reported in Line 9, Column 1, Page 2, Assets.

Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 9, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 11 – Securities Lending (Reinvested Collateral Line 10, Asset Page)

Include: The value of securities lending.

Column 1 should equal the amount reported in Line 10, Column 1, Page 2, Assets.

Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 10, Column 3, Page 2, Assets.

Line 12 - Other Invested Assets (Paage 2, Line 11)

Include: The value of all other invested assets that have not been mended in Lines 1

through 11 above.

Column 1 should equal the amount reported in Line 11, Column 1, Page 2, ssets

Column 3 should equal the amount reported in Line 11, Column 3 Page As

Line 13 - TotalInvested Assets

Sum of Lines 1 to 12. The amount reported in Column 1 she ld equat the amount of total invested assets reported in Line 12 Column 1, Page 2, Assets.

Sum of Lines 1 to 12. The amount reported in Column showd equal the amount of total invested assets reported in Line 12 Column 3, Page 2, Asset

# SCHEDULE A - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

# REAL ESTATE

Line 1 Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year

> Report the book/adjusted carrying value excluding accrued interest of real estate owned as of December 31, of the prior year's statement.

Line 2.1 Actual Cost at Time of Acquisitions

> Report the actual cost at the time the asset was originally acquired. Do # inclus additional expenditures after the time of initial acquisition. These amounts are reported on Line?

Line 2.2 Additional Investment Made After Acquisition

> On a year-to-date basis, report additions and improvements that incl ed to investment subsequent to the time the asset was originally acquired.

Line 3 Current Year Change in Encumbrances

> Report as a positive number any decreases in encumbrales reported on real estate for the year. Report as a negative number any increases in encumbrance reported on real estate for the year.

Line 4 Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals

Report the total gain (loss) on disposal of real es-

Line 5 Deduct Amounts Received on Disphsals

> This is the consideration received the typosal and should include not only real estate fully disposed but also real estate partially asposed.

Line 6 Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

Report the unrealized a eign exchange gain or loss for the year.

Deduct Current Year's 2the Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized Line 7

> Report the o imporary impairments for the year.

Line 8 Ded et Current Year's Depreciation

Report the and depreciation for the entire year.

Depreciation that was recorded on property during the current year that was later lude

classified as property held for sale.

Include the unrealized valuation gain/loss for separate account only

Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at End of Current Period Line 9

> The amount in Line 9 should tie to the Assets Page, Column 1, the sum of all types of real estate included in Lines 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3.

Line 10 - Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts

Report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts related to real estate loans.

Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.

Line 11 - Statement Value at End of Current Period

Report the statement value of real estate owned as of December 31, current year. This should agree with Page 2, Column 3, of the current year's statement.

# SCHEDULE B – VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

### MORTGAGE LOANS

Line 1 — Book Value/Recorded Investment excluding Accrued Interest on December 31 of Prior Year

Report the book value/recorded investment (excluding accrued interest) of mortgages owned as of December 31 of the prior year's statement.

Line 2.1 - Actual Cost at Time of Acquisitions

Report the actual amount loaned for the mortgages at the time the asset was of inally a quired. The cost of acquiring the assets includes any additional amounts that are to be capital red. Accordingly, there may be a premium or discount on such loans resulting from a difference between the amount paid and the principal amount. Do not include additional expenditures after the time of initial acquisition. These amounts are reported on Line 2.2.

Line 2.2 - Additional Investments Made After Acquisitions

Report additional amounts that increased the mortgage during the year subsequent to the time the asset was originally acquired, e.g., increases in the loan. Include addr. and loans on mortgages that were subsequently disposed during the year.

Line 3 — Capitalized Deferred Interest and Other

Report the other capitalized past due interest. d other items for the year.

Line 4 — Accrual of Discount

Report the total amount of discount accused for the year as included in Schedule B, Part 1, Column 10 and Schedule B, Part 3, Column 37. Serv. SSAP No. 37—Mortgage Loans for accounting guidance.

Line 5 – Unrealized Valuation Increas (Decreas)

Report the total amount of nonea, increases and decreases in the book value/recorded investment (excluding accrued into est) for the year.

Include:

the amount on mortgage loans still owned as of the reporting date and the an ount on mortgage loans disposed and reported on Schedule B, Part 3, Column 8.

Line 6 - Tota Gain (Loss) on Disposal

Report the wat (loss) on disposal of mortgages for the year.

Line 7 — Induct Amounts Received On Disposals

siderations received on mortgages disposed during the year.

Line 8 – Deduct Amortization of Premium and Mortgage Interest Points and Commitment Fees

Report the total amount of premium, mortgage interest points, and commitment fees amortized for the year as included in Schedule B, Part 1, Column 10 and Schedule B, Part 3, Column 9. Refer to SSAP No. 37—Mortgage Loans for accounting guidance.

Line 9 — Total Foreign Exchange Change In Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest

Report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.

Line 10 — Deduct current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.

Line 11 — Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest at End of Current Period

Report the book value/recorded investment (excluding accrued integral) of a ortgages owned as of the end of the year.

Line 12 - Total Valuation Allowance

Report as a negative number the aggregate outstands, aluation allowance related to impaired loans as set forth in SSAP No. 37—Mortgage Loans.

Line 14 - Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts

Report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts. lated to mortgage loans.

Include: The amount of the world that is in excess of any investment limitation.

Line 15 - Statement Value at End of Curent, riou.

Report the statement value. "mortgan is owned as of December 31, current year. This should agree with Page 2, Column 3, of the current year's statement.

# SCHEDULE BA - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

### LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS

Line 1 — Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Long-Term Invested Assets Owned, December 31 of Prior Year

Report the book/adjusted carrying value of other long-term invested assets and collateral loans owned as of December 31 prior year shown on Page 2, Column 1 of the prior year's statement.

Line 2.1 - Actual Cost at Time of Acquisition

Include: The actual cost at the time the asset was originally acquirely

The cost of acquiring the assets including broker's comm, sion and incidental

expenses of effecting delivery.

Exclude: Additional expenditures after the time of the dial advisition or encumbrances

or impairments.

Line 2.2 - Additional Investment Made After Acquisition

Include: The actual cost (including Brown's con missions and incidental expenses of

affecting delivery) to increase inve. ment in the original assets.

Improvements to the assets absequant to acquisition.

Activity on investments so I during the year.

Line 3 — Capitalized Deferred Interest and Other

Report the other capitalized part on interest and other items for the year.

Line 4 - Accrual of Discount

Report the total amount of discount accrued for the year as included in Schedule BA, Part 1, Column 14 and Schedule BA, Part 3, Column 10.

Line 5 – Unrealized Value son regrea e (Decrease)

Report the to 1 and port of noneash increases and decreases to the book/adjusted carrying value, except for amounts reported on Lines 4, 8 and 9. This includes a valuation allowance as allowed under SSAP No. 37—Moregage Loans.

Line 6 - Total Gain (1 ss) on Disposal

port the gain (loss) on disposal of other long-term invested assets for the year.

Line 7 Deduct Amounts Received on Disposal

> Include: Portions of investments repaid during the year.

> > Considerations received on investments disposed during the year are to be included.

Line 8 Deduct Amortization of Premium and Depreciation

> Report the total amount of premium amortized during the year and amount of depreciation on any assets that are considered real estate on a look-through basis, as included in Sides le BA, Part 1, Column 14 and Schedule BA, Part 3, Column 10.

> Report the amount of depreciation on any assets that are considered real estate on look-through basis.

Line 9 Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book Value/Adjusted Carrying Value

Report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.

Line 10 Deduct Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognize

Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the

Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at End of Current Paris Line 11

> r low term invested assets owned as of the end of the Report the book/adjusted carrying value of year.

Line 12 Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amoun

Report the adjustment for nor same 4 and unts related to long-term invested assets.

Include: The arount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.

> The amount of any goodwill that exceeds the surplus limitation as described in AP No. 68-Business Combinations and Goodwill.

Line 13 Statement Value CEnt of Carrent Period

> de of other long-term invested assets owned as of December 31, current year, Report the s shown on Page. Column 3 of the current year's statement.

### SCHEDULE D - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

### BONDS AND STOCKS

Line 1 — Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Bonds and Stocks, December 31 of Prior Year

Report the book/adjusted carrying value of Bonds and Stocks owned as of December 31 on Schedule D, Verification Between Years, of the prior year's annual statement.

Line 2 - Cost of Bonds and Stocks Acquired

Report the actual cost to acquire bonds and stocks for the year. The cost of act fring to investment should be consistent with the accounting guidance contained in the Account a Practices and Procedures Manual.

Line 3 — Accrual of Discount

Report the total amount of discount accrued for the year, including the propount on bonds and stocks still owned as of the reporting date and reported on Schedule D, Part 1, Column 13 and Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1, Column 16, and the amount on bonds and recks asposed in the current year and reported on Schedule D, Part 4, Column 12.

Line 4 - Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)

Report the total unrealized valuation increase (decrease) to the year.

Line 5 — Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals

Report the profit (loss) on sales of londs and stocks for the year.

Line 6 — Deduct Consideration for Boy s an Stoe Disposed of During the Year

Report the total consideratio, received on bonds and stocks for the year.

Line 7 — Deduct Amortization of Premium

Report the total amount. Coremium amortized for the year, including the amount on bonds and stocks still owned as of one recording date and reported on Schedule D, Part 1, Column 13 and Schedule D, Part 2, Socion 1, Column 16, and the amount on bonds and stocks disposed in the current year and reported on them. P. Part 4, Column 12.

Line 8 – Total Foreign Exertange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

Report the prealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.

wort the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.

Line 10 Total Investment Income Recognized as a Result of Prepayment Penalties and/or Acceleration Fees

Report only the total investment income recognized, using the information recorded in Schedule D, Part 4, Column 20, for bonds and stocks that were sold, disposed or otherwise redeemed during the year, as a result of a prepayment penalty and/or acceleration fee. Line 10 should equal Note 5, Line 5Q(2).

### Line 11 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at End of Current Period

The amount in Line 11 should tie to the Assets Page, Column 1, the sum of the lines for Bonds, Line 1, Preferred Stocks, Line 2.1 and Common Stocks, Line 2.2.

### Line 12 - Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts

Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.

The amount of any goodwill that exceeds the surplus limit and as described in SSAP No. 68—Business Combinations and Goodwill.

The amount to be reported here should tie to the Assets Page, Column , the um of the lines for Bonds, Line 1, Preferred Stocks, Line 2.1, and Common Stocks, Line 2.2.

### Line 13 – Statement Value of Bonds and Stocks, Current Period

This amount should tie to the Assets Page, Column 3, the sum of the lines for Bonds, Line 1, Preferred Stocks, Line 2.1, and Common Stocks, Line 2.2.

### SCHEDULE D – SUMMARY BY COUNTRY

### LONG-TERM BONDS AND STOCKS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Enter summarized amounts in the appropriate columns by the specified major classifications, subdividing into United States, Canada, and Other Countries where applicable. For purposes of this schedule, investments in Other Countries are considered Foreign Investments. For the definition of Foreign Investment, and Domestic Investment, see instructions to the Supplemental Investment Risk Interrogatories.

Column 2 Fair Value

For certain bonds, values other than actual market may appear in this column. (See

instructions for details.)

Exclude: Accrued interest.

Column 3 Actual Cost

> Brokerage and other related fees, to the extent they wont exceed the fair market Include:

value at the date of acquisition.

Exclude: Accrued interest.

Lines 8

Bonds - Industrial and Miscellaneous, SVO Ider the Fun s, Unaffiliated Bank Loans and Hybrid through 11

Securities (Unaffiliated)

Bond Mutual Funds — as lentitled by the SVO and Ex-as Identified by the SVO reported in Schedule D, Part 1. as lentified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds -Include:

Unaffiliated Bank Loans

Line 13 Total Bonds

Columns 1, 2, 3, and 4, should ree y th Columns 11, 9, 7 and 10, respectively, in Schedule D, Part 1.

Column I should equal column I, Line I of the Assets page.

Lines 14

through 17 Preferred Smcks Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)

> Include: Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) reported in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1.

Line 19 Total Deferred Stocks

and 3 should agree with Columns 8, 10 and 11, respectively, in Schedule D, Part 2,

ction

orusin 1 should equal Column 1, Line 2.1 of the Assets page.

Lines 20

through 23 Common Stocks – Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)

> Mutual funds reported in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2. Include:

Line 25 Total Common Stocks

Columns 1, 2 and 3 should agree with Columns 6, 8 and 9, respectively, in Schedule D, Part 2,

Section 2.

Column 1 should equal Column 1, Line 2.2 of the Assets page.

### SCHEDULE D - PART 1A - SECTION 1

### OUALITY AND MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF ALL BONDS OWNED DECEMBER 31 BY MAJOR TYPE AND NAIC DESIGNATION

The schedule summarizes the aggregate book/adjusted carrying value of all bond holdings, including those in Schedule DA and Schedule E, Part 2 by quality, designation, maturity and bond categories. Include short-term and cash equivalent bonds in the category that most closely resembles their credit risk.

The maturity category for a particular holding is determined by the following criteria:

- a. Serial issues and mandatory fixed prepayment obligations valued on an amon table to sis may be distributed based on the par value of each scheduled repayment date and the final installment and adjusted for any discount or premium. Such holdings reported at market may be distributed by ed on market value by applying market rate to each scheduled repayment.
- b. (i) Mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities use curities are considered loan-backed securities and subject to the guidance in SSAP N 43 to Lain-Backed and Structured Securities) should be distributed based on the anticipated futtor prepayment cash flows used to value the security.
  - Other bonds with optional prepayment provision bould be distributed based on the expected future prepayments used to value the security.
  - (iii) Bond Mutual Funds as Identified by the SV (and it, shange Traded Funds as Identified by the SVO (as described in the Investment Cheo les General Instructions) should be reported in Column 6, "No Maturity Date" in Section 9 "SVO Identified Funds." Only funds reported in Section 9 would be reported in Column 6.
- c. Place all holdings in default as to princip for intrest in the "Over 20 years" category in the absence of definitive information as to final scales at P. Detual bonds should also be included in this category.
- d. Consider obligations without may city date and payable on demand to be due within one year if in good standing. Otherwise, include in the very 0 years" category, or earlier if justifiable.

There are 14 sections to this schedule: Sections 1 through 10 for each of the 10 bond categories, Section 11 for total bonds current year, Section 12 for total bonds prior year, Section 13 for total bonds publicly traded and Section 14 for total bonds privately placed. The 10 bond categories complete corresponding subtotals from Schedule D, Part 1; Schedule DA, Part 1; and Schedule E, Part 2 as follows, and I for each of those 10 bond categories, the total line for Column 7 of each section should equal the sum of the subtotal lines about a below:

#### Section 1. U.S. Godharmenents

Line 0500099 From Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 0599999 from Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and J ne 05, 1999 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

### Section 2. An Other Lovernments

Lines 1099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, lert 2, Column 7.

#### Section 3. U.S. States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed

Lines 1799999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 4. U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed

Lines 2499999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 5. U.S. Special Revenue & Special Assessment Obligations, etc., Non-Guaranteed

Lines 3199999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and in Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 6. Industrial & Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)

Line 3899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 3899999 from Schedule Des Part 1, Column 7; and Line 3899999 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 7. Hybrid Securities

Lines 4899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA Part Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 8. Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates

Lines 5599999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11, Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 9. SVO Identified Funds

Lines 6099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 10. Unaffiliated Bank Loans

Lines 6599999 from Schedule z. Part 1, Jolumn 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

The quality designation used is the "NAIC D" ignation" that appears with each bond as listed in the Valuations of Securities. Include short-term and each equivalent bonds the category that most closely resembles their credit risk. For each Section 1 through 14, seven lines of information are bown, which are numbered in a format "X.Y" where the number "X" is the number of the section and the number "Y" the order of the line within the section. The lines within each section are categorized as follows for Section. ".

X.1	High 1st Quality	(NAIC 1)
X.2	High a lity	(NAIC 2)
X.3	Medium Q. a ty	(NAIC 3)
X.4	I ow Qu. lity	(NAIC 4)
XII.	<ol> <li>wer C , ality</li> </ol>	(NAIC 5)
X.6	In c ardefault	(NAIC 6)
37.77	al for section	

Column 11 is to contain publicly traded securities; i.e., those securities that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the Valuations of Securities. Any securities outside the CUSIP/PPN/CINS coding system will be considered to be publicly traded for Annual Statement purposes (e.g., short-term investments). Exclude bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144.

Column 12 is to contain privately placed securities as identified with Private Placement Numbers (PPN) in the Valuations of Securities. A PPN can be differentiated by the presence of a \*, #, or @ sign appearing in either the sixth, seventh or eighth digit of the nine-digit CUSIP-like number. Include bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144 that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the Valuations of Securities.

# Column 12 Footnote

Include bonds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A.

Include bonds that are freely tradable under SEC Rule 144 (e.g., that are presently held by, and for the immediately preceding three year period have been held by, persons unrelated to the issuer); however, there shall be excluded any such security containing a contractual restriction against resale (a "right of first refusal" provision is not considered a restriction against resale).

#### Footnote (d)

Provide the total book/adjusted carrying value amount reported in Section 11, Column 1 by F IC designation that represents the amount of securities reported in Schedule DA and Schedule E, Part 2.

The sum of the amounts by NAIC designation (NAIC 1, NAIC 2, NAIC 3, NAIC 4, NAIC 5 and IAIC 6) reported in the footnote should equal the sum of Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7, Lines 8399999 p. 5 Sc. Lale E, Part 2, Column 7, Line 8399999.

### SCHEDULE D - PART 1A - SECTION 2

# MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF ALL BONDS OWNED DECEMBER 31 BY MAJOR TYPE AND SUBTYPE

The schedule summarizes the aggregate book/adjusted carrying value of all bond holdings, including those in Schedule DA and Schedule E, Part 2 by maturity, major bond categories and the subcategories of issuer obligations, and mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities.

The maturity category for a particular holding is determined by the following criteria:

- a. Serial issues and mandatory fixed prepayment obligations valued on an amon table to sis may be distributed based on the par value of each scheduled repayment date and the final install, out and adjusted for any discount or premium. Such holdings reported at market may be distributed to each scheduled repayment.
- b. (i) Mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities ese curities are considered loan-backed securities and subject to the guidance in SSAP N 43 h. L an-Backed and Structured Securities) should be distributed based on the anticipated future prepayment cash flows used to value the security.
  - Other bonds with optional prepayment provision hould be distributed based on the expected future prepayments used to value the security.
  - (iii) Bond Mutual Funds as Identified by the SV (and it, shange Traded Funds as Identified by the SVO (as described in the Investment Cheo les General Instructions) should be reported in Column 6, "No Maturity Date" in Section 9 "SVO Identified Funds." Only funds reported in Section 9 would be reported in Column 6.
- c. Place all holdings in default as to princip for intrest in the "Over 20 years" category in the absence of definitive information as to final sequencest. As petual bonds should also be included in this category.
- d. Consider obligations without may city date and payable on demand to be due within one year if in good standing. Otherwise, include in the very 0 years" category, or earlier if justifiable.

There are 14 sections to this schedule: Sections 1 through 10 for each of the 10 bond categories, Section 11 for total bonds current year, Section 12 for total bonds prior year, Section 13 for total bonds publicly traded and Section 14 for total bonds privately placed. The 10 bond categories conseponding subtotals from Schedule D, Part 1; Schedule DA, Part 1; and Schedule E, Part 2 as follows, and for each of those 10 bond categories, the total line for Column 7 of each section should equal the sum of the subtotal sines. See a below:

#### Section 1. U.S. Godharmenents

Line 0500099 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 0599999 from Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and J ne 05, 1999 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

### Section 2. An Other Lovernments

Lines 1099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, left 2, Column 7.

#### Section 3. U.S. States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed

Lines 1799999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 4. U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions, Guaranteed

Lines 2499999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 5. U.S. Special Revenue & Special Assessment Obligations, etc. Non-guaranteed

Lines 3199999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 6. Industrial & Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)

Line 3899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Line 3899999 from Schedule De, Part 1, Column 7; and Line 3899999 from Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 7. Hybrid Securities

Lines 4899999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11; Schedule DA Part Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 8. Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates

Lines 5599999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Column 11, Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 9. SVO Identified Funds

Lines 6099999 from Schedule D, Part 1, Craum 11; schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

Section 10. Unaffiliated Bank Loans

Lines 6599999 from Schedule 2. Part 1, Jolumn 11; Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7; and Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7.

For each major section the following subgraves, which are described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions, shall be presented by maturity category:

#### Sections 1 through 7:

- Issuer Obligations
- Residential N reage-Backed Securities
- Commercial Morty ve Backed Securities
- Other Log n-Back d and Structured Securities

# Sections 8:

- Sauer ... tions
- Res. antial Mortgage-Backed Securities
- Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities
- Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities
- Affiliated Bank Loans Issued
- Affiliated Bank Loans Acquired

#### Section 9:

- Exchange Traded Funds as Identified by the SVO
- Bond Mutual Funds as Identified by the SVO

#### Section 10:

- Unaffiliated Bank Loans Issued
- Unaffiliated Bank Loans Acquired

### Sections 11 through 14:

- Issuer Obligations
- Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities
- Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities
- Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities
- SVO Identified Funds
- Affiliated Bank Loans
- Unaffiliated Bank Loans

Column 11 is to contain publicly traded securities; i.e., those securities that have been assigned a CUSIP/CINS number in the Valuations of Securities. Any securities outside the CUSIP/PPN/CINS of hing, watch will be considered to be publicly traded for annual statement purposes (e.g., short-term investments). Exclude conds that are qualified for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144.

Column 12 is to contain privately placed securities as identific with Private Placement Numbers (PPN) in the Valuations of Securities. A PPN can be differentiated by the presence of a property of the nine-digit CUSIP-like number. Include bonds that are quadried for resale under SEC Rule 144A or freely tradable under SEC Rule 144 that have been assigned a CUSI JCTT Into the Valuations of Securities.



# SCHEDULE DA - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

### SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Report the aggregate amounts required by type of short-term investment asset. The categories of assets to be reported are: bonds; mortgage loans; other short-term investment assets; and investments in parent, subsidiaries and affiliates. A grand total of all activity is also required.

Column 1 — Total

Equals the sum of Columns 2 through 5.

Line 1 — Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year

In Column 1, report the book/adjusted carrying value per Schedule LA, Pl + 1, Column 7 of the prior year's annual statement.

Line 2 — Cost of Short-Term Investments Acquired

Report the aggregate cost of short-term investments acquired uring be year. A reporting entity may summarize all "overnight" transactions and report the an an as an increase in short-term investments on this line; all other transactions shall be a order ross.

Line 3 — Accrual of Discount

In Column 1, report the total amount of acc. If or "iscount during the year. The accrual of discount should be consistent with the accounting go lance contained in the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual.

Line 4 — Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decress)

Report the total unrealized aduation in rease (decrease) for the year.

Line 5 - Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals

In Column 1, report the profit (loss) on disposal of short-term investments.

Line 6 — Deduct Consider from Secret of On Disposals of Short-Term Investments

Report the process recoved on disposal of short-term investments. A reporting entity may summarize all "overnight" ansactions and report the net amount as a decrease in short-term investments on this line of other transactions shall be recorded gross.

Line 7 - Deduct An artization of Premium

I. Colur in 1, report the total amount of amortization of premium during the year. The amortization of premium should be consistent with the accounting guidance contained in the Accounting Practices and a predures Manual.

Line 8 Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

In Column 1, report the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.

Line 9 – Deduct Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

Report the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.

Line 10 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, Current Year

Column 1 equals Schedule DA, Part 1, Column 7, Total.

Line 11 - Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts

In Column 1, report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts as of the end of the current period.

Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.

Line 12 - Statement Value at End of Current Period

In Column 1, report the statement value of as of the end of the current period. This product should tie to the Assets Page, Line 5, inset for short-term investments.

# SCHEDULE DB - PART A VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

# OPTIONS, CAPS, FLOORS, COLLARS, SWAPS and FORWARDS

The purpose of this schedule is to roll the information reported on Schedule DB, Part A, Sections 1 and 2 from the prior year to the end of the current reporting year.

	Line 1	-	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year
	Line 2	-	Cost Paid/(Consideration Received) on Additions
			Line 2.1 - Current Year Paid/(Consideration Received) at Time of Act isition, Still Open, Section 1 Column 12  Line 2.2 - Current Year Paid/(Consideration Received) at Time of Acquisition, Terminated, Section 2 Column 14
	Line 3	-	Unrealized Valuation Increase/(Decrease)
ı			Line 3.1 — Section 1, Column 17 Line 3.2 — Section 2, Column 19
	Line 4	-	SSAP No. 108 Adjustments
	Line 5	-	Total Gain (Loss) on Termination Recognized, Section 2 Co., mn 22
	Line 6	-	Considerations Received/(Paid) on Terminato S, Section 2, Column 15
	Line 7	-	Amortization  Line 6.1 — Section 1, Column 19
			Line 6.2 — Section 2, Colemn
	Line 8	-	Adjustment to Book/Adjuste Carrying Value of Hedged Item
			Line 7.1 — Section I. Column 10 Line 7.2 — Section I. Column 23
	Line 9	-	Total Foreign Exprang. Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
			Line 8.1 - Sculon , Column 18 Line 8.2 - Section 2, Column 20
	Line 10	-	Book Siusted Carrying Value at End of Current Period (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 - 6 + 7 + 8 +9)
	Line 11	_	I educt 'onadmitted Assets
	Line 12	-	Startment Value at End of Current Period (10 - 11)
	-		

# SCHEDULE DB - PART B - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

### FUTURES CONTRACTS

Line 1 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year

Show the total from the prior year. For purposes of this schedule, positive amounts should be reported for assets, and negative amounts should be reported for liabilities.

Line 2 — Cumulative Cash Change

Show the cash that the company received (paid) as initial margin for entering the futures contracts (Section 1, Broker Name/Net Cash Deposits Footnote – Cumulative Cash Change Column).

Line 3.11 & 3.12— Change in the Variation Margin on Open Contracts − Highly Effecti Hedges

Report the change in the variation margin on open contracts between years. Report separately the change in variation margin on futures contracts open in the prior year to be futures contracts open in the current year.

Line 3.13 & 3.14— Change in the Variation Margin on Open Contracts - All

Report the change in the variation margin on open contracts between years. Report separately the change in variation margin on futures contracts or in the prior year from futures contracts open in the current year.

Line 3.21 & 3.22— Change in adjustment to basis of hedged item

Report the change in variation making in the contracts between years that were adjusted into the hedged item(s). Report separately the change in variation margin on futures contracts open in the prior year from futures contracts open in the contracts open in the prior year.

Line 3.23 & 3.24— Change in amount recognize

Report the change in variation margin on open contracts between years that were recognized. Report separately the change in variation margin on futures contracts open in the prior year from futures contracts open in the current year.

- Line 3.3 Subtotal t e change in variation margin on open contracts used to adjust hedged item(s) and recognized a the of change in variation margin on open contracts.
- Line 4.1 Replit the cumulative variation margin on contracts terminated during the year.
- Line 4.21 Report the popular of gain (loss) adjusted into the hedged item(s) from terminated contracts during the year.
- Line 4.22 Rep. the amount of gain (loss) recognized from terminated contracts during the year.
- Line 4.3 Subtotal the total gain (loss) on terminated contracts during the year less the total gain (loss) on contracts terminated during the year that were recognized or basis adjusted into the hedged item(s).

Line 5 - Dispositions of gains (losses) on contracts terminations in the prior years

Line 5.1 - Total gain (loss) recognized in current year for terminations in the prior year

Line 5.2 – Total gain (loss) adjusted into the hedged item(s) current year for terminations in the prior year.

Report the gain (loss) on disposal of the specified derivatives for the current year.

Line 6 – Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at End of Current Period

Report the book/adjusted carrying value as of the end of the current period rates ing other-thantemporary impairments, if any.

Line 7 — Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts

Report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts related to the specified a rival as as of the end of the current period.

Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess or my investment limitation.

Line 8 - Statement Value at End of Current Period (Line 6 minus Line)

Report the statement value of the specified derivatives as the old of the current period.

### SCHEDULE DB - PART C - SECTION 1

### REPLICATION (SYNTHETIC ASSET) TRANSACTIONS (RSATs) OPEN ON DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Include all RSATs owned December 31 of current year, including those open on December 31 of the previous year, and those acquired during the current year.

Column 1 - RSAT Number

Enter the RSAT Number as administered by the CUSIP Division of Standard & Poor's

Column 2 — Description of the RSAT

Enter a complete and accurate description of the RSAT, including a description of the relationship of the Cash Instrument(s) and the Derivative(s) used to produce the replication.

Column 3 - NAIC Designation or Other Description of the RSAT

Enter the NAIC Designation or, when the NAIC Designation not; plicable, other description that will best identify the Risk-Based Capital and Asset Valuation across (if applicable) class of the RSAT, as if the RSAT was recorded on the appropriate is vestment schedule.

Column 4 - Notional Amount of the RSAT

Enter the Notional Amount of the RSAT; e.g. e amount on which the interest/coupon accrues.

Column 5 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of the RS (T

Enter the Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of the RSAT as if the reporting entity had purchased and accounted for the specified as et. in north a entities should document the determination of this value. For each individual RSAT adjusted in Column 1, report a total of all Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Derivative Instrument place total of all Book /Adjusted Carrying Value of the Cash Investment(s). Use formula below for reference

Column 10 + olumn 15

Column 6 - Fair Value of the KSA.

Enter the far value of the RSAT. Amortized or the Book/Adjusted Carrying values should not be substituted for this value. For each individual RSAT indicated in Column 1, report a total of all Fair Value of Derivative Instruments Open plus a total of all Fair Value of the Cash Investment(s) Held. Use the formula below for reference:

Column 11 + Column 16

Column 7 - Effective Date of the RSAT

Show the start date of the RSAT.

Column 8 - Maturity Date of the RSAT

Show the maturity date of the RSAT.

Column 9 - Description of Derivative Instruments Open

Identify the derivative(s) used in the RSAT (e.g., swap, call option, etc.)

Column 10 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of Derivative Instrument Open

Represents the statement value, with any nonadmitted assets added back. Refer to SSAP No. 86— Derivatives for further discussion.

Column 11 - Fair Value of Derivative Instrument(s) Open

Enter the fair value of derivative instrument(s) open at the end of the period.

Column 12 - CUSIP of Cash Instrument(s) Held

Enter the CUSIP or Investment Number of the Cash Instrument(s) used. the AT as the instrument appears on the appropriate investment schedule.

(a) CUSIP digits 1-6: Issuer number

(b) CUSIP digits 7-8: Exact issue sequence

(c) CUSIP digit 9: check digit

Column 13 — Description of Cash Instrument(s) Held

Enter description of the cash instruments used in the RSA. This description is for reference purposes only, and is not intended to replace the appropriate reporting on other investment schedules. List each cash instrument separately (i.e., do and aggregate cash instruments having the same NAIC Designation).

Column 14 - NAIC Designation or Other Description of Cool Instrument(s) Held

Enter the NAIC Designation or, when the NAIC Designation is not applicable, other description that will best identify the Risk-Bood Capit I and Asset Valuation Reserve (if applicable) class of the eash instrument(s) used in the RSA'r.

Column 15 - Book/Adjusted Carryi Value of Cash Investment(s) Held

Represents the statement value, with any nonadmitted assets added back. Refer to SSAP No. 86— Derivative for further discussion.

Column 16 - Fair Value of C. h Instrument(s) Held

Enter fair value of cash instrument(s) used in the RSAT.

### SCHEDULE DB - PART C - SECTION 2

### RECONCILIATION OF REPLICATION (SYNTHETIC ASSET) TRANSACTIONS OPEN

Use this schedule in both the quarterly and annual statements. Companies that are not required to file quarterly statement should leave those columns blank.

Number of Positions

Enter the number of transactions that have unique RSAT numbers.

Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transactions Statement Values

Enter "Statement Value" of the RSAT, as if the reporting entity had purchased and accounted or the specific asset. Companies should document the determination of this value. The values indicated should be the aggregate of the values for all open replication (synthetic asset) transactions.

Line 1 — Beginning Inventory

The number of positions and total replication (synthetic ass.) tran actions statement value should agree with the previous period's (quarterly or annual). Ving Eventory, Schedule DB, Part C, Section 2. Line 1 of each quarter should be the same as 1 no 7 or the previous quarter.

Line 2 — Opened or Acquired Transactions

Provide the number of positions opened or a universal and the aggregated replication (synthetic asset) transactions statement values as of the acquisition dates:

Line 3 — Increases in Replication (Synthetic Asset Transaction Statement Value

Enter the aggregate increases in the state, out value of replication (synthetic asset) transactions held at any time during the period.

Line 4 - Closed or Disposed of Transactions

Enter the number of positions that were disposed of during the period, with the aggregated replication (synthetic asset) transactors statement values as of the disposition dates.

Line 5 – Positions I spos if of fo Failing Effectiveness Criteria

Enter the number of positions that were disposed of during the period because the position was no longer effective. Aggregate the replication (synthetic asset) transactions statement values as of the dispose on dates.

Line 6 – I ecreas s in Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transaction Statement Value

Agg. sated decreases in the statement value of the replication (synthetic asset) transactions held at any during the period.

Line 7 Ending Inventory

Show the net of Line 1 + Line 2 + Line 3 - Line 4 - Line 5 - Line 6.

Year to Date Columns

Line 1 should be the same as the first quarter Line 1. Lines 2 through 6 should be the sum of the quarters, through the end of the quarter being reported. Line 7 – Ending Inventory should be the same as Line 7 of the most recently completed quarter. Number of Positions and Total Replication (Synthetic Asset) Transaction Statement Value should agree with the current period's (quarterly or annual) Schedule DB, Part C, Section 2 totals.

### SCHEDULE DB - VERIFICATION

### BOOK/ADJUSTED CARRYING VALUE, FAIR VALUE AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE OF DERIVATIVES

The purpose of this schedule is to verify the amounts reported in each individual derivative schedule (Schedule DB, Part A, Section 1 and Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1) against those reported in the Counterparty Exposure schedule (Schedule DB, Part D).

### BOOK/ADJUSTED CARRYING VALUE CHECK

- Line 1 Total Book/Adjusted Carrying Value of all derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part A. Section 1, Column 14.
- Line 2 Cumulative Variation Margin of highly effective derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1, Column 15 plus Total Ending Cash Balance found on Schedule DB, Part B, Sect. 1, Broker Name/Net Cash Deposits Footnote.
- Line 3 Grand Total of Book/Adjusted Carrying Value from individual schedules (n. nes 1 + 2).
- Line 4 Total of all positive Book/Adjusted Carrying Value found on School by David David Decision 1, Column 5.
- Line 5 Total of all negative Book/Adjusted Carrying Value found on Scholar DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 6.
- Line 6 Grand Total Check for Book/Adjusted Carrying Value (\* pes 3 \* 5).

### FAIR VALUE AR K

- Line 7 Total Fair Value of all derivatives fo au o. Schulule DB, Part A, Section 1, Column 16.
- Line 8 Total Fair Value of futures contract found or Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1 Column 13.
- Line 9 Grand Total of Fair Value from individual schedules (Lines 7 + 8).
- Line 10 Total of all positive Fair Value, and on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 8.
- Line 11 Total of all negat e Fa Value ound on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 9.
- Line 12 Grand Total Check for Sair Value (Lines 9 10 11).

### POTENTIAL EXPOSURE CHECK

- Line 13 Tota. Poter. III. Exposure of all derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part A, Section 1, Column 21.
- Line 14 Total Potential Exposure of all futures found on Schedule DB, Part B, Section 1, Column 20.
- Line 15 Total Potential Exposure of all derivatives found on Schedule DB, Part D, Section 1, Column 11.
- Line 16 Grand Total Check for Potential Exposure (Lines 13 + 14 15).

# SCHEDULE E - PART 2 - VERIFICATION BETWEEN YEARS

# CASH EQUIVALENTS

Column I	_	Total
		Equals the sum of Columns 2, 3 and 4.
Line 1	_	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value, December 31 of Prior Year
		In Column 1, report the book/adjusted carrying value per Schedule E, Part 2, Caum. 7 of the prior year's annual statement.
Line 2	-	Cost of Cash Equivalents Acquired
		Report the aggregate cost of cash equivalents acquired during the year.
Line 3	-	Accrual of Discount
		In Column 1, report the total amount of accrual of discount coing to year. The accrual of discount should be consistent with the accounting guidance consistent with the accounting guidance consistent with the accounting guidance consistent with the accounting practices and Procedures Manual.
Line 4	-	Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)
		Report the total unrealized valuation increase. (ecre. e) for the year.
Line 5	-	Total Gain (Loss) on Disposals
		In Column 1, report the gain (loss) on "ispose" cash equivalents.
Line 6	-	Deduct Consideration Recorded on Disposals
		Report the proceeds received on hispinal of eash equivalents.
Line 7	-	Deduct Amortization of Premium
		In Column 1, report to total amount of amortization of premium during the year. The amortization of premium should be consistent with the accounting guidance contained in the Accounting Practices and Procedures and
Line 8	-	Total Fereign Exenange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value
		In Column 1 seport the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.
Line 9	1	Laduct Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized
4		wort the other-than-temporary impairments for the year.
Line 10	-	Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at end of Current Period

Column 1 equals Schedule E, Part 2, Column 7, Total.

Line 11 - Deduct Total Nonadmitted Amounts

In Column 1, report the adjustment for nonadmitted amounts as of the end of the current period.

Include: The amount of the portfolio that is in excess of any investment limitation.

Line 12 - Statement Value at End of Current Period

In Column 1, report the statement value of as of the end of the current period. This amount should tie to the Assets Page, Line 5, inset for cash equivalents.

Not for Distribution

### SCHEDULE A - PART 1

### REAL ESTATE OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Real estate includes land, buildings and permanent improvements (includes real estate owned under contract of sale). Also include single real estate property wholly owned by an LLC that meets the criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments. All other real estate owned indirectly (such as through joint ventures) should be included in Schedule BA. The purpose for this schedule is to report individually each property owned, classified into categories that separately identify properties occupied by the reporting entity, properties held for the production of income, and properties held for sale. Report each Real Estate project under development in the category where it will ultimately reside, (e.g., a project under development that will be owned for the production of income should be reported in properties held for the production of income category). Refer to SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments and SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Contents for accounting guidance.

If the reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required gloups, it must report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same in the same and location as the pre-printed total.

Properties Occupied by the Reporting Entity - Health Care Delivery	0199999
Properties Occupied by the Reporting Entity - Administrative*	0299999
Total Properties Occupied by the Reporting Entity	0399999
Properties Held for the Production of Income	0499999
Properties Held for Sale	0599999
Totals	0699999

 Companies not holding health care delivery assets should contribute total for property occupied by the reporting entity on Line 0299999. Exclude all leasehold improvements paid to the eporting entity from Schedule A, including Health Care leasehold improvements.

For accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations, refer to SSAP No. 23—Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations.

A description of the information required by to columnar headings is as follows:

Column 1 – Description Prop.

Shows: Scription of property, (e.g., apartment complex, land, shopping center, warehouse, etc).

Column 2 — Call

b. 'er "" in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

Enter "!" in this column for all single real estate property wholly owned by an LLC that meets the criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments. For LLCs that do not meet criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments, report on Schedule BA.

If real estate is not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, it is to be identified by placing one of the symbols identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this column.

If the real estate is a single real estate property wholly-owned by an LLC that meets the criteria set forth in SSAP No. 40R—Real Estate Investments and is not under the exclusive control of the company, the "!" should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).

### Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the """ should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).

Column 3 - City

For properties located in the U.S., list the city. If the city is unknown indicate the county. If the property is located outside the U.S., indicate city or province.

Column 4 - State

For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (r. Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructors.

Column 5 - Date Acquired

For individual properties, state date property s accorded

Column 6 — Date of Last Appraisal.

State date of last appraisal.

Column 7 - Actual Cost

Include:

The amount expended to purchase the property along with the costs associated with acquiring title and other amounts such as additions and improvements at the time of purchase or subsequent) that have been capitalized, less all an ounts received for sales of rights or privileges in connection with the property by any cash recoveries received after acquiring title to the property.

For foreclosed properties or voluntary conveyances, include amounts transferred from the Mortgage Loan Account along with other costs that have been capitalized (at the time of purchase or subsequent). Include all amounts expended for taxes, repairs and improvements in excess of the income of the property other than interest, prior to the date of acquiring title.

Le Act al Cost recorded in this column shall ALWAYS be adjusted for other-than-temporary important. Refer to SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments, for the effects impairments on the presentation of cost.

Column 8 Amount of Encumbrances

Properties may be mortgaged and the outstanding principal balance, excluding accrued interest, of all liens at December 31 of the current year should be reported in this column.

# Column 9 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances

Include: The actual cost plus capitalized improvements, less depreciation, less

encumbrances and net adjustments. For properties held for sale, the net adjustment to book value shall include the estimated costs to sell the property, in accordance with SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate

Investments.

Deduct: The amount of other-than-temporary impairment write-downs required under

SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments.

Exclude: Valuation allowance.

### Column 10 - Fair Value Less Encumbrances

Report the fair value of the property less encumbrances. Discuss in the statements Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, the basis on which fair value as determined.

### Column 11 - Current Year's Depreciation

This amount should represent the depreciation expert for period and shall include any depreciation recorded on a property held for sale.

Include: Depreciation that was record if a property during the current year that was later

classified as property held sale.

The unrealized valuation and in/loss for separate account only.

### Column 12 - Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary I make t Recognized

If the real estate has suffered an here, on-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Cains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.

Include: Reductions of fair value on property newly classified as held for sale, in

Cordance with SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate

In stments.

# Column 13 - Current Y r's Change i Encumbrances

Report as a post, we number any decreases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year.

Report as a negative number any increases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year.

### Column 15 - Total Force Exchange Change in Book Adjusted Carrying Value

Inter the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.

#### Column 16 ss Income Earned Less Interest Incurred on Encumbrances

Include: Rental income on Home Office property.

#### Column 17 - Taxes, Repairs and Expenses Incurred

Include: Amounts paid or accrued for taxes, repairs and other related expenses.

Exclude: Interest incurred on encumbrances.

### \*\* Columns 18 through 22 will be electronic only. \*\*

### Column 18 - Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code

Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price, at which the real estate could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value higgarchy level.

"1" for Level 1

"2" for Level 2

"3" for Level 3

The following is a listing of the valid method indicators for real attack a show the method used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.

"a" for securities where the rate is determined by a prime ser-

"b" for securities where the rate is determined by a Stock exphange.

- "c" for securities where the rate is determined by a broker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the price of poor or for any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must either be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and strong securities or be an underwriter of the security being valued. (Reporting entities shall be aze source "c" to capture any other method used by the reporting entity to obtain or ervable inputs resulting in a hierarchy Level 1 or Level 2. Documentation of the source shall then be included in Column 19.)
- "d" for securities when the rate is determined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a report of the pricing methodology used.
- "e" for securities a tiere the rate is determined by the unit price provided in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a combination of hierarchy and method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and a prechod used to determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use "Ib" to report Level 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value.

### Column 19 - Source Used to Obtain Fair Value

For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.

For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.

The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:

www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method Code "e," identify the specific broker or custodian used.

For Method Code "d," leave blank.

For Method Code "e," leave blank.

### Column 20 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for issur as issigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave on al.

### Column 21 - Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For properties located in U.S. states, territories and postal code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Jultime postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one possessions and code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separate by commas.

Example two U.S. postal cases and on United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

### Column 22 - Property Type

For property type, use the of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF Office

RT R

MU Apartn. 1/Multifamily

IN Industrial

H cal/Health Care

X fixed Use

O Lodging

Other

### SCHEDULE A - PART 2

### REAL ESTATE ACQUIRED AND ADDITIONS MADE DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only those new real estate investments and their encumbrances, but also any additions and permanent improvements to existing properties acquired in the current and prior periods and their encumbrances. Report individually each property acquired or transferred from another category (e.g., joint ventures, Schedule BA). Property acquired and sold during the same year should be reported in both Part 2 and Part 3.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and occation as the pre-printed total.

Acquired by purchase	 0199999
Acquired by internal transfer	 0299999
Totals	 

Column 1 - Description of Property

Show description of property (e.g., apartment com, tex, and, shopping center, warehouse, etc).

Column 2 – City

For properties located in the U.S., list he is If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the property is located outside the U.S., indicate city or province.

Column 3 - State

For properties located in U.S. states, pritories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing is the appendix of these instructions.

Column 4 — Date Acquired

For individual, ropernes, state date property was acquired.

Column 5 - Name Vendor

Pown, the same of the entity from which the property was acquired. For internal transfers, indicate nternal transfer, in lieu of a vendor name.

# Column 6 - Actual Cost at Time of Acquisition

Include: This column should be utilized to report the cost of original purchases. The

amount expended to purchase the property along with the costs associated with

acquiring title.

For foreclosed properties or voluntary conveyances, include amounts transferred from the Mortgage Loan Account along with other costs that have been

capitalized (at the time of purchase).

Exclude: Amounts expended for additions and permanent improvements at are reported

in column 9.

The amount reported in the Actual Cost column included in Schedule A, Part 2 vill never differ from the actual consideration paid to purchase the investment. Any appropriate adjust tents to the Actual Cost will be made in Schedule A, Part 1 or in Schedule A, Part 3. Refer to Schedule A, Port 3. Refer to S

#### Column 7 - Amount of Encumbrances

Properties may be mortgaged and the outstanding princip in dan, excluding accrued interest, of all liens at December 31 of the current year should be reported in this column.

# Column 8 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrance

Include: The actual cost pla cap lized improvements, less depreciation, less

encumbrances and net adj. tments.

Deduct: The amount of our may temporary impairment write-downs required under

SSAP No. 90— agairmed or Disposal of Real Estate Investments.

Exclude: Valu non allow nees:

### Column 9 - Additional Investment Made A. A quisition

This column should be utilized to report the amount expended for additions and permanent improvement.

Exclude: A jounts expended for original acquisitions that are reported in column 6.

### \*\* Columns 10 through 12 will be electronic only. \*\*

### Column 10 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

#### Column 11 - Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlyant property. For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit? IP code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered in the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highes to low st value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example of two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code, \$1501,68104,E4 7SD).

### Column 12 - Property Type

For property type, use one of the following codes to in the trimary use of the property:

OF Office

RT Retail

MU Apartment/Multifamily

IN Industrial

HC Medical/Health Care

MX Mixed Use

LO Lodging

OT Other

### SCHEDULE A - PART 3

### REAL ESTATE DISPOSED DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only disposals of an entire real estate investment, but should also include partial disposals and amounts received during the year on properties still held. Report individually each property disposed or transferred to another category (e.g., joint ventures, Schedule BA). Properties acquired and disposed during the same year should be reported in both Part 2 and Part 3.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and occation as the pre-printed total.

Property disposed	999
Property transferred	999
Totals	999

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as oldow

Column 1 – Description of Property

Show description of property, (e.g., apartmen, mple, land, shopping center, warehouse, etc).

Column 2 - City

For properties located in the LLC list be only. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the property is located outside the U.S., in lical, city or province.

Column 3 - State

For properties located C.U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories are possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the 1 ting in the appendix of these instructions.

Column 4 — Disposal Date

For a vidual properties, state date property was sold using MM/DD/YYYY format. For properties transferr, to another category, this column should not be completed.

Column 5 - 1 ame of Purchaser

vovide the name of the entity to which the property was sold. For internal transfers, indicate "internal sfer" in lieu of purchaser name.

#### Column 6 - Actual Cost

Include:

The amount expended to purchase the property along with the costs associated with acquiring title and other amounts such as additions and improvements (at the time of purchase or subsequent) which have been capitalized, less all amounts received for sales of rights or privileges in connection with the property or by any cash recoveries received after acquiring title to the property.

For foreclosed properties or voluntary conveyances, include amounts transferred from the Mortgage Loan Account along with other costs that have been capitalized (at the time of purchase or subsequent). It can all amounts expended for taxes, repairs and improvements in excess of the mome of the property other than interest, prior to the date of acquiring title.

The Actual Cost recorded in this column shall ALWAYS be adjuste for cher-than-temporary impairment. Refer to SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Actual Cost impairments on the presentation of cost.

### Column 7 — Expended for Additions, Permanent Improvements and Changes in L. sumbrances

Include: Only those amounts expended af acquiring title, including increases or

reductions in encumbrances

### Column 8 — Book Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrance Proc Year

This should equal the Book/Adjusted Can, ong while amount reported in the prior year annual statement for each specific security.

This amount, plus the Change in Blok/A line ed l'arry Value columns should equal the Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at Disposal Date.

# Column 9 - Current Year's Depreciation

This amount should represent the depreciation expense for the period and shall include any depreciation recorded on a property neld for sale.

Include:

De reciation that was recorded on property during the current year that was later assumed as property held for sale.

The unrealized valuation gain/loss for separate account only.

### Column 10 - Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

If the real of the has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized copital to see in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.

n Jude:

Reductions to fair value on property newly classified as held for sale, in accordance with SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments.

#### Column 11 - Current Year's Change in Encumbrances

Report as a positive number any decreases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year. Report as a negative number any increases in encumbrances reported on real estate for the year.

Column 13 - Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

Enter the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year, including reversal of any unrealized foreign exchange gain or losses previously recorded.

Column 14 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances on Disposal

Include: The actual cost plus capitalized improvements, less depreciation, less

encumbrances, and net adjustments at the time of sale or transfer. For properties held for sale, the net adjustment to book value shall include the estimated costs to sell the property, in accordance with SSAP No. 90—Imp. arm of or Disposal

of Real Estate Investments.

Deduct: The amount of other-than-temporary impairment virte-os vns required under

SSAP No. 90—Impairment or Disposal of Real Estate Investments.

Exclude: Valuation allowances.

Column 15 - Amounts Received During Year

Include: Amounts received on sale of right and reges, amounts from real estate

sales including those amounts vived the year of disposal, and other cash

receipts that reduced the book value

Column 16 - Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Disposal

Report the foreign currency exchange gain or los from the disposal of the property.

Column 17 — Realized Gain (Loss) on Disposal ◀

Report the market gain or loss from he up nosal of the property.

Exclude: Foreig currency gain (loss) reported in Column 16.

Column 18 - Total Gain (Loss) on Disposal

Enter the sum of Column 16, foreign exchange gain (loss), and Column 17, realized gain (loss).

Column 19 - Gross Income Es ned Les Interest Incurred on Encumbrances

Include: Rental income on property occupied by the company.

Column 20 - Taxes epairs and Expenses Incurred

clude. Amounts paid or accrued for taxes, repairs and other related expenses.

Exercise: Interest incurred on encumbrances.

# \*\* Columns 21 through 23 will be electronic only. \*\*

# Column 21 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

#### Column 22 - Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the undrays: property. For properties located in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit. IP code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the property is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be enterned in the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from alignes to low st value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal code (3, 50) 68104,E4 7SD).

# Column 23 - Property Type

For property type, use one of the following codes to in. I te the primary use of the property:

OF Office

RT Retail

MU Apartment/Multifamily

IN Industrial

HC Medical/Health Care

MX Mixed Use

LO Lodging

OT Other

Not of Oistibution Age to the control of the contro

# SCHEDULE B - PARTS 1 AND 2

# MORTGAGE LOANS OWNED AND ACQUIRED - GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total.

For accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations, refer to SSAP No. 23—Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations.

# Mortgages in Good Standing:

0199999
0299999
0399999
0499999
0599999
0699999
0899999

# Restructured Mortgages:

Farm Mortgages	0999999
Residential Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed	
Residential Mortgages — All Other	1199999
Commercial Mortgages — Insured or Guarantee	1299999
Commercial Mortgages — All Other	
Mezzanine Loans	
Total Restructured Mortgages (sum of 0° 9999 threigh 1499999)	1699999

# Mortgages with Overdue Interest Over 90 Days, Not n. he P ocess of Forcelosure:

Farm Mortgages	1799999
Residential Mortgages — Insured or cogranteed	
Residential Mortgages — All Coner.	
Commercial Mortogoes — Instred or Jugganteed	2000000
Commercial Mortgages - All o box	2199999
Mezzanine Loans	2299999
Total Mortgages with Overdue Interest Over 90 Days, Not in the Process	
of Foreclosure . vm of 1799999 through 2299999)	2499999

#### Mortgages in the Process of Foreclosure:

Farm Mortgages	2599999
Residential Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed	2699999
Residential Mortgages — All Other	2799999
Commercial Mortgages — Insured or Guaranteed	2899999
Commercial Mortgages — All Other	2999999
Mezzanine Loans	
Total Mortgages in the Process of Foreclosure (sum of 2599999 through 3099999)	3299999
Total Mortgages (sum of 0899999, 1699999, 2499999 and 3299999)	1399999

## Mortgages in good standing:

This section applies to loans on which all the original basic terms of the loan at being met by the borrowers. It also includes loans on which all the basic terms of refinancing agreements at current a riket terms are being met by the borrowers. Insured or guaranteed loans are considered to be only those loan insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the National Housing Act of Canada or by the linear administration. For loans subject to a participation agreement, include only the reporting entity's stand of bood value/recorded investment excluding accrued interest.

#### Mortgages with restructured terms:

Restructured loans include commercial mortgage loans on which the basic terms such as interest rate, maturity date, collateral or guaranty have been restructured in 1986 of later as a result of actual or anticipated delinquency. Include those loans whose basic terms are being met in accordance in ith the restructuring agreement. A maturing balloon mortgage that has been refinanced or extended at below common market terms should be classified as a restructured loan. (A maturing balloon mortgage that has been refinanced or extended or extended at current market terms should be considered a performing loan.) Current market terms are loan terms where the borrower pays a current market interest rate consistent with the collateral, paturity dire, and other terms of the mortgage.

A mortgage loan will no longer be considered in an eategory when one or more of the following events occur:

The loan is paid in full or otherwise retired.

The loan becomes de inquent under the terms of the restructure agreement.

The loan is in the process of forcelosure.

The borro, r has resumed the original contractual terms on the current loan balance including payments, interest rate as 1 pan duration. The borrower must have also made cash payments of any interest or principal for gone during the restructure.

If none of a laborate met, a loan will no longer be considered as restructured when all of the following conditions ex

The loan-to-value ratio based upon the current appraisal cannot be greater than 80%. Additionally, the loan-to-value ratio cannot be greater than the state of domicile's limits for first mortgages. An independent appraiser must perform the current appraisal. The appraisal requirement does not apply to individual loans the lesser of \$1 million or 5% of capital and surplus. The aggregate of such exempted loans must not exceed 15% of total long-term mortgage holdings.

AND

The coupon rate after restructuring is a current market rate. Such coupon rates should be consistent with the coupon rate on new commercial mortgages of comparable terms made by the reporting entity in the quarter in which the restructure date occurred, or:

On the restructure date, not be less than the quarterly average of new commercial mortgage loan rates of loans of comparable terms from the Survey of Mortgage Commitments of Commercial Properties by the American Council of Life Insurers (ACLI), by more than ½ of a percentage point difference.

AND

The restructured mortgage loan performs according to the new terms for at least two sures

# Mortgages with overdue interest over 90 days not in the process of foreclosure:

Show individually mortgages upon which interest is overdue more than 90 days or upon with taxes or other liens are delinquent more than one year.

# Mortgages in process of foreclosure:

This section applies to loans in the process of being foreclosed or will tarm onveyed by the borrower to the lender. It also includes loans in which transfer of title is awaiting experiment to redemption or moratorium period.



## SCHEDULE B - PART 1

#### MORTGAGE LOANS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Report separately all mortgage loans owned and backed by real estate. Include non-conventional mortgage loans (e.g., loans that can be increased to their maximum loan value without incurring the cost of writing a new mortgage). Also include mezzanine real estate loans. For accounting and admission guidance related to mezzanine real estate loans, refer to SSAP No. 83—Mezzanine Real Estate Loans. Collateralized Mortgage Obligations, (residential mortgage-backed securities), should be included in Schedule D.

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as follows:

#### Column 1 - Loan Number

Report the mortgage loan number assigned by the reporting satisty. For fi eign denominated mortgages, indicate the principal indebtedness amount in its local current

#### Column 2 - Code

Enter "" in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If mortgage loans are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, it is to be identified by placing the factorial formula of the symbols identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this column.

#### Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between means insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the """ second arm or first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment, theo "es General Instructions).

#### Column 3 - City

For mortgages in the U.S., list eny. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the mortgage is outside the U.S., indicate the city or province.

#### Column 4 - State

For mortga s in U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation to U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. state, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

## Column 5 - 1 pan 1 pe

f the loan was made to an officer or director of the reporting entity/subsidiary/affiliate, enter "E". If loan was made directly to a subsidiary or affiliate enter "S". Otherwise, leave the column blank.

# Column 6 — Date Acquired

State date mortgage was acquired.

#### Column 7 - Rate of Interest

Report the effective annual interest rate of the mortgage.

## Column 8 - Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest

Report the statutory book value/recorded investment excluding accrued interest of each loan.

Deduct: Direct write-down (charge-off) if the loss is other-than-temporary. Report as a

realized loss.

Exclude: Valuation allowance.

# Column 9 - Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)

The difference between the Book Value/Recorded Investment at the project particle and the Book Value/Recorded Investment at the current year-end not related to the receipt of loan principal payments, other-than-temporary impairments and amortization.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gas is (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

# Column 10 - Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion

This amount should equal the net of the reporting year's amortization of premium or accrual of discount. The accrual of discount amounts in his cournn are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.

# Column 11 - Current Year's Other-Than-Temporar, Impairment Recognized

If the mortgage loan has sylvered an other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct w. 2-down cognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Extra bit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.

# Column 12 - Capitalized Deferred Increst And Other

Include interest and or or mems that can be capitalized in accordance with SSAP No. 37—Mortgage Loans.

#### Column 13 - Total Foreign F. shange Change In Book Value

Enter unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the year.

# Column 14 - Yalue o Land and Buildings

Reporting appraisal value of the property (for land and buildings). For loans subject to a participation seement, include only the reporting entity's pro rata share of the appraised value as it relates to the reporting entity's interest in the mortgage loan.

#### Column 15 - Date of Last Appraisal or Valuation

State date of last appraisal or valuation of the collateral.

# \*\* Columns 16 through 19 will be electronic only. \*\*

# Column 16 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any mortgagor as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

#### Column 17 - Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use a lat country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal codes and one United Kingdom postal cod \$150, \$8104,E47SD).

# Column 18 - Property Type

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the property:

OF Office

RT Retail

MU Apartment/Multifamily

IN Industrial

HC Medical/Health Care

MX Mixed Use

LO Lodging

OT Other

# Column 19 - Maturity Date

State the date the age can matures.

## SCHEDULE B - PART 2

# MORTGAGE LOANS ACQUIRED AND ADDITIONS MADE DURING YEAR

Report individually all mortgage loans acquired or transferred from another category (e.g., joint ventures, Schedule BA) but also any increases or additions to mortgage loans acquired or transferred in the current and prior periods. Mortgages acquired and disposed during the same year should be reported in both Part 2 and Part 3. Include non-conventional mortgage loans (e.g., loans that can be increased to their maximum loan value without incurring the cost of writing a new mortgage). Also include mezzanine real estate loans. For accounting and admission guidance related to mezzanine real estate loans, refer to SSAP No. 83—Mezzanine Real Estate Loans. Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (residential mortgage-backed securities) should be included in Schedule D.

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as follows:

Column 1 - Loan Number

Report the mortgage loan number assigned by the reporting tity. or foreign denominated mortgages, indicate the principal indebtedness amount in its local current.

Column 2 - City

For mortgages in the U.S., list city. If the city is us town, a dicate the county. If the mortgage is outside the U.S., indicate the city or province.

Column 3 - State

For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the mortgage is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the tree-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these distructions.

Column 4 – Loan Type

If the loan was made to an officer of director of the reporting entity/subsidiary/affiliate, enter "E". If the loan was made directly to a subsidiary or affiliate, enter "S." Otherwise, leave the column blank.

Column 5 - Date Acquired

State date ortg, re was equired.

Column 6 - Rate of Interest

Report the effective annual interest rate of the mortgage.

Column 7 - Actual cost at Time of Acquisition

Report the actual amount loaned for the mortgages at the time the asset was originally acquired. The of acquiring the assets includes any additional amounts that are to be capitalized. Accordingly, there may be a premium or discount on such loans resulting from a difference between the amount paid and the principal amount. Do not include additional expenditures after the time of initial acquisition. These amounts are reported in Column 8.

# Column 8 - Additional Investment Made after Acquisition

Report additional amounts that increased the mortgage during the year subsequent to the time the asset was originally acquired, e.g., increases in the loan. Include additional loans on mortgages that were subsequently disposed during the year.

#### Column 9 - Value of Land and Buildings

Report the appraisal value of the property (for land and buildings). For loans subject to a participation agreement, include only the reporting entity's pro rata share of the appraised value as it relates to the reporting entity's interest in the mortgage loan.

# \*\* Columns 10 through 13 will be electronic only. \*\*

# Column 10 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any mor great assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave Nank.

#### Column 11 - Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should record the location of the underlying property. For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions us, the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. state, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal code should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and fixed com highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal codes and one initial R ngdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

#### Column 12 - Property Type

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF Office

RT Retail

MU Apartmy a/Mr. 'ifa...ily

IN In werit

HC Medica Health Care

MX Mixed Use

LC L ing

T Other

#### Column 13 \_\_\_\_\_ Yaturity Date

State the date the mortgage loan matures.

## SCHEDULE B - PART 3

# MORTGAGE LOANS DISPOSED, TRANSFERRED OR REPAID DURING THE YEAR

Report individually each mortgage that has had decreases in the balance as a result of being closed by repayment, partial repayment, disposed or transferred to another category (e.g., real estate, Schedule A). Do not report individual partial repayments, but aggregate all partial repayments by mortgage loan.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total.

Mortgages closed by repayment	
Mortgages with partial repayments	0299999
Mortgages disposed	
Mortgages transferred	
Total	

A description of the information required by the columnar headings is as rollow-

Column 1 — Loan Number

Report the mortgage number assigned by the rep. ting entity.

Column 2 — City

For mortgages in the U.S., I'v. co., If a city is unknown, indicate the county. If the mortgage is outside the U.S., indicate the city or prevince.

Column 3 - State

For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the mortgage is located outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available if the I ting in he appendix of these instructions.

Column 4 - Loan Type

If the ten was made to an officer or director of the reporting entity/subsidiary/affiliate, enter "E." If the bean we made directly to a subsidiary or affiliate enter "S." Otherwise, leave the column blank.

Column 5 - Inte Acquired

te date mortgage was acquired.

Column 6 – Disposal Date

For individual properties, state date mortgage was disposed using MM/DD/YYYY format. For mortgages transferred to another category and mortgages with partial payments, this column should not be completed.

# Column 7 - Book Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest Prior Year

Report the statutory book value/recorded investment excluding accrued interest at December 31 of the prior year.

Deduct: The amount of any write-downs. Report as a realized loss.

Exclude: Valuation allowance.

# Column 8 - Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)

The difference between the Book Value/Recorded Investment at the previous of r-end and the Book Value/Recorded Investment at the current year-end not related to the precipional loan principal payments, other-than-temporary impairments and amortization.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains (loss). In Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

# Column 9 - Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion

This amount should equal the net of the reporting year arms indion of premium or accrual of discount. The accrual of discount amounts in this colors are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.

# Column 10 - Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impa, sent a cognized

If the mortgage loan has suffered an "other than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recorded. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Cains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.

# Column 11 - Capitalized Deferred Intere and Othe

Include interest and other item. that can be capitalized in accordance with SSAP No. 37—Mortgage Loans.

# Column 13 - Total Foreign Exchange hange in Book Value

Enter the varical color of exchange gain or loss for the year, including reversal of foreign exchange gains or loss preciously recorded.

#### Column 14 - Boo Value/Recorded Investment Excluding Accrued Interest on Disposal

Report the cututory Book Value/Recorded Investment excluding accrued interest (including any pitally d amounts) at the time the loan was sold or transferred to another category, (e.g., real estate).

Dec..... The amount of any write-downs. Report as a realized loss.

Exclude: Valuation allowance.

#### Column 15 - Consideration

Report the amount received during the year on mortgages disposed, including partial pay-downs of mortgages, sale of the mortgage or through transfer to another category (e.g., Schedule A). For those mortgages transferred to another category, only report the amount received for the period up to the time the loan was transferred.

# Column 16 - Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Disposal

Enter the foreign currency exchange gain or loss.

#### Column 17 - Realized Gain (Loss) on Disposal

Report the amount of any market gain or loss realized from the transfer, sale or maturity.

Exclude: Foreign currency gain (loss) reported in Column 16.

#### Column 18 - Total Gain (Loss) on Disposal

Enter the sum of Column 16 foreign exchange gain or loss, and Column 17 realized vin or loss.

# \*\* Columns 19 through 22 will be electronic only. \*\*

# Column 19 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any mort, gor as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, lease blank

#### Column 20 - Postal Code

The postal code(s) reported in this column should tenest the tocation of the underlying property. For mortgages in U.S. states, territories and possesse us, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. If the mortgage is located outside the 1.5. states, territories and possessions, use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal code a should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by formulae.

Example two U.S. postal code and se to ited Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

#### Column 21 - Property Type

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF Office

RT Rankil

MU Ap met M afamily

IN Industria.

HC Medical/Health Care

Mixed Use

Lodging Lodging

Contract Contract

# Column 22 Maturity Date

State the date the mortgage loan matures.

This page intentionally to

Not for Distribution

# SCHEDULE BA - PARTS 1, 2 AND 3

# OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS - GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Include only those classes of invested assets not clearly or normally includable in any other invested asset schedule. Such assets should include any assets previously written off for book purposes, but which still have a market or investment value. Give a detailed description of each investment and the underlying security. If an asset is to be recorded in Schedule BA that is normally reported in one of the other invested asset schedules, make full disclosure in the Name or Description column of the reason for recording such an asset in Schedule BA.

For accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations, refer to SSAP No. 23 -1 wign Currency Transactions and Translations.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required groups, cat gories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding group, category, or subcategory, with the specified abtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number

Group or Category	Line Number
Oil and Gas Production	<b>O</b>
Unaffiliated	0199999 0299999
Transportation Equipment	A.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I.I
Unaffiliated	
Mineral Rights	-
Unaffiliated	
Non-Registered Private Funds with Underlying As ats Have Contracteristics of:	
Bonds	
NAIC Designation Assigned by the securities Valuation Office (SV	0)
Unaffiliated	0799999
Affiliated	
NAIC Designation Not price by the Securities Valuation Office	(SVO)
Unaff åted	
Mortgage Loans	1077777
offiliated	1199999
Ath inted	1299999
Other Fixed In ome astruments	
Una filiated	
diated	1499999

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests for Which the Underlying Assets Have the Characteristics of:

OL.	
Fixed Income Instruments	
NAIC Designation Assigned by the Securities Valuation Office (SVO)	
Unaffiliated	1599999
Affiliated	1699999
NAIC Designation Not Assigned by the Securities Valuation Office (SVO)	
Unaffiliated	
Affiliated	1899999
Common Stocks	
Unaffiliated	1999999
Affiliated	2099999
Real Estate	******
	2199999 2299999
Mortgage Loans	2299999
Unaffiliated	2200000
Affiliated	
Other	21/////
Unaffiliated	2500000
Affiliated	
Surplus Debentures, etc.	
Unaffiliated	2799999
Affiliated	
Collateral Loans	
Unaffiliated	
Affiliated	3099999
Non-collateral Loans	
Unaffiliated	
Affiliated	3299999
Capital Notes	
Unaffiliated	
	3499999
Guaranteed Federal Low Income in using Too Credit	2500000
Unaffiliated	3599999
Non-Guaranteed Federal Low . some Housing Tax Credit	3077777
Unaffiliated	3700000
Affiliat	
Guaranteed State Lo. Income Housing Tax Credit	
Un.	3999999
Affilia d	4099999
Non-Guaranteed St. e Low Income Housing Tax Credit	
Unaffiliated	
Affiliated	4299999

All Other Low Income Housing Tax Credit
Unaffiliated
Affiliated
Working Capital Finance Investment
Unaffiliated
Any Other Class of Assets
Unaffiliated
Affiliated
Subtotals
Unaffiliated
Affiliated
TOTALS

The following listing is intended to give examples of investments to be included in each 1 tegory however the list should not be considered all inclusive, and it should not be implied that any invested asset currently a ingregorted in Schedules A, B or D is to be reclassified to Schedule BA:

# Oil and Gas Production

Include: Offshore oil and gas leases.,

Transportation Equipment

Include: Aircraft owned under la rages lease agreements.

Motor Vehicle Trust Certin, etc.

Mineral Rights

Include: Invest ents is xtra, ive materials.

Timber Peeds.

# Non-Registered Private Funds with Under ling Assets Having Characteristics of a Bond, Mortgage Loan or Other Fixed Income Instrument

Include:

I ed income instruments that are not corporate or governmental unit ob igations (Schedule D) or secured by real property (Schedule B).

Any investments 'cemed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of a bond or other tixed income instrument which has been assigned an NAIC designation by the Securities Valuate. Office (SVO) pursuant to the policies in the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC In the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC In the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC In the Purpose of t* 

A viny stments deemed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of a bond or ther fixed income investment which has not been assigned an NAIC designation by the Securities Lation Office (SVO) pursuant to the policies in the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office* for this category. Report these investments on Lines 0999999, 1099999, 1199999, 1299999, 1399999 and 1499999.

# Joint Ventures, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests for Which the Underlying Assets Have the Characteristics:

#### Fixed Income Instruments

Include: Leveraged Buy-out Fund.

A fund investing in the "Z" strip of Collateralized Mortgage Obligations.

Any investments deemed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of fixed income instruments which has been assigned an NAIC designation by the Securit es influation Office (SVO) pursuant to the policies in the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAI*. Investment Analysis Office for this category. Report these investments on Lines 1599999 and To 1999.

Any investments deemed by the reporting entity to possess the underlying characteristics of fixed income instruments which has not been assigned an NAIC designation by Securities Valuation Office (SVO) pursuant to the policies in the *Purposes and Procedu. Man. of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office* for this category. Report these investments on Line 179, 299 and 1899999.

# Common Stocks

Include: Venture Capital Funds.

Real Estate

Include: Real estate developing in sest. Reporting should be consistent with the

detailed property analysis, oppopriate for the corresponding risk-based capital factor for this investment caregory. If the requisite details are not available for

reporting, report u d O ter" subcategory.

Mortgage Loans

Include: Mortg c obliga ons. Reporting should be consistent with the detailed property

analysis a new riate for the corresponding risk-based capital factor for this investment category. If the requisite details are not available for reporting, report

der "Other" subcategory.

Other

Include: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Imited partnership interests in oil and gas production.

Forest product partnerships.

Investments within the Joint Venture and Partnership Interests category that do not qualify for inclusion in the "Fixed Income Instruments," "Common Stocks,"

"Real Estate" or "Mortgage Loans" subcategories.

Reporting should be consistent with the corresponding risk-based capital factor

for this investment category (i.e., Other Long-Term Assets).

Surplus Debentures, etc.

Include: That portion of any subordinated indebtedness, surplus debenture, surplus note,

debenture note, premium income note, bond, or other contingent evidence of

indebtedness that is reported in the surplus of the issuer.

#### Collateral Loans

Include:

Refer to SSAP No. 21R—Other Admitted Assets for a definition of collateral loans. In the description column, the name of the actual borrower and state if the borrower is a parent, subsidiary, affiliate, officer or director. Also include the type of collateral held.

## Non-collateral Loans

Include:

For purposes of this section, non-collateral loans are considered the unpaid portion of loans previously made to another organization or another in which the reporting entity has a right to receive money for the Non, but the which the reporting entity has not obtained collateral to secure the tean. Non-collateral loans shall not include those instruments that meet the dentition of a bond, per SSAP No. 26R—Bonds, a mortgage loan per SSAP No. 31—Mortgage Loans, loan-backed or structured securities per SSAP No. 31—Mortgage Loans, loan-backed or structured securities per SSAP No. 32—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities, or a policy or contral loan or SSAP No. 49—Policy Loans.

In the description column, provide to nam of the actual borrower. For affiliated entities, state if the borrow is a point, subsidiary, affiliate, officer or director. Refer to SSAP No. 24—Non Imitted Assets and SSAP No. 25—Affiliates and Other Related Parties for as Jounting guidance.

#### Capital Notes

Include:

The portion of any capital, one that is reported on the line for capital notes of the issuing insurance proorting energy.

#### Low Income Housing Tax Credit

Include:

All Jow Income Housing Tax Credit Investments (LIHTC or affordable houses) that are in the form of a Limited Partnership or a Limited Liability Company inchaing those investments that have the following risk mitigation factors:

- A. Guaranteed Low Income Housing Tax Credit Investments. There must be a all-inclusive guarantee from a CRP-rated entity that guarantees the yield on the investment.
- B. Non-guaranteed Low Income Housing Tax Credit Investments.
  - A level of leverage below 50%. For a LIHTC Fund, the level of leverage is measured at the fund level.
  - II. There is a Tax Credit Guarantee Agreement from General Partner or managing member. This agreement requires the General Partner or managing member to reimburse investors for any shortfalls in tax credits due to errors of compliance, for the life of the partnership. For a LIHTC Fund, a Tax Credit Guarantee is required from the developers of the lower tier LIHTC properties to the upper tier partnership and all other LIHTC investments.
  - III. There are sufficient operating reserves, capital replacement reserves and/or operating deficit guarantees present to mitigate foreseeable foreclosure risk at the time of the investment.

Non-qualifying LIHTCs should be reported in the all other category



# Working Capital Finance Investment

Include:

Investments in an interest in a Confirmed Supplier Receivables (CSR) under a Working Capital Finance Program (WCFP) that is designated by the SVO as meeting the criteria specified in the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office* for an NAIC "1" or "2."

#### Working Capital Finance Program (WCFP)

Open account program under which an Investor may purchase interests, or evidence thereof, in commercial non-insurance receivables. A WFCP is created for the benefit of a commercial investment grade obligor and its suppliers of goods or services as a facilitated by a financial intermediary.

## Confirmed Supplier Receivables (CSR)

A first priority perfected security in teres, claim or right to payment of a monetary obligation from the Obligor prising from the sale of goods or services from the Supplier to be Obligor the payment of which the Obligor has confirmed by the seeing and warranting that it will not protest, delay, or denote on the supplier of any carty taking claim or right to payment from the supplier.

See SSAP No. 105-Working Capital Finance, aves, ents for accounting guidance.

#### Any Other Class of Assets

Include:

Investments that do not 6 into one of the other categories. An example of items that may be a lude or reverse mortgages.

All so etured sittlement income streams acquired as investments where the reporting intit acquires the legal right to receive payments. (Valuation and admittance provisions are detailed in SSAP No. 21R—Other Admitted Assets.)



#### SCHEDULE BA – PART 1

# OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Refer to SSAP No. 23-Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations for accounting guidance.

#### Column 1 - CUSIP Identification

This column must be completed for those investments included on Lines 0799999 and 1599999.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC is created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau: For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.usip.a.m/cusip/index.htm.

For those investments not included on Lines 0799999 and 1599999, a NJS. anould be provided if one has been assigned.

If no CUSIP number exists, the CUSIP field should be zero-filled.

# Column 2 - Name or Description

Show name of the asset, such as the name of a limited par nership. If not applicable, show description of the asset.

#### Column 3 - Code

Enter "" in this column for all assets the are bifureated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing

If long-term invested assets are in unit the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, it is to be lentified by placing one of the symbols identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this column.

#### Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifur, ted asset between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account it, ing, the """ should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (ident ied i the In estment Schedules General Instructions).

#### Column 4 - City

For real estate partnerships or joint ventures located in the United States, list city. If the city is unbrown, a cate the county. If the investment is outside the U.S., indicate city or province. For other I A asset types, use the city of incorporation. If no city of incorporation, use the city of administrative of ice.

#### Column 5

If the investment is inside U.S. states, territories and possessions report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for the U.S. states, territories and possessions. If the investment is outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, report the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

#### Column 6 - Name of Vendor or General Partner

Provide the name of the entity from which the property was acquired, or the name of the General Partner of the fund. For internal transfers, indicate "internal transfer" in lieu of a vendor name.

# Column 7 - NAIC Designation and Administrative Symbol

This column must be completed for those investments included on Lines 0799999 and 1599999.

For Schedule BA investments with the underlying characteristics of a bond or a preferred stock instrument, insert the appropriate combination of the NAIC designation (1 through 6) and administrative symbol. The List of valid administrative symbols is shown below.

The listing of valid NAIC designation and administrative symbol can be found on the NAIC's website for the Securities Valuation Office (www.naic.org/svo.htm).

Following are valid administrative symbols for bonds and preferred stock. Refer to the *Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office* for the application of the symbols.

S Additional or other non-payment risk.

YE Year-end carry over

FE Filing Exempt

F Sub-paragraph D Company – insurer self-designated

The NAIC designation and administrative symbol field of all the list blank for those Schedule BA investments which have not been assigned an NAIC disignation by the Securities Valuation Office (SVO) pursuant to the policies in the Purposes and a oced res Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office.

# Column 8 - Date Originally Acquired

State the date the investment was original acquire

# Column 9 - Type and Strategy

Enter the number which hast describes the investment (applies to investments such as limited partnerships and hedge fun. If none a plies, leave blank):

Private equity: Venture v cal

Private equity: Mezzanine financing

Private equitOs

Hed e fur : llobal macro

Hedge nd: Long/short equity

6 Hedge fund. Merger arbitrage

Fixed income arbitrage

In dge fund: Convertible arbitrage

Wedge fund: Futures/Options/foreign exchange arbitrage

Hedge fund: Sector investing

Hedge fund: Distressed securities

Hedge fund: Emerging markets

Hedge fund: Multi-strategy

#### Column 10 - Actual Cost

Include: The cost of acquiring the asset, including broker's commission and incidental

expense of effecting delivery. Include all changes to cost subsequent to

acquisition, such as additions to or reductions in investments.

Exclude: Amount of encumbrances.

Column 11 - Fair Value

Fair Value shall be determined in accordance with SSAP No. 100R—Fair Value.

Column 12 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances

Report the balance at December 31, of the current year. It should contain the amounts included in Column 10 after any encumbrances have been subtracted. Include all charges and adult during the year.

For surplus (and capital) notes, consider where appropriate the state next factor provided by the Securities Valuation Office and published on the Schedule A Surplus Note List on the Securities Valuation Office website. (See accounting requirements for surplus notes held in the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual.)

Deduct: Any write-downs for a decline in to fair alue of a long-term invested asset that

is other-than-temporary.

Exclude: Valuation allowance.

Column 13 — Unrealized Valuation Increase (Decrease)

The total unrealized valuation increase (decrase) for a specific security will be the change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value unrease on to carrying or having carried (in the previous year) the security at Fair Value. See SSAP of 48—Joint Ventures, Partnerships, and Limited Liability Companies for accounting gendance.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

Include:

the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column. Calculate as current ar Fair Value minus prior year Fair Value minus current year Depreciation or Amortization/Accretion.

Column 14 - Curre, Year's (Depreciation) or (Amortization)/Accretion

This are just represents depreciation expense for the period (where appropriate), amortization of perium and the accrual of discount. The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the ortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income. See Column 13 for discussion of an unrealized valuation increase (decrease) where the real estate is carried at fair value and (depreciation) and/or (amortization)/accretion has been recorded.

# Column 15 - Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

If the asset has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.

#### Column 16 - Capitalized Deferred Interest and Other

Include interest and other items that can be capitalized in accordance with the applicable SSAP.

## Column 17 - Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

Include: Enter the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss for the current year.

#### Column 18 - Investment Income

Include: The proportionate share of interest, divide and other investment income

received during the year on the investments reported in this schedule.

Exclude: Distributions excess of unrealized apprecation (courn of capital).

# Column 19 - Commitment for Additional Investment

Include: Total amount of additional inverse commitment, not yet invested, where the

decision as to timing and we other a invest is not made by the company, but by

someone else, typical by the hedge fund or limited partnership.

#### Column 20 - Percentage of Ownership

Include: The share the tree cor pany's current investment represents of the total

outstand emo. I or this investment. Applies only to such investments as

hedge unds an lim...d partnerships.

Exclude: Committee of additional investment.

# \*\* Columns 21 through 26 will be electronically. \*\*

## Column 21 - Fair Value Uiera my L. rel and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code

Whenever possible, "To value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained:

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.

"1" br Level 1

"2" for Level 2

"3" for Level 3

The following is a listing of the valid method indicators to show the method used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.

- "a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pricing service.
- "b" for securities where the rate is determined by a stock exchange.
- "e" for securities where the rate is determined by a broker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pricing policy for any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must either be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and selling securities or be an underwriter of ... security being valued. (Reporting entities shall utilize source "e" to capture any other method used by the reporting entity to obtain observable inputs resulting in a hierarchy is real 1 or Level 2. Documentation of this source shall then be included in Column 22."
- "d" for securities where the rate is determined by the reporting onth. The reporting entity is required to maintain a record of the pricing methodology a. d.
- "e" for securities where the rate is determined by the unit production of Securities.

Enter a combination of hierarchy and method indicator. The wire value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and the method used to determine fair van windles or would be listed next. For example, use "Ib" to report Level 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value.

The guidance in SSAP No. 100R—Fair Value Plows . e use of net asset value per share (NAV) instead of fair value for certain investments. If NAVQ is undinstead of fair value leave blank.

# Column 22 - Source Used to Obtain Fair Value 4

For Method Code "a," identif the specific pricing service used.

For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.

The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:

# www.fi proto. l.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method and de to, identify the specific broker or custodian used.

For hod Code "d," leave blank.

Fr. ... thoo ode "e," leave blank.

hoet a ket value (NAV) is used instead of fair value, the reporting entity should use "NAV" to indicate net asset value used instead of fair value.

# Column 23 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

#### Column 24 - Postal Code

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Non-Registered Private Funds with Underlying Assets Having Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that liave the Underlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

The postal code(s) reported in this colur a should reflect the location of the underlying property. For U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the e-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. Outside the U.S. states, territories and possessions, use the country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the ander-ping properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal codes and the United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

#### Column 25 - Property Type

Use only for securities a cluded in the following subtotal lines.

Affiliated.....

Non-Registe 1 Pr. Funds with Underlying Assets Having Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loas

to at V nture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Inderlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

Mortgage Loans

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF Office

RT Retail

MU Apartment/Multifamily

IN Industrial

HC Medical/Health Care

MX Mixed Use

LO Lodging

OT Other

# Column 26 - Maturity Date

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Non-Registered Private Funds with Underlying Assets Having Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated 1199999

State the date the mortgage loan matures.

## SCHEDULE BA – PART 2

# OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS ACQUIRED AND ADDITIONS MADE DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only those newly acquired long-term invested assets, but also any increases or additions to long-term invested assets acquired in the current and prior periods, including, for example, capital calls from existing limited partnerships.

#### Column 1 - CUSIP Identification

This column must be completed for those investments included on Lines 0799999 are \$99999.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available on the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the N dC is created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.rca...com/cusip/index.htm.

For those investments not included on Lines 0799999 and 1599999, a CUSIP should be provided if one has been assigned.

If no CUSIP number exists, the CUSIP field should be zero

## Column 2 - Name or Description

Show name of the asset, such as the name of a life ted partiership. If not applicable, show description of the asset.

#### Column 3 — City

For real estate partnerships or joint enture accated in the United States, list city. If the city is unknown, indicate the country a majore ment is outside the U.S., indicate city or province. For other BA asset types, use the city of incorporation. If no city of incorporation, use the city of administrative office.

## Column 4 - State

Report the two-character U.S. postal abbreviation for state for U.S. states, territories and possessions. For foreign countries, nor the three-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the application of these instructions.

#### Column 5 - Name of Vendo or General Partner

Provide the name of the entity from which the property was acquired, or the name of the General Partner or 'to fund. For internal transfers, indicate "internal transfer" in lieu of a vendor name.

# Column 6 - Interpretation of the Column 6 - Interpretation of the

te the date the investment was originally acquired.

# Column 7 - Type and Strategy

Enter the number that best describes the investment (applied to investments such as limited partnerships and hedge funds. If none applies, leave blank):

1. Private equity: Venture capital

Private equity: Mezzanine financing

Private equity: LBOs

Hedge fund: Global macro
 Hedge fund: Long/short equity
 Hedge fund: Merger arbitrage

Hedge fund: Fixed income arbitrage
 Hedge fund: Convertible arbitrage

Hedge fund: Futures/Options/foreign exchange arbitral

Hedge fund: Sector investing
 Hedge fund: Distressed securities
 Hedge fund: Emerging markets

Hedge fund: Emerging marke
 Multi-strategy

# Column 8 - Actual Cost at Time of Acquisition

Include: The actual cost at the tip—the asset was originally acquired.

The cost of acquiring it, assets, including broker's commission and incidental

expens s of earching delivery.

Exclude: Additional expenditures after the time of the initial acquisition or encumbrances

or impairs. of

Column 9 - Additional Investment Tade After Acquisition

Include: re actual cost (including broker's commissions and incidental expenses of

of eting delivery) to increase investments in the original assets.

Improvements to the assets subsequent to acquisition.

Activity on investments disposed during the year.

Column 10 - mount of Encumbrances

Include: The reporting entity's contractual share of all encumbrances on underlying real

estate held in a partnership or venture reported in this schedule. All

encumbrances incurred by the partnership or venture should be included.

Column 11 - Percentage of Ownership

Include: The share that the company's current investment represents of the total

outstanding amount of this investment at the date of purchase. Applies only to

such investments as hedge funds and limited partnerships.

Exclude: Commitment for additional investment.

# \*\* Columns 12 through 15 will be electronic only. \*\*

Column 12 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

#### Column 13 - Postal Code

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Non-Registered Private Funds with Underlying Assets Having Characteristics of

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated	1199999
Affiliated	1299999

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

Unaffiliated				2199999
Affiliated			•	2299999
Mortgage Loans	4	XII.		
Unaffiliated				2399999
h 07ti1				2.400000

The postal code(s) reported is this column should reflect the location of the underlying property. For U.S. states, territories and a ssessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. Outside the U.S. states, territories and porcessions use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example two U.S. postal rides and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

# Column 14 - Property Type

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Non-Registered Private Funds with Underlying Assets Having Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated 1199999
Affiliated 1299999

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have

Underlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

Mortgage Loans

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicat the primary use of the property:

OF Office

RT Retail

MU Apartment/Multifamily

IN Industrial

HC Medical/Health Cap

MX Mixed Use

LO Lodging

OT Other

# Column 15 - Maturity Date

Use only for scur, is included in the following subtotal lines.

Non Registered Prorate Funds with Underlying Assets Having Characteristics of:

Mo. rage Loans

the date the mortgage loan matures.

## SCHEDULE BA – PART 3

# OTHER LONG-TERM INVESTED ASSETS DISPOSED, TRANSFERRED OR REPAID DURING THE YEAR

This schedule should reflect not only disposals of an entire "other invested asset" but should also include partial disposals and amounts received during the year on investments still held, including, for example, return of capital distributions from limited partnerships.

#### Column 1 - CUSIP Identification

This column must be completed for those investments included on Lines 0799999 are \$99999.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available out the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC is created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau; 2011, 2011, com/cusip/index.htm.

For those investments not included on Lines 0799999 and 1599999, a CUSIP should be provided if one has been assigned.

# Column 2 - Name or Description

Show name of the asset, such as the name of a limited partnership. If not applicable, show description of the asset.

# Column 3 — City

For real estate partnerships or joint vertures located in the U.S., list city. If the city is unknown, indicate the county. If the investment is the city of incorporation is city of incorporation. If the city of incorporation, use the city of administrative office.

# Column 4 - State

Report the two-character U.S. p. stal obreviation for state for U.S. states, territories and possessions. For foreign countries, report the frace-character (ISO Alpha 3) country abbreviations available in the listing in the appendix of these instructions.

#### Column 5 - Name of Purchas v or attribute of Disposal

Provide the same fit e entity or vendor to whom the investment was sold or describe how the investment was therwise disposed of.

#### Column 6 Date Originally Acquired

State the date the asset was originally acquired.

#### Column 7 Disposal Date

State the date the investment was sold or otherwise transferred or repaid. Reporting entities may total on one line if the investment is repaid on more than one date and should utilize the date of last repayment in those cases.

#### Column 8 Book/Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances, Prior Year

Report the balance at December 31 of the prior year.

Deduct: Any write-downs for a decline in the fair value of a long-ten invested asset that

is other-than-temporary.

Exclude: Valuation allowance.

#### Column 9 Unrealized Valuation Increase (decrease)

The total unrealized valuation increase (decrease) for specific investment security will be the change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value that is due to carrying or having carried (in the previous year) the security at Fair Value. This includes a reversal of the to unit stized amount at the date of disposal. See SSAP No. 48-Joint Ventures, Partnerships, and united a bility Companies for accounting guidance.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealned capital gains (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the Capital and Su plus Account (Page 4 - Life, Property, Fraternal & Title and Page 5 - Health).

Include:

The difference between the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the current year. Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column. Calculate as current year. Fair Value minus current year.

(Deprecation) or (Amortization)/Accretion.

#### Current Year's (Depresation) or (Amortization)/Accretion Column 10

This amount represent depreciation expense for the period (where appropriate), amortization of premium ad the accrual of discount. The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as serea investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of remium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income. See column 9 for discussion of an unrealized valuation increase (decrease) where the real estate is earried at fair value and (depreciation) and/or (amortization)/accretion has been recorded.

#### Column 11 arrent (ear's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

ftm. ...set has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains (Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.

Column 12 - Capitalized Deferred Interest and Other

Include interest and other items that can be capitalized in accordance with the applicable SSAP.

Column 14 - Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

Enter the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss during the year including the reversal of unrealized foreign exchange gains or losses previously recorded.

Column 15 - Book / Adjusted Carrying Value Less Encumbrances on Disposal

Include: Amount reported in Column 8 and all year-to-date change in vata to the time

of disposal.

Exclude: Valuation allowance.

Column 16 - Consideration

Include: Amounts received on disposal of investment.

Column 17 - Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Disposal

Enter the foreign currency exchange gain or loss on dispo. 1

Column 18 - Realized Gain (Loss) on Disposal

Report the amount of any market gain (loss) rear and from the disposal of the investment.

Exclude: Foreign currency and os reported in Column 17.

Column 19 — Total Gain (Loss) on Disposal

Enter the sum of Column 1 foreign kehange gain (loss) on disposal and Column 18, realized gain

(loss) on disposal.

Column 20 - Investment Income

re-rived during year on the investments reported in this schedule.

Exclude: Distributions in excess of unrealized appreciation (return of capital).

# \*\* Columns 21 through 24 will be electronic only. \*\*

Column 21 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

### Column 22 - Postal Code

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Non-Registered Private Funds with Underlying Assets Having Characteristics of

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated	1199999
Affiliated	1299999

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that have the Underlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

Unaffiliated	 	/	2199999
Affiliated		~	2299999
Mortgage Loans		,	
Unaffiliated	 		2399999
A Williated			2400000

The postal code(s) reported is this a lumin should reflect the location of the underlying property. For U.S. states, territories and a ssessions, use the five-digit ZIP code and not the ZIP+4 code. Outside the U.S. states, territories and porcessions use that country's equivalent to the ZIP code. Multiple postal codes should be entered if the underlying properties are located in more than one postal code and listed from highest to lowest value associated with the underlying properties separated by commas.

Example of two U.S. nos. 'codes and one United Kingdom postal code (51501,68104,E4 7SD).

# Column 23 - Property Type

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Non-Registered Private Funds with Underlying Assets Having Characteristics of:

Mortgage Loans

Unaffiliated 1199999
Affiliated 1299999

Doubourkin on Uimited Linkility Comment Interests that he

Joint Venture, Partnership or Limited Liability Company Interests that he e Underlying Characteristics of:

Real Estate

Mortgage Loans

For property type, use one of the following codes to indicate the primary use of the property:

OF Office

RT Retail

MU Apartment/Multifamily

IN Industrial

HC Medical/Health Cap

MX Mixed Use

LO Lodging

OT Other

# Column 24 - Maturity Date

Use only for scur, is included in the following subtotal lines.

Non Registered Prorate Funds with Underlying Assets Having Characteristics of:

528

Mo. rage Loans

the date the mortgage loan matures.

Aot for Distillulilor

## SCHEDULE D - PART 1

## LONG-TERM BONDS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Bonds are to be grouped as listed below and each category arranged alphabetically (securities included in U.S. States, Territories and Possessions; U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions; and U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions should be listed with a state abbreviation in the column provided for electronic data capture).

Refer to SSAP No. 23—Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations for accounting guidance related to foreign currency transactions and translations.

#### Short Sales:

Selling a security short is an action by a reporting entity that results with the reportins entity recognizing proceeds from the sale and an obligation to deliver the sold security. For a tuto, accounting purposes, obligations to deliver securities resulting from short sales shall be reported a contract sests (negative assets) in the investment schedule, with an investment code in the code column detailing the item as a short sale. The obligation (negative asset) shall be initially reflected at fair value, with the negative asset) shall be initially reflected at fair value, with the negative asset in fair value recognized as unrealized gains and losses. These unrealized gains and losses shall be a dized poin settlement of the short sale obligation. Interest on short sale positions shall be accrued periodically and contract as interest expense.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required categories or subcategories described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions, it shall report the subside a count of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the time manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:

# NOTE: See the Investment Schedules General Instructions for the following:

- Category definitions for bonds and sucks.
- Foreign column code list.
- Code column list of codes and defin tions for securities not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity.
- List of stock exchange ames and abbreviations.

	C tenor	Line Number
Bonds:	U.S. Governments	
	Issuer Obligations Residential Cortgage-Backed Securities Complexical Tortgage-Backed Securities Complexical Sacked and Structured Securities Subtained Securities Subtained Securities Subtained Securities Subtained Securities Subtained Securities	0299999 0399999 0499999
	Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities  Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities  Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities  Subtotals – All Other Governments	0799999 0899999 0999999

U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	
Issuer Obligations.	1199999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	1299999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.	1399999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	
Subtotals - U.S. States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	1799999
U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	
Issuer Obligations	1899999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities.	2099999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	2199999
Subtotals – U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions	
(Direct and Guaranteed)	2499999
U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Sull linisions	
Issuer Obligations	2599999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	2799999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	2899999
Subtotals - U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessmen. Of again, is and	
all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencia, and uthori es of Governments	
and Their Political Subdivisions	3199999
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)	
Issuer Obligations	3299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	3399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	3499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	3599999
Subtotals - Industrial and Miscellaneous (c. affiliat d)	3899999
Hybrid Securities	
Issuer Obligations	4299999
Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	4399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Security	4499999
Other Loan-Backed and Str. Aured Securities	4599999
Subtotals - Hybrid Securitie	
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affilia es	
Issuer Obligations	4999999
Residential More ve-1 d Securities	5099999
Commercial Mortgag -Backed Securities.	5199999
Other Ld n-Backed and Structured Securities	
Affiliated & k Louns – Issued	5399999
Affiliat Dank ans – Acquired	
Subterals - 1 rent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates	5599999
SVO Ide. "fiet." und	
Exc. pge Traded Funds – as Identified by the SVO	5899999
Bono wutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO	
Subtotals – SVO Identified Funds	
Unaffiliated Bank Loans	
Unaffiliated Bank Loans – Issued	6399999
Unaffiliated Bank Loans – Acquired.	
Subtotals – Unaffiliated Bank Loans	

#### Total Bonds

Subtotals – Issuer Obligations	7699999
Subtotals - Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities	7799999
Subtotals - Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	7899999
Subtotals - Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	7999999
Subtotals - SVO Identified Funds	8099999
Subtotals - Affiliated Bank Loans	8199999
Subtotals - Unaffiliated Bank Loans.	8299999
Subtotals – Total Bonds	8399999

List all bonds and certificates of deposit owned December 31, of current year, except bonds and certificate, of deposit in banks or other similar financial institutions with maturity dates or repurchase dates under repurchase agreements of one year or less from the acquisition date. Exclude cash equivalents as described in SSAP No. 2R—Cash Law. Equivalents, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments with original maturities of three months or less.

The security identifier reported (Column 1 for CUSIP, CINS, PPN or Column 33 for ISI. hus. c the same as the identifier used when filing securities with the NAIC pursuant to the *Purposes and Procedures Manuar. Cthe AIC Investment Analysis Office* instructions.

#### Column 1 - CUSIP Identification

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly is used security's are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placen, by so makes, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Yoor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau: <a href="https://www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm">www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm</a>.

If no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN number a sists in seport a valid ISIN (Column 33) security number. The CUSIP field should be zero-filled.

### Column 2 – Description

Give a description of all bands owned. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported in Column 31, Issuer and Column 32, Issue. This does not preclude the company from including as Patonal detail to provide a complete and accurate description. Abbreviations may be yield as needed.

For Bond Mutual Code Section Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds – as Identified by the SVO, enter the complete name of the fund. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data of its stent yeth that reported.

For Certificate o. Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARs) or other similar services that have a mature of greater than one year, individually list the various banking institutions that are financially responsible for honoring certificates of deposit. As appropriate, the name of the name of the banking in two was mould follow from the registry of the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FIEC) www.fflec.gov/nicpubweb/nicweb/SearchForm.aspx).

CDOs (Collateralized Debt Obligations) or CLOs (Collateralized Loan Obligations), indicate what the CDO/CLO collateral is, such as high-yield bonds, corporate loans, etc. If the collateral is of mixed type, indicate "Mix," in addition to the largest type of collateral in the mix. If the collateral is derived synthetically, indicate "synthetic."

#### Column 3 - Code

Enter "8" in this column for all SVO Identified Funds designated for systematic value.

Enter "(a)" in this column for all Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds.

Enter "S" in this column for Certificates of Deposit under the FDIC limit.

Enter "&" in this column for TBA (To Be Announced) securities.

Enter "" in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If bonds are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Inc. rrogatories, they are to be identified by placing one of the codes identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this column.

If the security is an SVO Identified Fund designated for systematic value, relacipal STRIP bond or other zero coupon bond, Certificates of Deposit under the FDIC line or a TBA (To Be Announced) security and is not under the exclusive control of the company, the "\*", "" "" "" "" or "&" should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).

## Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the intitlative separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing, the """ should appendict as " may be used simultaneously with the "", "" or "&" with the "", "preceding " of the characters ("", "", "S" or "&") depending on the asset being reported, immediately for wear by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Inst actions).

# Column 4 - Foreign

Insert the appropriate code in the common based on the list provided in the Investment Schedules General Instructions.

### Column 5 - Bond Characteristics

If bonds have one or topic of the following characteristics, then list the appropriate number(s) separated by commas. Those of the characteristics apply, then leave the column blank.

- Bonds hat are callable at the discretion of the issuer, provided that in no instance will the call
  price be below par, based on a specified formula for the payoff amount (generally discounting
  ature cash flows at then current interest rates which is generally referred to as a "make whole
  call provision").
- node that are callable at the discretion of the issuer, provided that in no instance will the call price be below par with a specified payoff amount based on a fixed schedule.

Bonds that are callable at the discretion of the issuer at a price that can be less than par.

4. Terms in which the timing of payments of principal, as well as the amounts and timing of payments of interest, can vary based on a pool of underlying assets or an index. This characteristic code is restricted to items captured in scope of SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities and should include agency and non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS); some commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS); as well as similar loan-backed or structured securities. This excludes those flagged with #1, 2 or 3.

- 5. Variable coupon bonds where the interest payments vary during the life of the transaction, but NOT as is typical based on a fixed spread over a well-established interest rate index (such as LIBOR, prime rate or a government bond yield). (This includes coupons that vary based on the performance of indices that are not interest rate related, such as equity indices, commodity prices or foreign exchange rates. This also includes coupons where the spread to the index is not fixed for the entire life of the transaction. This excludes basic floating rate and adjustable rate notes with fixed spread over an interest rate index. This characteristic code is strictly limited to variable interest payments.)
- 6. Terms that may result in principal (or initial investment) not being repaid in full for reasons other than a payment default by the issuer or defaults within a pool of asset underlying a loan-backed or structured security. (This intends to capture to Mortgage Reference Securities reported in scope of SSAP No. 43R. Other structured notes (securities tructured as debt instruments when the contractual amount of the instrument to be prid at naturity is at risk for other than the failure of the borrower to pay the contractual amount due) and whether derivatives shall not be reported on Schedule D, Part 1. There structures the captured in scope of SSAP No. 86—Derivatives and shall be reported on Schedule B.)
- Bonds where the issuer's obligation to make payments is a term and by the performance of a
  different credit other than that of the issuer, which and be either affiliated or unaffiliated.
  (These securities are often referred to as credit-linked not. This does not include loan-backed
  or structured securities.)
- Mandatory convertible bonds. Bonds that are mandator by convertible into equity, or, at the
  option of issuer, convertible into equity, or whose teams provide for payment in the form of
  equity instead of cash.
- Other types of options solely at the correction of the issuer that could affect the timing or amount of payments of principal or interest, anotherwise reported in 1-8.

# Column 6 – NAIC Designation and Administrative Symbol

Provide the appropriate NA & design tion (1 through 6) and administrative symbol combination for each security. The list of via 4 administrative symbols is shown below.

The listing of valid NAIC design. "In and administrative symbol combinations can be found on the NAIC's website for the securities Valuation Office (www.naic.org/svo.htm).

For Bond Mutual Fines - Identified by the SVO, enter 1.

Following was 1 adm nistrative symbols for bonds. Refer to the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC in assistant Analysis Office for the application of these symbols.

- Additional or other non-payment risk
- Filing Exempt
- FM Financially Modeled RMBS/CMBS subject to SSAP 43R.
- Year-end carry over
- TF Initial filing
- PL Private Letter Rating
- PLGI Private Letter Rating reported on General Interrogatory
- Z Insurer self-designated
- GI General Interrogatory
- F Sub-paragraph D Company insurer self-designated
- Limited to NAIC Designations 6

#### Column 7 - Actual Cost

This column should contain the actual consideration paid to purchase the security. The Actual Cost column amount should be adjusted for: pay downs and partial sales (both reported in Schedule D, Part 4) and subsequent acquisitions of the same issue (reported in Schedule D, Part 3). Actual cost will need to be adjusted due to "other-than-temporary impairments" recognized, for use when determining realized gain/(loss) at disposition.

Include: Brokerage and other related fees, to the extent they do not exceed the fair value

at the date of acquisition.

Cost of acquiring the bond or stock including brok is concussion and incidental expenses of effecting delivery, transaction fees on re-pooling of securities, and reductions for origination fees in ended to compensate the

reporting entity for interest rate risks (i.e., points)

Exclude: Accrued interest.

All other costs, including internal costs or costs paid to an affiliated reporting entity related to origination, purchase communent to purchase bonds, are charged to expense when incurred.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange T aded Funds), enter the original cost of the shares purchased, including brokerage and other real ted to is.

For a bond received as a property dividend cape I contribution enter the initial recognized value. See SSAP No. 26R—Bonds for guidance.

#### Column 8 - Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value

Report rate used for determining rate value

For SVO Identified Funds (and Muttal Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter the per share fair value or net asset value as of the appearing date.

For U.S. Treasury Intention-Indexed Securities enter the VOS rate (provided in the Valuation of Securities) multiplied by the inflation ratio.

# Column 9 - Fair Value

The fair value a ould be the price which, when multiplied by the notional amount (Column 10, Par Value) results in the dollar amount that would be received (excluding accrued interest) if the security was site after value.

The fair value included in this column (calculated from the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value column) is build by the amount used in any comparison of fair value to another valuation method (e.g., book value of amortized cost) that is prescribed by the accounting/valuation rules.

For loan-backed securities, the prospective or retrospective methods are used in determining amortized value.

Exclude: Accrued interest.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter the amount representing the number of shares owned at year-end times the rate specified in Column 8.

For U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Securities, Fair Value should utilize the VOS rate multiplied by the inflation ratio.

#### Column 10 - Par Value

Enter the par value of the bonds owned adjusted for repayment of principal. For mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities, enter the par amount of principal to which the reporting entity has a claim. For interest only bonds without a principal amount on which the reporting entity has a claim, use a zero value. Enter the statement date par value for bonds with adjustable principal. An interest only bond with a small par amount of principal would use that amount.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter Zero (0).

## Column 11 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

Securities excluding SVO Identified fund and mandatory convertible bonds:

This should be the amortized value or the lower of amortized value or fair value, depending upon the designation of the bond (and adjusted for any other-than-temporary in a minent), as of the end of the current reporting year.

Include: The original cost of acquiring the bond, incl. ling brokerage and other related

fees.

Amortization of premium or ac a al of a count, but not including any accrued

interest paid thereon.

Amortization of deferred of rination and commitment fees.

Deduct: A direct write-down to a decline in the fair value of a bond that is

other-than-tempora y

Exclude: All other costs, including internal costs or costs paid to an affiliated reporting

entity states to obtaination, purchase or commitment to purchase bonds, are charged to expuse when incurred. Cost should also be reduced by payments

attribe d to the covery of cost.

Ancrued into est.

Refer to SSAP No. 2 P-Bonds.

For re-ortin entitie maintaining an AVR:

NAIC esignation 1 - 5\* Enter amortized cost

NAIC Designation 6 Enter the lower of fair value or amortized cost

For reasing entities not maintaining an AVR:

NAIC Designations 1 – 2\* Enter amortized cost

NAIC Designations 3 - 6 Enter the lower of fair value or amortized cost

\*NOTE: An exception exists for Treasury Inflation Adjusted Securities under INT 01-25,

where the book/adjusted carrying value may include an unrealized gain. See INT 01-25. Accounting for U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Securities, for accounting

guidance.

Mandatory Convertible Bonds:

The amount should be the lower of amortized cost or fair value during the period prior to conversion.

#### SVO Identified Funds:

The amount should be fair value unless the reporting entity has designated a qualifying security for systematic value. The election of using systematic value is irrevocable.

NOTE: Use of systematic value is effective Dec. 31, 2017. This effective date requires entities to either report SVO-Identified investments at fair value on the effective date, or to identify the SVO-Identified investments with a code to identify use of systematic value. If the investment is coded for systematic value, the investment will be reported in the 2017 annual financial statements using the measurement method utilized throughout 2017. For these investments, beginning Jan. 1, 2018, or reporting entity shall report the investment using the calculated systematic value method detailed in SSAP No. 26R—Bonds.

Refer to SSAP No. 26R-Bonds.

For reporting entities maintaining an AVR:

```
NAIC Designation 1 – 5 Enter fair value or systematic v 'ue
NAIC Designation 6 Enter fair value
```

For reporting entities not maintaining an AVR:

```
NAIC Designations 1 – 2 Enter fair value obsystematic value 
NAIC Designations 3 – 6 Enter fair value
```

The amount reported in this column should e. 1

```
Book/Adjusted Carrying Value a ported in the Prior Year statement
(or Actual Cost for newly legun. "Securities)
```

plus "Unrealized Valuation Increa (Demase)Total in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value"

plus "Current Year's (Apparation of the control of

minus "Current Year's Cher-Than unporary Impairment Recognized"
plus "Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value"
Changes due to amount reported in Schedule D, Parts 3, 4 and 5

# Column 12 - Unrealized Valuation Verease/(Decrease)

The total unreal cure aluation increase/(decrease) for a specific security will be the change in Book/Adjy (ed. carrying Value that is due to carrying or having carried (in the previous year) the security at the Value Tutus this amount could be:

The difference due to changing from Amortized Cost in the previous year to Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculated as **current year** Fair Value minus sucrent year Amortized Value);

The lifference of moving from Fair Value in the previous year to Amortized Cost in the current s Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculate as **prior year** Amortized Value minus **prior year** Fair Value); or

The difference between the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculate as current year Fair Value minus prior year Fair Value minus current year Accrual of Discount/(Amortization of Premium)).

Include:

For SVO-identified funds, the change from the prior reported BACV to fair value/net asset value. If an SVO-identified fund no longer qualifies for systematic value, the difference from systematic value in prior year to fair value/net asset value in current year.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains or (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

# Column 13 - Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion

This amount should equal the current reporting year's amortization of premium or accrual of discount (regardless of whether or not the security is currently carried at Amortized Cost). The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.

Include: The (Amortization)/Accretion of SVO Identified Funds designated for reporting at systematic value.

# Column 14 - Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

If the security has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this polune should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column at to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the calculation of the column of the calculation of the

## Column 15 - Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

This is a positive or negative amount that is defined as the port, n of the total change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value for the year that is attributable to foreign or hong. Therences for a particular security. The amounts reported in this column should be inc. 1/1 as not unrealized foreign exchange capital gain/(loss) in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

#### Column 16 - Interest Rate

Show rate of interest as stated on the face of the bond. Where the original stated rate has been renegotiated, show the latest modified rate. For long term bonds with a variable rate of interest, use the last rate of interest. For short-term bond, and arious issues of the same issuer, use the last rate of interest. All information reported in the field-most be a numeric value.

For SVO Identified Funds, sond Mus at Funds Exchange Traded Funds) and Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds, ster nums ic zero (0).

# Column 17 - Effective Rate of Interest

For issuer obligations, include the effective rate at which the purchase was made. For mortgage-backed coar seek d and structured securities, report the effective yield used to value the security at the coording date. The Effective Yield calculation should be modified for other-than-temporary in saim are ecognized.

For VO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter Zero (0).

## Column 18 - Interest - bon Paid

It is seculities that pay interest annually, provide the first 3 letters of the month in which the interest is paid—e.g., JUN for June). For securities that pay interest semi-annually or quarterly, provide the first interest of each month in which interest is received (e.g., JD for June and December, and MJSD for March, June, September and December). For securities that pay interest on a monthly basis, include "MON" for monthly. Finally, for securities that pay interest at maturity, include "MAT" for maturity.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds Exchange Traded Funds) and Principal STRIP Bonds or other zero coupon bonds, enter N/A.

#### Column 19 - Admitted Interest Due and Accrued

This should equal the admitted amount of due and accrued interest for a specific security, based upon the assessment of collectability required by SSAP No. 34—Investment Income Due and Accrued and any other requirements for nonadmitting investment income due and accrued.

#### Column 20 - Amount Received During Year

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds) enter the amount of distributions received in cash or reinvested in additional shares.

Include: The proportionate share of interest directly related to the ecuritic reported in this schedule.

Report amounts net of foreign withholding tax.

# Column 21 - Acquired Date

For public placements use trade date, not settlement date. For privile placements, use funding date. Each issue of bonds or stocks acquired at public offerings on more that one date may be totaled on one line and the date of last acquisition inserted.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and a charge Traded Funds), enter date of last purchase.

# Column 22 - Stated Contractual Maturity Date

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual) unds and exchange Traded Funds), leave blank.

For perpetual bonds, enter 01/01/9999

For mandatory convertible ands use the conversion date.

## \*\* Columns 23 through 34 will be electronic only.

# Column 23 - State Abbreviation

Applies to

D. States, Territories and Possessions

Include the appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued (e.g., "MO" for Missouri).

U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions

Include the appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued.

U.S. Special Revenue, Special Assessments Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions

Include the appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued. Use "US" for federal agency issues.

## Column 24 - Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code

Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.

- "1" for Level 1
- "2" for Level 2
- "3" for Level 3

The following is a listing of the valid method indicators for bonds to sh w the method used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Used to Obtain Fair Value.

- "a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pricing serv
- "b" for securities where the rate is determined by a stock exchan,
- "e" for securities where the rate is determined by "ke," custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pricing polic, or any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must either approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and selling security or an underwriter of the security being valued.
- "d" for securities where the rate is detern, red by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a record of the pricing methodology used.
- "e" for securities where the rate nodetermined by the unit price published in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a combination of hiera, thy and relethed indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and the method used to etermine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use "1b" to report Level 1 for the mar value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine fair value.

The guidance in SAF. in NOR—Fair Value allows the use of net asset value per share (NAV) instead of fair value (for train it vestments. If NAV is used instead of fair value, leave blank.

#### Column 25 - Source Used to btain Fair Value

For Me had Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.

I or Met od Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.

Instructions or the following Web address:

## www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.

For Method Code "d," leave blank.

For Method Code "e," leave blank.

If net asset value (NAV) is used instead of fair value, the reporting entity should use "NAV" to indicate net asset value used instead of fair value.

## Column 26 - Collateral Type

Use only for securities included in the following subtotal lines.

Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)

Residential Mortgage-Backed/ Securities	3399999
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	3499999
Other Loan-Backed and Structured Securities	3599999

Enter one of the following codes to indicate collateral type. Pick exactly one collateral type for each reported security. For securities that fit in more than one type, pick the predom name one. Judgment may need to be used when making selections involving prime, Alt-A and subplying, as there are no uniform definitions for these collateral types. In the description field, user three tions like ABS, CDO or CLO to disclose the type of the loan-backed/structured security.

## Residential Mortgage Loans/RMBS

Include all types of residential first lien mortgage loans s con trail (e.g., prime, subprime, Alt-A).

## 2 Commercial Mortgage Loans/CMBS

Include all types of commercial mortgage toans as ollateral (e.g., conduits, single name, etc.).

## 3 Home Equity

Include all home equity loans and/or home equity lines of credit as collateral. These are not first liens and are deemed loans, and iduals. Bonds that are collateralized by home equity loans/lines of credit are constanted and el-backed securities (ABS) rather than RMBS.

4 Individual Obligations - Credi Card, Auto, Student Loans and Recreational Vehicles

Include bonds collatera, see by individual obligations. Do not include individual obligations that have a real distate aspect.

5 Corporate Indus, ful Obligations – Tax Receivables, Utility Receivables, Trade Receivables, Small Busines, Loans, Commercial Paper

Inc. 1c but a collateralized by corporate or industrial obligations (sometimes referred to as commercial obligations).

6 Case Transactions – Aircraft Leases, Equipment Leases and Equipment Trust Certificates

nelude bonds collateralized by leases. Equipment leases are loans on heavy equipment. Equipment trust certificates are certificates that entitle the holder to the lease payments on the underlying assets.

## 7 CLO/CBO/CDO

Include bank loans, which securitize CLOs; investment grade and high-yield corporate bonds, which securitize CBOs; and corporate bonds and structured securities, which securitize CDOs.

### 8 Manufactured Housing and Mobile Home Loans

Include manufactured housing loans and mobile home loans as collateral. These are not typical residential mortgage loans, and when they securitize bonds, they are considered ABS.

#### 9 Credit Tenant Loans

Real estate loans secured by the obligation of a single (usually investment grade) company to pay debt service by means of rental payments under a lease, where real estate is pledged as collateral also referred to as credit tenant lease, sale-leaseback or CTL.

#### 10 Other

Include other collateral types that do not fit into categories 1 through 9.

### For Columns 27 through 29, make whole call information is not required.

#### Column 27 — Call Date

Report the call date used to calculate the Effective Date of Maturity. If c. 9 date does not affect the Effective Date of Maturity field but exists, report the call date. If there is a can uate, leave blank.

#### Column 28 - Call Price

Report the call price used to calculate the Effective Date of M turity of call price does not affect the Effective Date of Maturity field but exists, report the call of the Price is no call price, leave blank.

# Column 29 - Effective Date of Maturity

On bonds purchased at a premium, the maturity of the proceeding the lowest amortized value should be used. See SSAP No. 26R—Bonds. For loans back of and structured securities, include the effective date of maturity that results from the estimated case flows, incorporating appropriate prepayment assumptions. If call data does not affect the effective date of Maturity field, leave blank.

## Column 30 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Let al Entity dentaier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI is, ober has been assigned, leave blank.

#### Column 31 — Issuer

#### Issuer Definition:

The name of the gal entity that develops, registers and sells securities for the purpose of financiarities perations and may be domestic or foreign governments, corporations or investment trusts. In issue, is legally responsible for the obligations of the issue and for reporting financial conditions, a sterial developments and any other operational activities as required by the plations of their jurisdictions.

The orthogentity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S&P/CUSIP
- Name used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documentation for the transaction. Issuer
  is the name of the legal entity that can be found on documents such as SEC Form 424B2,
  Note Agreements, Prospectuses and Indentures, as appropriate. The name used should be as
  complete and detailed as possible to enable others to differentiate the legal entity issuing the
  security from another legal entity with a similar name.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise.

#### Column 32 - Issue

Issue information provides detailed data as to the type of security being reported (e.g., coupon, description of security, etc.). Below are examples of what could be provided, but additional information should be provided as appropriate for the security.

6% Senior 2018 7% Subordinated Debenture 03/15/2022 3% NY Housing Authority Debenture 2035

The reporting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S&P/CUSIP
- Descriptions used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal do unentation for the transaction.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or others ise ancade tranche information.

#### Column 33 - ISIN Identification

The International Securities Identification Number of (ISIN) system is an international standard set up by the International Organization for Standard on (ISO). It is used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, options and functor ISIN numbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) in each of their receive countries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record the ISIN number on y if no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.

#### Column 34 - Capital Structure Code

Please identify the capital structs. It the security using the following codes consistent with the SVO Notching Guidelines in Part One, Section 3 of the Purposes and Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis  $C_0$ , vg:

Capital structure is son, times referred to as rank or payment priority and can be found in feeds from the source. Use on the I sue and Issuer column.

As a general rule, "security is senior unsecured debt unless legal terms of the security indicate another posit," in the capital structure. Securities are senior or subordinated, and are secured or unsecured. Municipal bonds, Federal National Mortgage Association securities (FNMA or Fannie Mae) and Frace. How Loan Mortgage Corporation securities (FHLMC or Freddie Mac) generally are senior obt, the 1gh there are examples of subordinated debt issued by Fannie and Freddie. 1st Lien is a type of so write anterest and not capital structure but could be used to determine which capital structure security should be reported under. The capital structure of "Other" should rarely be

Capital structure includes securities subject to SSAP No. 26R—Bonds and SSAP No. 43R—Loan-Backed and Structured Securities.

### Senior Secured Debt

Senior secured is paid first in the event of a default and also has a priority above other senior debt with respect to pledged assets.

### 2. Senior Unsecured Debt

Senior unsecured securities have priority ahead of subordinated debt for palment, a the event of default.

#### 3. Subordinated Debt

Subordinated is secondary in its rights to receive its principal as 1 inc. In payments from the borrower to the rights of the holders of senior debt (e.g., for its n-backed and structured securities, this would include mezzanine tranches).

(Subordinated means noting or designating a debt bligation whose holder is placed in precedence below secured and general unsecured of those another debtholder could block payments to that holder or prevent that holder or of at sub-dinated debt from taking any action.)

## 4. Not Applicable

Securities where the capital structured to rough 3 above do not apply (e.g., Line 5899999 Exchange Traded Funds – as Identified to the VO and Line 5999999 Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO).

# SCHEDULE D - PART 2 - SECTION 1

## PREFERRED STOCKS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Stocks are to be grouped as listed below and arranged alphabetically, showing a subtotal for each category.

#### Short Sales:

Selling a security short is an action by a reporting entity that results with the reporting entity recognizing proceeds from the sale and an obligation to deliver the sold security. For statutory accounting purposes, obligations to deliver securities resulting from short sales shall be reported as contra-assets coative assets) in the investment schedule, with an investment code in the code column detailing the item as a sort sale. The obligation (negative asset) shall be initially reflected at fair value, with changes in fair plue recognized as unrealized gains and losses. These unrealized gains and losses shall be realized upon term per of the short sale obligation. Interest on short sale positions shall be accrued periodically and reported as interest expense.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required categories or obcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified subtood line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:

## NOTE: See the Investment Schedules General Instructions for the following:

- Category definitions for stocks.
- Foreign column code list.
- Code column list of codes and definitions for ecurit, a not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity.
- List of stock exchange names and abbreviation.

Category	Ψ,		Line Number
	_ ~		<i>f</i>
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)	Perpetty Press	ed	8499999
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)	Reder jable Pref	red	8599999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Perpetua	l Prefer 1,	<b></b>	8699999
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Redeems	able Preferr		
Total Preferred Stocks			8999999

Only transferable shares (i.e., can be bought and sold) of savings and loan or building and loan associations are to be reported in this schedule.

#### Column 1 — CUSIP Iden can.

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confit ation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC has created a special number of "led a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CNS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

#### Column 2 Description

Give a description of all preferred stocks owned, including redeemable options, if any, and location of all banks, trust and miscellaneous companies. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported in Column 25, Issuer and Column 26, Issue. This does not preclude the company from including additional detail to provide a complete and accurate description. Abbreviations may be used as needed.

For Exchange Traded Funds, enter complete name of the fund. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported for Column 25, Issuer.

#### Column 3 - Code

Enter "^" in this column for all assets that are bifurcated between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If preferred stocks are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, they are to be identified by placing one of the codes identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this column.

#### Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bifurcated asset between the insulated separate account filing and the ann-insulated separate account filing, the """ should appear first, immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).

## Column 4 - Foreign

Insert the appropriate code in the column based on the list provided. The Investment Schedules General Instructions.

### Column 7 - Rate Per Share

Insert the market rate for preferred stocks not in good star, ling.

## Column 8 — Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

The chart below details the appropriate valuation method for this column. The Purposes & Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office and SSAP No. 97—Investments in Subsidiary, Controlled and Affiliated Entities (say a log of or valuation methods for preferred stock investments in Subsidiary, Controlled or Affiliated (SCA) or appanies.

Deduct: Cash dvidends aid on Payment In Kind stock during the stock dividend period.

A direct writ down for a decline in the fair value of a stock that is other-than-temporary.

For reporting entities ma. taining an AVR:

## Redee jable Preferred

NAIC esignation 1 –3 Enter book value

NAIC Designation 4-6 Enter the lower of book value or fair value

Derpe, at Preferred

NAIC Designation 1 – 3 Enter book value

NAIC Designation 4 – 6 Enter the lower of book value or fair value

For reporting entities not maintaining an AVR:

## Redeemable Preferred

NAIC Designation 1 – 2 Enter book value

NAIC Designation 3 – 6 Enter the lower of book value or fair value

## Perpetual Preferred

NAIC Designations 1 – 2 Enter fair value

NAIC Designations 3 – 6 Enter the lower of book value or fair value

The amount reported in this column should equal:

Book/Adjusted Carrying Value reported in the Prior Year statement

(or Actual Cost for newly acquired securities)

plus "Total Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value"

plus "Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value" plus Changes due to amounts reported in Schedule D. Parts 3, 4 and 5

Column 9 - Rate Per Share Used to Obtain Fair Value

Report rate used for determining fair value.

### Column 10 - Fair Value

The fair value should be the price which, when multiplied by the action 1 amount (Column 6, Par Value), or times the number of securities held if Column 6 contains not or which, results in the dollar amount that would be received (excluding accrued dividends) if the courity as sold at fair value.

The fair value included in this column (calculated from the Rate C. d to Obtain Fair Value column) should be the amount used in any comparison of fair value a snoth a valuation method (e.g., book value or amortized cost) that is prescribed by the accounting thus rules.

### Column 11 - Actual Cost

This amount should contain the actual considers on pan to purchase the security. The Actual Cost column amount should be adjusted for: pan sales of unaffiliated preferred stock and any return of capital for preferred stock in SCA companies (seth reported in Schedule D, Part 4); and subsequent acquisitions of the same unaffiliated preferred stock and additional investments in the preferred stock in SCA companies (both reported in Schedule D, Part 3). The Actual Cost recorded in this column shall ALWAYS be adjusted for other can-term stary impairments.

Include: Cost of acquir g the preferred stock, including broker's commission and

incide al experies of effecting delivery, but not including any accrued dividends said mercon. Cost should be reduced by payments attributed to the

renovery of cost.

Column 13 - Dividends - Amount Received During Year

Include: The proportionate share of investment income directly related to the securities

ported in this schedule.

Report amounts nev of foreign withholding tax.

### Column 14 - Dividends Monadmitted Declared but Unpaid

It is she lid equal the nonadmitted amount of dividends declared but unpaid for a specific security, base, upon the assessment of collectability required by SSAP No. 34—Investment Income Due and rued and any other requirements for nonadmitting investment income due and accrued.

## Column 15 - Unrealized Valuation Increase/(Decrease)

The total unrealized valuation increase/(decrease) for a specific security will be the change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value that is due to carrying, or having carried (in the previous year), the security at Fair Value. Thus this amount could be:

The difference due to changing from Amortized Cost in the previous year to Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculated as **current year** Fair Value minus **current year** Amortized Value);

The difference of moving from Fair Value in the previous year to Amortize Co. in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculate as **prior year** Afritized Value minus **prior year** Fair Value);

The difference between the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column (calculate as current year Fair Value minus current year Accrual of Discount/(Amortiza in of Limium)) or

The increase/(decrease) for a specific investment in a Subsidia. Controlled or Affiliated (SCA) company that results from the reporting entity's share of u. "istrib red earnings and losses.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized cap of gains or (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus (Page 4).

# Column 16 - Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion

This amount should equal the current reporting war's amortization of premium or accrual of discount (regardless of whether or not the security is currently carried at Amortized Cost). The accrual of discount amounts in this column at to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the anti-tization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.

## Column 17 - Current Year's Other-Than-, imporary impairment Recognized

If the security has suffered an "owner-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct we te-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exh. it of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.

# Column 18 - Total Char e in look/A justed Carrying Value

This column smalld equal the net of: Unrealized Valuation Increase/(Decrease) plus
Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion minus
Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized.

This are unt, plus any foreign exchange adjustment related to these amounts (reported in the Total I reign exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column), should represent the difference between the current reporting year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value and the prior year's book/Adjusted Carrying Value (excluding changes due to amounts reported in Schedule D, Parts 3, 4 and 5).

### Column 19 - Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

This is a positive or negative amount that is defined as the portion of the total change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value for the current year that is attributable to foreign exchange differences for a particular security. The amounts reported in this column should be included as net unrealized foreign exchange capital gain/(loss) in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

# Column 20 - NAIC Designation and Administrative Symbol

Provide the appropriate combination of NAIC designation (1 through 6) and administrative symbol for each security. The list of valid administrative symbols is shown below.

The listing of valid NAIC designation and administrative symbol combinations can be found on the NAIC's website for the Securities Valuation Office (www.naic.org/svo.htm).

Exchange Traded Funds should be reported as perpetual securities.

Following are valid administrative symbols for preferred stock. Refer to the Purp second Procedures Manual of the NAIC Investment Analysis Office for the application of these symbols.

S	Additional or other non-payment risk assigned by the SVO (*SS)
FE	Filing Exempt assigned by the SVO
YE	Year-end carry over assigned by the SVO
IF	Initial filing - insurer reported designation with Am in Symbol assigned by the SVO
PL	Private Letter Rating assigned by the SVO
PLGI	Private Letter Rating – insurer assign day ore, ried on General Interrogatory
Z	Insurer assigned and reported subject to Institution
GI	Insurer assigned and reported on G. nerar interrogatory
F	Sub-paragraph D Company surer alf-designated
*	Limited to NAIC Designations 6 - arer assigned

## Column 21 - Date Acquired

For public placements use trade data not settlement date. For private placements, use funding date. Each issue of stocks acquir 2 at public offerings on more than one date may be totaled on one line and the date of last acquisition insolved.

For Exchange Traded Frids, enter date of last purchase.

# \*\* Columns 22 through 27 will be elecated only. \*\*

### Column 22 - Fair Value Vice well and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code

When or possible, fair value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market a formation. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market-based value of more contained.

To following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value hierarchy level.

- "I" for Level 1
- "2" for Level 2
- "3" for Level 3

The following is a listing of the valid method indicators for preferred stocks to show the method used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Per Share Used to Obtain Fair Value.

- "a" for securities where the rate is determined by a pricing service.
- "b" for securities where the rate is determined by a stock exchange.
- "c" for securities where the rate is determined by a broker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the pricing policy for any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must either be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and selling securities or be an underwriter of the security being valued.
- "d" for securities where the rate is determined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintain a record of the pricing methodology used.
- "e" for securities where the rate is determined by the unit price publis ed in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a combination of hierarchy and method indicator. The fair alue a perchy level indicator would be listed first and the method used to determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use "1b" to report Level 1 for the fair value hierarchy level and stock a xchange for the method used to determine fair value.

The guidance in SSAP No. 100R—Fair Value allows the a voft et asset value (NAV) per share instead of fair value for certain investments. If NAV is use in value, leave blank.

#### Column 23 - Source Used to Obtain Fair Value

For Method Code "a," identify the specif pricing service used.

For Method Code "b," identify the spe. 'fic stand exchange used.

The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the folioting Weyladdress:

# www.fixproto ...l.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method Code "a" ide 'ify the specific broker or custodian used.

For Metho Cod "d," le ve blank.

For Method Coo. "e," leave blank.

If not a jet value (NAV) is used instead of fair value, the reporting entity should use "NAV" to in "... set value used instead of fair value.

# Column 24 - Deal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

#### Column 25 - Issuer

#### Issuer Definition:

The name of the legal entity that develops, registers and sells securities for the purpose of financing its operations and may be domestic or foreign governments, corporations or investment trusts. The issuer is legally responsible for the obligations of the issue and for reporting financial conditions, material developments and any other operational activities as required by the regulations of their jurisdictions

The reporting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S&P/CUSIP
- Name used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal docume, ation for the transaction. Issuer is the name of the legal entity that can be found on a currents such as SEC Form 424B2, Note Agreements, Prospectuses and Indentices as a propriate. The name used should be as complete and detailed as possible to enable out as to a fferentiate the legal entity issuing the security from another legal entity with a similar made.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise

#### Column 26 - Issue

Issue information provides detailed data a ... o the type of security being reported.

The reporting entity is encounged to se to following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reus
- S&P/CU 5IP
- Descript. as used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documentation for the transaction.

Do not report ticke symbols, either internal or otherwise.

# Column 27 - ISIN Idea Gostion

The International Securities Identification Numbering (ISIN) system is an international standard set up by International Organization for Standardization (ISO). It is used for numbering specific courties, such as stocks, bonds, options and futures. ISIN numbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) in each of their respective countries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record the ISIN number only if no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.

## SCHEDULE D - PART 2 - SECTION 2

### COMMON STOCKS OWNED DECEMBER 31 OF CURRENT YEAR

Stocks are to be grouped as listed below and arranged alphabetically, showing a subtotal for each category.

#### Short Sales:

Selling a security short is an action by a reporting entity that results with the reporting entity recognizing proceeds from the sale and an obligation to deliver the sold security. For statutory accounting purposes, obligations to deliver securities resulting from short sales shall be reported as contra-asset (no stive assets) in the investment schedule, with an investment code in the code column detailing the item as a solut sale. The obligation (negative asset) shall be initially reflected at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized as unrealized gains and losses. These unrealized gains and losses shall be realized upon settles ent of the short sale obligation. Interest on short sale positions shall be accrued periodically and relicited is interest expense.

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for any of the following required category or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified a btotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed total or grand total line and number:

# NOTE: See the Investment Schedules General Instructions for the folioting:

- Category definitions for stocks.
- Foreign column code list.
- Code column list of codes and definitions for securities not under the exclusive control of the reporting entity.
- List of stock exchange name: .... bb. viations.

	<u>Category</u> <u>Li</u>	ine Number
In	lustrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Pu. Vely Traded	9099999
In	lustrial and Miscellaneous (Uneffilia ed) Or er	9199999
Pa	rent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Toble Traded	9299999
$P_8$	rent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Othe	9399999
M	itual Funds	9499999
U	it Investment Trusts.	9599999
C	sed-End Fund	9699999
Te	tal Common Stocks	9799999
Te	tal Preferre, and Common Stocks	9899999

Shares of all mutual funds, regardless of the underlying security, whether specialized or a mixture of bonds, stock, money market instruments or other type of investments, except money market mutual funds that are reported in Schedule E, Part 2 as cash equivalents, are considered to be shares of common stock and should be listed in the appropriate category of Mutual Funds.

Only transferable shares (i.e., can be bought and sold) of savings and loan or building and loan associations are to be reported in this schedule.

#### Column 1 - CUSIP Identification

CUSIP numbers for all purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or the certificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use a CINS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN number exists then report a valid ISIN (Column 24) security number. The CUSIP field should be zero-filled.

## Column 2 - Description

Give a description of all common stocks owned, redeemable options, if any and address (city and state) of all banks, trust and insurance companies, savings and loan or building and foan associations and miscellaneous companies. As appropriate, the reporting entity is a course of to include data consistent with that reported in Column 22, Issuer and Column 23, Iss.

1. Laoes not preclude the company from including additional detail to provide a complete and accurate description. Abbreviations may be used as needed.

#### Column 3 - Code

Enter "#" in this column for all foreign (non-SEC reg. and op n-end registered investment funds.

Enter "" in this column for all assets that are bifure, ad by the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing.

If common stocks are not under the exclusive control of the company as shown in the General Interrogatories, they are to be identified by place one of the codes identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions in this older.

If the security is foreign mutual find a " is not under the exclusive control of the company, the "#" should appear first, immediately for sweet by the appropriate code (identified in the Investment Schedules General Instructions).

### Separate Account Filing Only:

If the asset is a bit cated asset between the insulated separate account filing and the non-insulated separate account filing the """ should appear first and may be used simultaneously with the """ tith the """, ecceding the "#", immediately followed by the appropriate code (identified in the Inches ment Schodules General Instructions).

### Column 4 - Foreign

Insert the appropriate code in the column based on the list provided in the Investment Schedules Coner Unseructions.

# Column 6 - Be V/A justed Carrying Value

is the Fair Value (adjusted for any other-than-temporary impairment) as of the end of the current reporting year, except for common stock in Subsidiary, Controlled or Affiliated (SCA) companies accounted for under another valuation method (e.g., equity method).

The amount reported in this column should equal:

Book/Adjusted Carrying Value reported in the Prior Year statement (or Actual Cost for newly acquired securities)

plus "Total Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value"

plus "Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value" plus Changes due to amounts reported in Schedule D, Parts 3, 4 and 5

#### Column 7 - Rate Per Share Used to Obtain Fair Value

Report rate used for determining fair value.

#### Column 8 - Fair Value

The fair value should be the price which, when multiplied by the number of shares held, results in the dollar amount that would be received (excluding accrued dividends) if the security was sold at fair value.

The fair value included in this column (calculated from the Rate Used to Obtain 7 at Value column) should be the amount used in any comparison of fair value to another valuation method (e.g., book value or amortized cost) that is prescribed by the accounting/valuation rules.

## Column 9 - Actual Cost

This column should contain the actual consideration paid to pure the scurity. The Actual Cost column amount should be adjusted for: partial sales of unaffiliated co. own stock and any return of capital for common stock in SCA companies (both reported in Sc. Jule D, Part 4); and subsequent acquisitions of the same unaffiliated common stock and additional invisionents in the common stock in SCA companies (both reported in Schedule D, Part 3). The Strate Cost recorded in this column shall ALWAYS be adjusted for other-than-temporary impantants.

Include:

Original cost of acquiring the common tock including broker's commission and the incidental expenses of feeting lelivery. Return of capital is included as a reduction of cost. For substairies and affiliates, include changes in capital contributions.

#### Column 11 — Dividends - Amount Received During th War

For Mutual Funds (excluding some Muc. 1 Funds — as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds — as Identified by the SVO), or or the amount of distributions received in each or reinvested in additional shares.

Include: The proportionate share of investment income directly related to the securities

ported in this schedule.

Report amounts r a or rema withholding tax.

# Column 12 - Dividends - onac itt a Declared but Unpaid

This should equal the nonadmitted amount of dividends declared but unpaid for a specific security, based, you the assessment of collectibility required by SSAP No. 34—Investment Income Due and Account at any other requirements for nonadmitting investment income due and accrued.

# Column 13 - Unrealized Valuation Increase/(Decrease)

The total unrealized valuation increase/(decrease) for a specific security will be the change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value that is due to carrying or having carried (in the previous year) the security at Fair Value. Thus this amount could be:

The difference between the Fair Value in the previous year and the Fair Value in the current year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column; or

The increase/(decrease) for a specific investment in a Subsidiary, Controlled or Affiliated (SCA) company that results from the reporting entity's share of undistributed earning an losses.

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains or (losses) in the "whibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

## Column 14 - Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

If the security has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," to column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this contain are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the calcult non of Net Income.

## Column 15 - Total Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

This column should equal the net of:

Unrealized Valuation (Current Year's Other-Tha Temporary Impairment Recognized.

This amount, plus any foreign exchange of just nent related to these amounts (reported in the Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/A justed Corrying Value column), should represent the difference between the current reporting parts Book/Adjusted Carrying Value and the prior year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value (excluding amounts reported in Schedule D, Parts 3, 4 and 5).

## Column 16 - Total Foreign Exchange Change of Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

This is a positive or not tive amount that is defined as the portion of the total change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value for the carrent year that is attributable to foreign exchange differences for a particular security. The amounts approach in this column should be included as net unrealized foreign exchange capital gair (loss in the lapital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

#### Column 17 - Date Acquired

For put tie placements use trade date, not settlement date. For private placements, use funding date. Each issue of trocks acquired at public offerings on more than one date may be totaled on one line and tie date. If last acquisition inserted.

# Column 18 - NA. Designation

For securities reported on Line 9499999 (Mutual Funds) provide the appropriate NAIC designation (1 through 6) as assigned by the Securities Valuation Office. For all other common stock the NAIC designation and administrative symbol field should be left blank.

The listing of valid NAIC designations can be found on the NAIC's website for the Securities Valuation Office (www.naic.org/svo.htm).

### Column 19 - Fair Value Hierarchy Level and Method Used to Obtain Fair Value Code

Whenever possible, fair value should represent the price at which the security could be sold, based on market information. Fair value should only be determined analytically when the market based value cannot be obtained.

The following is a listing of valid fair value level indicators to show the fair value higgarchy level.

"1" for Level 1

"2" for Level 2

"3" for Level 3

The following is a listing of the valid method indicators for components to show the method used by the reporting entity to determine the Rate Per Share Used to Obta. Fair Value.

"a" for securities where the rate is determined by a prime ser

"b" for securities where the rate is determined by a sr 'k ex hange.

- "c" for securities where the rate is determed by broker or custodian. The reporting entity should obtain and maintain the price of poor ty for any broker or custodian used as a pricing source. In addition, the broker must either be approved by the reporting entity as a counterparty for buying and strong securities or be an underwriter of the security being valued.
- "d" for securities where one is "etermined by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is required to maintal, a record of the pricing methodology used.
- "e" for securities where the set a determined by the unit price published in the NAIC Valuation of Securities.

Enter a combination of a rarchy and method indicator. The fair value hierarchy level indicator would be listed first and me in thou used to determine fair value indicator would be listed next. For example, use "lb" to report Level of for the fair value hierarchy level and stock exchange for the method used to determine its available.

The puidance in SoAP No. 100R—Fair Value allows the use of net asset value (NAV) per share instead of fair. Jue for certain investments. If NAV is used instead of fair value, leave blank.

#### Column 20 - Source Used to Obtain Fair Value

For Method Code "a," identify the specific pricing service used.

For Method Code "b," identify the specific stock exchange used.

The listing of most stock exchange codes can be found in the Investment Schedules General Instructions or the following Web address:

## www.fixprotocol.org/specifications/exchanges.shtml

For Method Code "c," identify the specific broker or custodian used.

For Method Code "d," leave blank.

For Method Code "e," leave blank.

If net asset value (NAV) is used instead of fair value, the reporting unity should use "NAV" to indicate net asset value used instead of fair value.

# Column 21 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEP for twit user as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, i.e., e bank.

#### Column 22 - Issuer

Issuer Definition:

The name of the legal entity in declars, registers and sells securities for the purpose of financing its operations cauting be a mestic or foreign governments, corporations or investment trusts. The issuer is legally responsible for the obligations of the issue and for reporting financial conditions, material declapment and any other operational activities as required by the regulations of their jurisdict.

The reporting entity is couraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomb rg
- Int. ctiv Dat Corporation (IDC)
- Thomso, Reuters
- S&P/CUSIP
- Name used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documentation for the transaction. Issuer is the name of the legal entity that can be found on documents such as SEC Form 424B2, Note Agreements, Prospectuses and Indentures, as appropriate. The name used should be as complete and detailed as possible to enable others to differentiate the legal entity issuing the security from another legal entity with a similar name.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise.

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#### Column 23 - Issue

Issue information provides detailed data as to the type of security being reported.

The reporting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S&P/CUSIP
- Descriptions used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documents.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise.

# Column 24 - ISIN Identification

The International Securities Identification Numbering (ISIN) eveter is an international standard set up by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). It is used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, options and future. If an important are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) in each of their respective contries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record the ISIN number only if the valid CulsiP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.

#### SCHEDULE D - PART 3

## LONG-TERM BONDS AND STOCKS ACQUIRED DURING CURRENT YEAR

This schedule should include a detailed listing of all securities that were purchased/acquired during the current reporting year that are still owned as of the end of the current reporting year (amounts purchased and sold during the current reporting year are reported in detail on Schedule D, Part 5 and only in subtotal in Schedule D, Part 3). This should include all transactions that adjust the cost basis of the securities. Thus, it should not be used for allocations of TBAs to specific pools subsequent to initial recording in Schedule D, Part 3 or other situations such as CUSIP number changes. The following list of items provides examples of the items that should be included:

Purchases of securities not previously owned;

Subsequent purchases of investment issues already owned;

Acquisition of a new stock through a stock dividend (e.g., spin off); and

Any increases in the investments in SCA companies that adjust the cost basis (e.g., subs. paent capital infusions [investments] in SCA companies valued using the equity method).

This schedule should NOT be used for stock splits to show increases in the number of shares; nor should it be used for stock dividends to show increases in the number of shares (unless the stock shares received as dividends are in a stock that is not already owned by the reporting entity – e.g., received in a spin off). Rather, for stock splits and stock dividends of an already owned stock, adjustments for the appropriate columns should be made in a bidule in Part 2, Section 1 and in Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2.

Bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks are to be grouped separately, show, to a subtotal for each category.

Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by SVO and Exchange Trad. Fund – as Identified by SVO, which are described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions, are to be included a SVO Identified Funds.

Bonds are to be grouped as listed below and each category cangel alphabetically (securities included in U.S. States, Territories and Possessions; U.S. Political Subdivisions of Sacres, Territories and Possessions; and U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed or ligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions should be listed with a state observation in the column provided for electronic data capture).

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for a stoff ne following required categories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed stall or grand total line and number:

# NOTE: See the Investment Sched are Ten, al Instructions for the following:

- Category of air ans for bonds and stocks.
- Foreign column code list.

	Category	Line Number
Bonds:		
	U.S. Get mm uts	0599999
	All Other & ver. als	1099999
	U. Crates To itories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	1799999
	U.S. Slitical Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	2499999
	U.S. Sp. ial Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations	
	of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions	3199999
	Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)	3899999
	Hybrid Securities	4899999
	Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates	5599999
	SVO Identified Funds	
	Unaffiliated Bank Loans	
	Subtotals - Bonds - Part 3	8399997
	Summary item from Part 5 for Bonds	8399998
	Subtotals - Bonds	8399999

#### Preferred Stocks:

middstrar and syscenarious (Charimator) i cipetiar i ference
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Redeemable Preferred
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Perpetual Preferred
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Redeemable Preferred
Subtotals - Preferred Stocks - Part 3
Summary item from Part 5 for Preferred Stocks
Subtotals - Preferred Stocks
Common Stocks:
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Publicly Traded
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Other
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Publicly Traded
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Other
Mutual Funds
Unit Investment Trusts
Closed-End Funds
Subtotals - Common Stocks - Part 3
Summary item from Part 5 for Common Stocks
Subtotals - Common Stocks
Subtotals - Preferred and Common Stocks
Totals9999999
V. W.

Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Pernetual Preferred 8499999

Include all bonds and stocks acquired during the year except for the acquired and fully disposed of during the year. Include repoolings of mortgage-backed/asset-backed securities (e.g., gontization/megatization of FHLMC or FNMA mortgage-backed securities). Only those bonds and certificates of deposit with maturity at time of acquisition in excess of one year are to be included. Exclude cash equivalents and short of an investments as described in SSAP No. 2R—Cash, Cash Equivalents, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments with original maturities of three months or less.

A bond acquisition is recorded on the trade data not the attlement date, except for the acquisition of private placement bonds that are recorded on the funding date.

Enter as a summary item the totals of Columns 8, 9 and 2, of Part 5, for bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks.

## Column 1 - CUSIP Identification.

CUSIP in other for a purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or a sufficate. For private placement securities, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use CCNS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau: www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm.

If p salto WSIP, CINS or PPN number exists then report a valid ISIN (Column 14) security number.

The Co. VP field should be zero-filled.

## Column 2 - Description

Give a description of all bonds and preferred and common stocks. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported in Column 12, Issuer and Column 13, Issue. This does not preclude the company from including additional detail to provide a complete and accurate description. Abbreviations may be used as needed.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter complete name of the fund. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported for Column 12, Issuer.

For Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARs) or other similal service, that have a maturity of greater than one year, individually list the various banking institutions and are financially responsible for honoring certificates of deposit. As appropriate, the name of the banking institutions should follow from the registry of the Federal Financial Institutions Extending to Council (FFIEC) (www.ffiec.gov/nicpubweb/nicweb/SearchForm.aspx).

For CDOs (Collateralized Debt Obligations) or CLOs (Collaterali, d Lo. Dbligations), indicate what the CDO/CLO collateral is, such as high-yield bonds, corporate loans, etc. If the collateral is of mixed type, indicate "Mix," in addition to the largest type of collateral in the mix. If the collateral is derived synthetically, indicate "synthetic."

## Column 3 - Foreign

Insert the appropriate code in the column based on the nat provided in the Investment Schedules General Instructions.

## Column 4 - Date Acquired

For public placements use trade date, of statement date. For private placements, use funding date. Each issue of bonds or stocky acquired at public offerings on more than one date may be totaled on one line and the date of last accountion insected.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bo Untutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter date of last purchase.

#### Column 5 - Name of Vendor

The items (ith reference to each issue of bonds and stocks acquired at public offerings may be totaled in one line at the control of the cont

# Column 7 - Actual ost

This the corded cost of the investment purchased during the current year and still held as of the old of the current year. This amount would also be reported in the Actual Cost column of Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1 for preferred stock, and Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2 for common stock. The amount reported in the Actual Cost Column included in Schedule D, Part 3 hever differ from the actual consideration paid to purchase the security. Any appropriate adjustments to the Actual Cost will be made in the detail listing schedules (Schedule D, Part 1; Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1; and Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2) or in Schedule D, Part 4, as appropriate.

Include:

Cost of acquiring the bond or stock, including broker's commission and other related fees, to the extent they do not exceed the fair value at the date of acquisition.

Transaction fees on repooling of securities, and reductions for origination fees intended to compensate the reporting entity for interest rate risks (i.e. points).

Exclude: Accrued interest and dividends.

All other costs, including internal costs or costs paid to an affiliated reporting entity related to origination, purchase or commitment to purchase bonds shall be charged to expense when incurred.

For a bond received as a property dividend or capital contribution enter the initial recognized value. See SSAP No. 26R—Bonds for guidance.

#### Column 8 - Par Value

For mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities, enter the part mount of principal purchased on a security on which the reporting entity has a claim. For interest one bonds without a principal amount on which the reporting entity has a claim, use a zero valie. Entire the statement date par value for bonds with adjustable principal. An interest only bond with a still par amount of principal would use that amount.

For preferred stock, enter par value per share of stock if any.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange added ands), enter 0.

### Column 9 - Paid for Accrued Interest and Dividends

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Fund and Example Traded Funds), enter amount of dividends on shares acquired between the dividend declaration date and the ex-dividend date.

# \*\* Columns 10 through 14 will be electronic only. \*\*

#### Column 10 - State Abbreviation

Applies to:

# U.S. States, Territalies and Possessions

1 clude appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued (e. "MO" for Missouri).

U.S. Politic 1 Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions

Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued.

U.S. Special Revenue, Special Assessments Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed bligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions

Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued. Use "US" for federal agency issues.

## Column 11 Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.

#### Column 12 - Issuer

#### Issuer Definition:

The name of the legal entity that develops, registers and sells securities for the purpose of financing its operations and may be domestic or foreign governments, corporations or investment trusts. The issuer is legally responsible for the obligations of the issue and for reporting financial conditions, material developments and any other operational activities as required by the regulations of their jurisdictions

The reporting entity is encouraged to use the following sources:

- Bloomberg
- Interactive Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
- S&P/CUSIP
- Name used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal clocume action for the transaction. Issuer
  is the name of the legal entity that can be found on a cum into such as SEC Form 424B2,
  Note Agreements, Prospectuses and Indentities as a propriate. The name used should be as
  complete and detailed as possible to enable on its to a fferentiate the legal entity issuing the
  security from another legal entity with a singler hand.

Do not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise

#### Column 13 - Issue

Issue information provides detailed data as to the type of security being reported (e.g., coupon, description of security, etc.). Polow are examples of what could be provided, but additional information should be provided as an topin to for the security.

6% Senior 2018 7% Subordinated Debenture 1/5/2022 3% NY Housing At thority Debenture 2035

The reporting entity is one graged to use the following sources:

- Bloomble
- Interac e Data Corporation (IDC)
- Thomson Reuters
  - Sc " CUSIP
- Descriptions used in either the relevant SEC filing or legal documentation for the transaction.

not report ticker symbols, either internal or otherwise. Include tranche information.

## Column 14 ISIN Identification

The International Securities Identification Numbering (ISIN) system is an international standard set up by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). It is used for numbering specific securities, such as stocks, bonds, options and futures. ISIN numbers are administered by a National Numbering Agency (NNA) in each of their respective countries, and they work just like serial numbers for those securities. Record the ISIN number only if no valid CUSIP, CINS or PPN exists to report in Column 1.

## SCHEDULE D - PART 4

# LONG-TERM BONDS AND STOCKS SOLD, REDEEMED OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF DURING CURRENT YEAR

This schedule should include a detailed listing of all securities that were sold/disposed of during the current reporting year that were owned as of the beginning of the current reporting year (amounts purchased and sold during the current reporting year are reported in detail on Schedule D, Part 5 and only in subtotal in Schedule D, Part 4). This should include all transactions that adjust the cost basis of the securities (except other-than-temporary impairments that are not part of a disposal transaction). Thus, it should not be used for allocations of TBAs to specific pools subsequent to initial recording in Schedule D, Part 3 or other situations such as CUSIP number changes. The following list of items provided examples of the items that should be included:

Pay downs of securities still owned (including CMO prepayments);

Subsequent partial sales of investment issues still owned;

Reallocation of the cost basis of an already owned stock to the cost basis of a new stock received as a dividend (e.g., spin off); and

Any decreases in the investments in SCA companies that adjust the cost bas, no including other-than-temporary impairments alone (e.g., subsequent return of capital from investment in CA companies valued using the equity method).

Bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks are to be grouped separately, showing a subtotal for each category.

Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO and Exchange rade. Funds – as Identified by the SVO, which are described in the Investment Schedules General Instructions, are to a insluded in SVO Identified Funds.

Bonds are to be grouped as listed below and each category angel alphabetically (securities included in U.S. States, Territories and Possessions; U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions; and U.S. Special Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranceo bligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions should be listed with a state abbreviate or in the column provided for electronic data capture).

If a reporting entity has any detail lines reported for a v of the following required categories or subcategories, it shall report the subtotal amount of the corresponding category or subcategory, with the specified subtotal line number appearing in the same manner and location as the pre-printed at all or grand total line and number:

# NOTE: See the Investment Schedures Sent al Instructions for the following:

- Category and air one for bonds and stocks.
- Foreign column code list.

Category.

	200200	Little 1 - Gillio et
s:	U.S. Governments	0599999
	All Other 6 Permoents	
	U. Tories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	
	U.S. litical Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions (Direct and Guaranteed)	
	U.S. Spe. al Revenue and Special Assessment Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations	
	of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions	3199999
	Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)	3899999
	Hybrid Securities	4899999
	Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates	5599999
	SVO Identified Funds	8099999
	Unaffiliated Bank Loans	
	Subtotals - Bonds - Part 4.	
	Summary item from Part 5 for Bonds	8399998
	Subtotals - Bonds.	8399999

Bonds:

Line Number

#### Preferred Stocks:

midustrial and sysceriancous (Charimated) i cipetial i ference
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Redeemable Preferred
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Perpetual Preferred
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Redeemable Preferred
Subtotals - Preferred Stocks - Part 4
Summary item from Part 5 for Preferred Stocks
Subtotals - Preferred Stocks
Common Stocks:
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Publicly Traded
Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Other
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Publicly Traded
Parent, Subsidiaries and Affiliates Other
Mutual Funds
Unit Investment Trusts
Closed-End Funds
Subtotals - Common Stocks - Part 4
Summary item from Part 5 for Common Stocks
Subtotals - Common Stocks
Subtotals - Preferred and Common Stocks
Totals9999999
V. V.

Industrial and Miscellaneous (Unaffiliated) Perpetual Preferred 8499999

A bond disposal is recorded on the trade date, not the settlement date

Include all bonds and stocks disposed of during the year execution those acquired and fully disposed of during the year. Include repoolings of mortgage-backed/asset-backed accurity (c.g.), giantization/megatization of FHLMC or FNMA mortgage-backed securities). Only those bonds and certificates of deposit with maturity at time of acquisition in excess of one year are to be included. See SSAP No. 43R—France, ckes, and Structured Securities for additional guidance. Exclude cash equivalents as described in SSAP No. 2R—Fash, Cash Equivalents, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Enter as a separate summary item the totals of Columns 800 20 of Part 5, for bonds, preferred stocks and common stocks.

## Column 1 - CUSIP Identification.

CUSIP no obers for a purchased publicly issued securities are available from the broker's confirmation or a cutificate. For private placement securities, the NAIC has created a special number called a PPN to be assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau. For foreign securities, use CCNS that is assigned by the Standard & Poor's CUSIP Bureau: <a href="https://www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm">www.cusip.com/cusip/index.htm</a>.

If persalid, WSIP, CINS or PPN number exists then report a valid ISIN (Column 26) security number. The Co. IP field should be zero-filled.

## Column 2 - Description

Give a description of all bonds and preferred and common stock, including location of all banks, trust and miscellaneous companies. If bonds are serial issues, give amounts maturing each year. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported in Column 24, Issuer and Column 25, Issue. This does not preclude the company from including additional detail to provide a complete and accurate description. Abbreviations may be used as needed.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter complete name of the fund. As appropriate, the reporting entity is encouraged to include data consistent with that reported for Column 24, Issuer.

For Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARs) or other similar sorices that have a maturity of greater than one year, individually list the various banking institution that are financially responsible for honoring certificates of deposit. As appropriate, the same of the rome of the banking institutions should follow from the registry of the Federal Financial Institute. Examination Council (FFIEC) (www.ffiec.gov/nicpubweb/nicweb/SearchForm.aspx).

For CDOs (Collateralized Debt Obligations) or CLOs (Collateralized, oan Obligations), indicate what the CDO/CLO collateral is, such as high-yield bonds, corporate 'oans' etc. If the collateral is of mixed type, indicate "Mix," in addition to the largest type of collateral in the mix. If the collateral is derived synthetically, indicate "synthetic."

# Column 3 - Foreign

Insert the appropriate code in the column band on the list provided in the Investment Schedules General Instructions.

# Column 4 - Disposal Date

For public placements use to de day now ettlement date. For private placements, use funding date. Each issue of bonds or stor is disposed of at public offerings on more than one date may be totaled on one line and the date of last or posal in crted.

For SVO Identified Fynds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter date of last disposal.

## Column 5 - Name of Purchas n

If matured a valled over redemption option, so state and give price at which called.

# Column 7 - Con aration

In the determination of this amount, the broker's commission and incidental expenses of effecting delivery.

Exeruse: Accrued interest and dividends.

For Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds – as Identified by the SVO, enter price received at sale, usually the number of shares sold times the selling price per share.

#### Column 8 - Par Value

For mortgage-backed/loan-backed and structured securities, enter the par amount of principal sold on a security on which the reporting entity has a claim. For interest only bonds without a principal amount on which the reporting entity has a claim, use a zero value. Enter the sale date par value for bonds with adjustable principal. An interest only bond with a small par amount of principal would use that amount.

For preferred stock, enter par value per share of stock if any.

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), entition

### Column 9 - Actual Cost

This is the recorded cost of the investment purchased prior to the current reporting year and sold during the current reporting year. This amount will come from the prior reporting year's Actual Cost column of Schedule D, Part 1 for bonds, Schedule D, Part 2, 8 gion for preferred stock, and Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2 for common stock. However, it will need to be adjusted due to other-than-temporary impairments recognized during the current year.

Exclude: Accrued interest and dividends

For a bond received as a property dividend or capital co tribution enter the initial recognized value. See SSAP No. 26R—Bonds for guidance.

## Column 10 - Prior Year Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

This should equal the Book/Adjusted arrying value amount reported in the prior year annual statement for each specific security.

#### Column 11 - Unrealized Valuation Increase area ase,

The total unrealized valuation increase (decrease) for a specific security will be the amount necessary to reverse the net effect of any unrealized gains/(losses) recognized while the security was carried (up to the most recent amortized value for securities that have been carried at Amortized Value or up to Actual Cost for those accurities that have never been carried at Amortized Value).

These amounts are to be reported as unrealized capital gains or (losses) in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Log es) and in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4 – Life, Property, Fraternal & Title and Page 5 – Heigh).

# Column 12 - Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion

This amount should equal the current reporting year's amortization of premium or accrual of discount up to the disposal date. The accrual of discount amounts in this column are to be reported as increases to investment income in the Exhibit of Net Investment Income, while the amortization of premium amounts are to be reported as decreases to investment income.

## Column 13 Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized

If the security has suffered an "other-than-temporary impairment," this column should contain the amount of the direct write-down recognized. The amounts in this column are to be reported as realized capital losses in the Exhibit of Capital Gains/(Losses) and in the calculation of Net Income.

# Column 14 - Total Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

This column should equal the net of:

Unrealized Valuation Increase/(Decrease)

plus Current Year's (Amortization)/Accretion

minus Current Year's Other-Than-Temporary Impairment Recognized.

This amount, plus any foreign exchange adjustment related to these amounts (reported in the Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value column), should represent the difference between the current reporting year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at Disposa Da and the prior year's Book/Adjusted Carrying Value.

# Column 15 - Total Foreign Exchange Change in Book/Adjusted Carrying Value

The total foreign exchange change for a specific security will be the action while the security was owned by the company. This includes the reversal of unrealized increase (decrease, reported in previous year(s).

The amounts reported in this column should be included as any unremized foreign exchange capital gain (loss) in the Capital and Surplus Account (Page 4).

# Column 16 - Book/Adjusted Carrying Value at Disposal Date

Deduct: A direct write-down for decree in the fair value of a bond that is

other-than-temporary!

Exclude: Accrued Interest.

This should equal the Actual Cost C lumn or ount (adjusted for other-than-temporary impairments recognized) for each specific companies k and for each preferred stock that is not amortizable; and the Amortized Cost (adjust d for other-than-temporary impairments recognized) at disposal date for each specific redeemable preferred stock that is amortizable.

## Column 17 - Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on resposal

Report the foreign exchange gain or loss on disposal.

# Column 18 - Realized C (n (I ss) on Disposal

This should be the difference between the Consideration column amount and the Book/Adjusted Caroline Value as Disposal Date, excluding any portion that is attributable to foreign exchange differences.

or SV Identified Funds (Bond Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), enter the difference tween ne consideration, Column 7 and actual cost Column 9 at date of sale.

ds called where consideration received exceeds par:

For securities sold, redeemed or otherwise disposed of, which generate investment income as a result of a prepayment penalty and/or acceleration fee; the amount of realized gain (loss) reported is equal to the Par value of the investment (Column 8) less the BACV at the Disposal Date (Column 16).

Bonds called where consideration received is less than par:

For securities sold, redeemed or otherwise disposed of, the amount of investment income and realized gain reported shall be calculated in accordance with SSAP No. 26R—Bonds.

# Column 19 - Total Gain (Loss) On Disposal

Enter the sum of Column 17, foreign exchange gain or (loss), and Column 18, realized gain or (loss).

## Column 20 - Bond Interest/Stock Dividends Received During Year

For Mutual Funds (including Bond Mutual Funds – as Identified by the SVO and Exchange Traded Funds – as Identified by the SVO), enter the amount of distributions received in each or reinvested in additional shares.

Include: The proportionate share of investment income directly related to the securities reported in this schedule.

Report amounts net of foreign withholding tax.

Bonds called where consideration received exceeds par:

For securities sold, redeemed or otherwise disposed of, which get write investment income as a result of a prepayment penalty and/or acceleration fee; the amount of investment income reported is equal to the total consideration received (Column 7, less the Par value of the investment (Column 8).

Bonds called where consideration received is less than pa-

For securities sold, redeemed or otherwise isposed of, the amount of investment income and realized gain reported shall be calculated. Accordance with SSAP No. 26R—Bonds.

## Column 21 - Stated Contractual Maturity Date

For SVO Identified Funds (Bond Mun.) Funds and Exchange Traded Funds), leave blank.

For perpetual bonds, enter \$\int \tau 01/9999

## \*\* Columns 22 through 26 will be electronic only.

### Column 22 - State Abbreviation

Applies to

D. States, Territories and Possessions

Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued (e.g., "MO" for Missouri).

U.S. Political Subdivisions of States, Territories and Possessions

Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued.

U.S. Special Revenue, Special Assessments Obligations and all Non-Guaranteed Obligations of Agencies and Authorities of Governments and Their Political Subdivisions

> Include appropriate state abbreviation for the state where the security is issued. Use "US" for federal agency issues.

## Column 23 - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

Provide the 20-character Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) for any issuer as assigned by a designated Local Operating Unit. If no LEI number has been assigned, leave blank.